民政事務總署及入境事務處 內地新來港定居人士的統計數字 (二零零六年第一季)

Home Affairs Department and Immigration Department Statistics on New Arrivals from the Mainland (First Quarter of 2006)

引言

- 1. 入境事務處在羅湖邊境出入境管制站 設有數據搜集機制向所有持單程通行證首 次抵港的人士搜集他們的人口及社會特 徵。
- 2. 此外,民政事務總署持續在人事登記處—九龍分處向申領身份證的抵港未足一年的十一歲及以上內地新來港人士進行統計調查,旨在找出他們的服務需求及現況。
- 3. 統計調查收集的資料的結果分別載列 於本報告的第一及第二部分。

涵蓋範圍

4. 本報告第一部分所載的統計數字,乃根據所有持單程通行證經羅湖邊境出入境管制站首次抵港的人士向入境事務處提供的資料編製所得,而第二部分載列的結果則指民政事務總署進行的統計調查成功訪問的內地新來港定居人士。這個統計調查的受訪對象為在人事登記處—九龍分處申領身份證的抵港未足一年的十一歲及以上內地新來港定居人士。

Introduction

- 1. A data collection mechanism has been set up by the Immigration Department to collect data on the demographic and social characteristics of one-way permit holders (OWPHs) when they first enter Hong Kong via the Lo Wu control point.
- 2. In addition, the Home Affairs Department (HAD) conducts a continuous survey on new arrivals from the Mainland aged 11 and over who have arrived in Hong Kong for less than one year when they apply for the Hong Kong Identity Card at the Registration of Persons—Kowloon Office. The HAD survey concentrates on determining the service needs and current situation of new arrivals.
- 3. The results of these two surveys are presented respectively in Part 1 and Part 2 of this report .

Coverage

4. Statistics contained in Part 1 of this report are compiled from information provided by all OWPHs to the Immigration Department when they first entered Hong Kong via the Lo Wu Control Point. For findings presented in Part 2, they refer to the successfully interviewed new arrivals in the survey conducted by HAD. The target respondents of this survey are new arrivals from the Mainland aged 11 and over who have arrived in Hong Kong for less than one year when they apply for the Hong Kong Identity Card at the Registration of Persons—Kowloon Office.

5. 在參閱有關數字時,必須留意這兩套數字涵蓋不同種類的新來港人士,特別是民政事務總署只反映統計調查中受訪的十一歲及以上內地新來港定居人士的特徵,因此不能與入境事務處統計作直接比較。

主要結果

第一部分:單程通行證持有人的人口及社會特徵(詳細統計數字載於表一)

數目

6. 在二零零六年第一季共有 9 239 名單程通行證持有人抵港,平均每日103人。

年齡及性別結構

- 8. 随着過去數年女性單程通行證持有人 比例上升,單程通行證持有人的性別比率 由二零零一年的每千名女性相對527名男 性下降至二零零六年第一季的470。

5. In reading the figures, it is important to note that the two sets of statistics refer to different groups of new arrivals. In particular, the HAD survey figures only reflect the characteristics of those new arrivals aged 11 and over who responded to the survey and are hence not directly comparable with those in the Immigration Department survey.

Major Findings

Part 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders (Detailed statistics are in Table 1).

Size

6. In Q1 2006, 9 239 OWPHs entered Hong Kong, with a daily average of 103.

Age and Sex Structure

- 7. About 31.5% of the OWPHs who entered Hong Kong in Q1 2006 were children aged under 15. This proportion has declined gradually from 32.8% in 2001 to 26.4% in 2005. During the same period, the proportion of young and middle age (i.e. those aged 25–44) female OWPHs has slightly increased from 41.9% in 2001 to 42.6% in Q1 2006. The median age of OWPHs has decreased from 29 in 2001 to 28 in Q1 2006. Since the age structure of new arrivals has varied over the past few years, some of the survey findings (labelled with *) are not directly comparable with those in previous years.
- 8. In line with the increasing proportion of female OWPHs who entered Hong Kong in the past years, the sex ratio of OWPHs dropped from 527 males per 1 000 females in 2001 to 470 in Q1 2006.

婚姻狀況*

9. 由於大部分年輕及中年女性單程通行證持有人均為香港男士的妻子,因此十五歲及以上單程通行證持有人中有84.7%是曾經結婚。事實上,曾經結婚的單程通行證持有人比例在二零零一年至二零零六年第一季均維持於84%以上。

教育程度*

10. 曾接受大專或以上教育的十五歲及以上單程通行證持有人,在二零零六年第一季佔14.0%,而曾接受中學教育的則有73.1%。值得留意的是單程通行證持有人的教育程度在過去數年有所改善,由二零零一年的44.9%曾接受中學教育增至二零零六年第一季的73.1%。同期曾接受大專或以上教育的比例也由6.4%增至14.0%。

經濟活動身分/內地從事行業*

- 11. 曾在內地工作的十五歲及以上單程通行證持有人的比例持續下降,由二零零一年的41.5%減少至二零零六年第一季的30.2%。而表示在內地沒有工作的佔二零零六年第一季單程通行證持有人69.8%,大部分是料理家務者及學生。
- 12. 在二零零六年第一季曾在內地工作的 單程通行證持有人中,約 4.4% 曾從事專業 及行政人員工作,比例較其他行業為高。

原籍省份

13. 雖然大部分的單程通行證持有人原籍 廣東省,但有關比例由二零零一年的72.6% 下降至二零零六年第一季的54.1%。相反 地,來自福建省的單程通行証持有人比例 則在同期由6.4%增至13.4%。

Marital Status *

9. 84.7% of the OWPHs aged 15 and over had been ever married as most of the young and middle age female OWPHs were wives of Hong Kong men. Indeed, the proportion of ever married OWPHs remained over 84% throughout 2001 to Q1 2006.

Educational Attainment *

10. The percentage of OWPHs aged 15 and over who had attained post-secondary education or above was 14.0% in Q1 2006 and those who had attained secondary education was 73.1%. It is noted that the educational attainment of OWPHs had improved over the years. Those with secondary education have increased from 44.9% in 2001 to 73.1% in Q1 2006. During the same period, the percentage of those had attained post-secondary education has increased from 6.4% to 14.0%.

Activity Status / Occupation in the Mainland *

- 11. The proportion of OWPHs aged 15 and over had worked on the Mainland declined gradually. The percentage has decreased from 41.5% in 2001 to 30.2% in Q1 2006. For the 69.8% OWPHs in Q1 2006 who had not worked on the Mainland, most of them were homemakers and students.
- 12. Among those OWPHs who worked on the Mainland in Q1 2006, a relatively high proportion (4.4%) were professional, administrative and executive workers.

Province of Origin

13. While the majority of OWPHs had their province of origin in Guangdong, its proportion has declined from 72.6% in 2001 to 54.1% in Q1 2006. On the other hand, the share of OWPHs from Fujian Province has risen from 6.4% to 13.4% over the same period.

能否說廣東話

14. 在二零零六年第一季,75.7%的單程通行證持有人能說廣東話。這可能是與來自廣東省的單程通行證持有人有關。

在港親屬類別*

15. 單程通行證計劃的實施是為方便內地人士來港作家庭團聚。單程通行證持有人只有父/母在港的比例由二零零一年的64.3%下跌至二零零六年第一季的43.6%,同期只有配偶在港的比例則由11.4%增加至26.6%,而有父母、配偶和/或子女的組合在港則由22.5%增加至27.4%。另外在二零零六年第一季有1.3%為只有子女在港者。

有否居留權證明書 *

16. 在二零零六年第一季,14.9%的單程通行證持有人同時持有居留權證明書。二零零一年的數字為54.6%。

第二部分:內地新來港定居人士的服務需求 及現況(詳細統計數字列於表二)

受訪人數及回應率

17. 在二零零六年第一季民政事務總署的統計調查訪問了6 174名內地新來港定居人士。在同期內共有7 210名十一歲及以上單程通行證持有人抵港,回應率為85.6%。由於新來港人士的抵港日期和申請身份證日期有差異,讀者請注意回應率只是一個代指標。

Ability to Speak Cantonese

14. 75.7% of OWPHs were able to speak Cantonese in Q1 2006. This may be related to Guangdong being their province of origin.

Type of Relatives in Hong Kong *

15. The One-way Permit Scheme is implemented to facilitate the Mainlanders to come to Hong Kong for family reunion. The proportion of OWPHs with only parent(s) in Hong Kong has decreased from 64.3% in 2001 to 43.6% in Q1 2006 and that with only spouse in Hong Kong has increased from 11.4% in 2001 to 26.6% in Q1 2006. The proportion of OWPHs with a combination of parent(s), and/or spouse and/or child(ren) in Hong Kong increased from 22.5% to 27.4% in the same period. There was another 1.3% in Q1 2006 with only child(ren) in Hong Kong.

Whether with Certificate of Entitlement *

16. In Q1 2006, 14.9% of the OWPHs entered Hong Kong with Certificate of Entitlement as compared with 54.6% in 2001.

Part 2: Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland (Detailed statistics are in Table 2)

Number of Respondents and Response Rate

17. The number of new arrivals from the Mainland responded to the HAD survey in Q1 2006 was 6 174. When compared with the number of OWPHs aged 11 and over who entered Hong Kong (7 210) in the same period, the response rate was 85.6%. Readers are cautioned that the response rate is only a proxy indicator because there is some time lag between the time of respondents' arrival in Hong Kong and the time when they obtain a Hong Kong Identity Card.

在港居住地區

18. 二零零六年第一季最多受訪者在港居住的三個地區包括觀塘 (11.9%)、深水埗 (9.7%) 和東區 (8.6%)。而居住在觀塘及深水埗的受訪者比例由二零零一年至二零零五年期間均很高。

適應困難*

19. 表示在香港適應生活有困難的受訪者 比例二零零六年第一季的受訪者中為 77.3%。自二零零一年開始,有關比例均維 持在 67% 以上。而在二零零六年第一季的 受訪者中,其最大困難是工作(48.3%),其 次是居住環境(31.7%)。

支援服務*

20. 二零零六年第一季的受訪者中表示需要支援服務的有84.1%,較二零零一年的84.7%略為減少。而其中需求最大的是尋找工作方面的協助(57.6%),其次是職業技能培訓(41.1%)。

在香港就業打算*

21. 表示希望在香港工作的受訪者比例由 二零零一年的 68.2% 減少至二零零六年第 一季的 58.7%。他們主要希望從事批發、零 售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業。

家庭人數

22. 於二零零六年第一季,超過一半受訪者居住在3人住戶和4人住戶。居住在3人住戶的受訪者的比例由二零零一年的 40.8%減少至二零零六年第一季的 35.0%;在同期居住在4人住戶的受訪者的比例由 18.5%增加至 27.0%。

District of Residence in Hong Kong

18. The three districts where most respondents in Q1 2006 resided were Kwun Tong (11.9%), Sham Shui Po (9.7%), and Eastern (8.6%). Kwun Tong and Sham Shui Po had been the two districts with considerably high proportions of respondents from 2001 to 2005.

Difficulties in Adapting *

19. In Q1 2006, 77.3% of respondents reported having difficulties in adapting to the way of life in Hong Kong. The proportion had remained over 67% since 2001. The greatest difficulty encountered by respondents in Q1 2006 was employment (48.3%), followed by living environment (31.7%).

Supporting Services *

20. The proportion of respondents who indicated that they needed supporting services has decreased slightly from 84.7% in 2001 to 84.1% in Q1 2006. The most needed service was assistance in seeking employment (57.6%), followed by career training (41.1%).

Employment Plan in Hong Kong *

21. The proportion of respondents who indicated that they planned to work in Hong Kong has decreased from 68.2% in 2001 to 58.7% in Q1 2006. Most of them preferred to work in the wholesale, retail, import/export trades, restaurants and hotels sector.

Family size

22. Over half of the respondents lived in 3-person and 4-person households in Q1 2006. The percentage of respondents living in 3-person households has decreased from 40.8% in 2001 to 35.0% in Q1 2006. The percentage for those living in 4-person households has increased from 18.5% to 27.0% during the same period.

居住狀況

23. 單程通行證持有人大部分是來港作家庭團聚,因此二零零六年第一季的受訪者中有86.8%與家庭成員同住,另有11.7%與家庭成員住在親友家中。二零零一年的相應數字分別是87.4%和5.2%。

現居房屋由誰提供

24. 在二零零六年第一季,72.9%的受訪者的現居是由自己或家庭成員租住。此外13.8%是居住在自己或家庭成員購買的居所。二零零一年的相應數字分別是72.6%及13.3%。

房屋類型

25. 在二零零六年第一季,以居於出租公屋的受訪者佔多數(48.4%),其次是私人永久性房屋(40.5%)。

家庭每月收入

26. 受訪者的家庭每月入息中位數由二零零一年的港幣6,100元增加至二零零六年第一季的港幣6,900元。

主要收入來源

27. 受訪者收入的主要來源是工資,比例由二零零一年的 63.8% 增加至二零零六年第一季的 83.0%,而同期間依靠親友援助的則由 18.6%下跌至 3.3%,而依靠政府援助的則由 13.1%下調至 9.8%。

如你對問卷所收集的資料有任何查詢,請與民政事務總署二級統計主任聯絡(電話: 2835 1604)。

Present living conditions

23. Since OWPHs came to Hong Kong for family reunion, 86.8% of the respondents in Q1 2006 lived with family member(s), and another 11.7% lived with family member(s) as well as relatives. The corresponding figures in 2001 were respectively 87.4% and 5.2%.

Provision of housing

24. In Q1 2006, 72.9% of the respondents reported that their current accommodation was either rented by themselves or their family member(s). There was another 13.8% living in accommodation purchased by themselves or family member(s). The corresponding figures in 2001 were respectively 72.6% and 13.3%.

Type of Housing

25. In Q1 2006, the most common type of housing occupied by respondents was public rental housing (48.4%), followed by private permanent housing (40.5%).

Monthly Family Income

26. The median monthly family income of respondents has increased from HK\$6,100 in 2001 to HK\$6,900 in Q1 2006.

Main source of income

27. Wages constituted the major source of income for respondents. The proportion has increased from 63.8% in 2001 to 83.0% in Q1 2006. The proportion of respondents relying on relative's assistance has decreased from 18.6% to 3.3% and the proportion relying on Government's assistance has dropped from 13.1% to 9.8% in the same period.

If you have any questions regarding the data collected in the survey, please contact Home Affairs Department Statistical Officer II (telephone: 2835 1604).

表一:二零零一年至二零零六年第一季單程通行證持有人的人口及社會特徵

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2001 – Q1 2006

		2001 2002		2003 2004		2004	2005			2005		2006				
		全年	Annual	全年	Annual	全年	Annual	全年	Annual	全年	Annual	第	四季 Q4		一季 Q1	
	〒證持有人數目 of One-way Holders	53 655		45 234			53 507		38 072		55 106		14 616		9 239	
十五歲, 證持有, Number	及以上單程通行 人數目 of One-way Holders aged 15	3	6 079	30	0 945	3	8 640	2	6 752	4	0 568	1	0 541		6 326	
		數字	百分比		百分比		百分比	數字	百分比		百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
	性別結構 sex structure 男性Male 女性Female 男性Male	4 859 4 276 4 196	9.1 8.0 7.8	3 994 3 829 3 258	8.8 8.5 7.2	3437 3 273 4 096	6.4 6.1 7.7	2 827 2 643 2 914	7.4 6.9 7.7	2 317 2 315 5 176	4.2 4.2 9.4	607 622 1 489	4.2 4.3 10.2	419 405 1 078	4.5 4.4 11.7	
15–24	女性Female 男性Male 女性Female	4 245 1 191 1 233	7.9 2.2 2.3	3 208 1 472 1 824	7.1 3.3 4.0	4 061 1 551 1 728	7.6 2.9 3.2	2 936 1 069 1 215	7.7 2.8 3.2	4 730 2 573 2 591	8.6 4.7 4.7	1 357 747 731	9.3 5.1 5.0	1 011 458 501	10.9 5.0 5.4	
	男性Male 女性Female	3 946 15 449	7.4 28.8	1 906 14 141	4.2	1 600 19 237	3.0 36.0	1 132 13 677	3.0 35.9	1 783 19 109	3.2 34.7	564 4 377	3.9 29.9	277 2 730	3.0 29.5	
	男性Male 女性Female 男性Male	3 219 7 030 511	6.0 13.1 1.0	1 764 6 000 462	3.9 13.3 1.0	1 682 8 425 604	3.1 15.7 1.1	1 269 5 508 452	3.3 14.5 1.2	2 630 7 864 941	4.8 14.3 1.7	845 2 005 329	5.8 13.7 2.3	505 1 208 117	5.5 13.1 1.3	
	女性Female 男性Male 女性Female	1 202 346 924	2.2 0.6 1.7	1 323 271 705	2.9 0.6 1.6	1 780 253 743	3.3 0.5 1.4	1 131 179 546	3.0 0.5 1.4	1 744 263 599	3.2 0.5 1.1	522 85 195	3.6 0.6 1.3	259 66 102	2.8 0.7 1.1	
65+ 總計	男性Male 女性Female 男性Male	244 784 18 512	0.5 1.5 34.5	236 841 13 363	0.5 1.9 29.5	190 847 13 413	0.4 1.6 25.1	139 435 9 981	0.4 1.1 26.2	140 331 15 823	0.3 0.6 28.7	42 99 4 708	0.3 0.7 32.2	36 67 2 956	0.4 0.7 32.0	
性別比:	女性Female 率(每千名女性 男性數目) o (males per males)	35 143	65.5 527	31 871	70.5 419	40 094	74.9 335	28 091	73.8 355	39 283	71.3 403	9 908	67.8 475	6 283	68.0 470	
年齡中 Median 男性 女性 練計			16 30 29		12 30 29		12 31 30		11 30 29		15 30 29		16 30 29		14 29 28	
Marital	嬴及以上) Status* 5 and over)	4 551	12.6	4 047	13.1	3 753	9.7	2 618	9.8	5 278	13.0	1 480	14.0	968	15.3	
Never 曾經結 Ever m		31 528	87.4	26 898	86.9	34 887	90.3	24 134	90.2	35 290	87.0	9 061	86.0	5 358	84.7	

註釋:由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

表一:二零零一年至二零零六年第一季單程通行證持有人的人口及社會特徵 【 續 】 Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2001 – Q1 2006 【 Continued 】

	2002 全年 Annual 數字 百分比	全年	2003 Annual	全年	2004 Annual	A #	2005		2005		2006
数字					Aimuai	主中	Annual	第	四季 Q4	第-	一季 Q1
Number		數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比
	Number %	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
1 061	1 061 3.4	1 248	3.2	640	2.4	665	1.6	186	1.8	131	2.1
9 375	9 375 30.3	5 271	13.6	3 223	12.0	4 382	10.8	1 157	11.0	685	10.8
17 756	17 756 57.4	28 233	73.1	20 068	75.0	31 216	76.9	8 036	76.2	4 625	73.1
2 753	2 753 8.9	3 888	10.1	2 821	10.5	4 305	10.6	1 162	11.0	885	14.0
5 1 289	1 289 4.2	826	2.1	596	2.2	1 316	3.2	375	3.6	277	4.4
3 574	3 574 11.6	1 358	3.5	968	3.6	1 224	3.0	295	2.8	96	1.5
2 111	2 111 6.8	3 455	8.9	3 206	12.0	2 121	5.2	312	3.0	185	2.9
1 398	1 398 4.5	1 853	4.8	1 152	4.3	1 582	3.9	492	4.7	194	3.1
1 232	1 232 4.0	949	2.5	1 052	3.9	5 091	12.5	1 762	16.7	1 157	18.3
9 604	9 604 31.0	8 441	21.8	6 974	26.1	11 334	27.9	3 236	30.7	1 909	30.2
	2 806 9.1		7.6	1 998	7.5	4 454	11.0	1 235	11.7	795	12.6
3 16 912	16 912 54.7	23 204	60.1	14 930	55.8	21 400	52.8	5 257	49.9	3 094	48.9
542	542 1.8	1 164	3.0	716	2.7	579	1.4	173	1.6	92	1.5
1 081	1 081 3.5	2 884	7.5	2 134	8.0	2 801	6.09	640	6.1	436	6.9
	3 4 1	3 16 912 54.7 4 542 1.8 1 1 081 3.5	3 16 912 54.7 23 204 4 542 1.8 1 164 1 1 081 3.5 2 884	3 16 912 54.7 23 204 60.1 4 542 1.8 1 164 3.0 1 1 081 3.5 2 884 7.5	3 16 912 54.7 23 204 60.1 14 930 4 542 1.8 1 164 3.0 716 1 1 081 3.5 2 884 7.5 2 134	3 16 912 54.7 23 204 60.1 14 930 55.8 4 542 1.8 1 164 3.0 716 2.7 1 1 081 3.5 2 884 7.5 2 134 8.0	3 16 912 54.7 23 204 60.1 14 930 55.8 21 400 4 542 1.8 1 164 3.0 716 2.7 579 1 1 081 3.5 2 884 7.5 2 134 8.0 2 801	3 16 912 54.7 23 204 60.1 14 930 55.8 21 400 52.8 4 542 1.8 1 164 3.0 716 2.7 579 1.4 1 1 081 3.5 2 884 7.5 2 134 8.0 2 801 6.09	3 16 912 54.7 23 204 60.1 14 930 55.8 21 400 52.8 5 257 4 542 1.8 1 164 3.0 716 2.7 579 1.4 173	3 16 912 54.7 23 204 60.1 14 930 55.8 21 400 52.8 5 257 49.9 4 542 1.8 1 164 3.0 716 2.7 579 1.4 173 1.6 1 1 081 3.5 2 884 7.5 2 134 8.0 2 801 6.09 640 6.1	3 16 912 54.7 23 204 60.1 14 930 55.8 21 400 52.8 5 257 49.9 3 094 4 542 1.8 1 164 3.0 716 2.7 579 1.4 173 1.6 92 1 1 081 3.5 2 884 7.5 2 134 8.0 2 801 6.09 640 6.1 436

註釋:由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

表一:二零零一年至二零零六年第一季單程通行證持有人的人口及社會特徵 【 續 】 Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2001 – Q1 2006 【 Continued 】

		2001		2002		2003		2004		2005		2005		2006
	全年	Annual	第	四季 Q4	第·	一季 Q1								
	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比								
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%								
原籍省份														
Province of Origin														
廣東省	38 940	72.6	28 106	62.1	36 539	68.3	23 936	62.9	36 178	65.7	10 533	72.1	4 994	54.1
Guangdong Province														
福建省	3 427	6.4	4 156	9.2	3 033	5.7	2 438	6.4	3 442	6.2	680	4.7	1 235	13.4
Fujian Province		2.4			1.00	2.4	4 500		2.512		400	2.4		
四川省 Sichuan Province	1 666	3.1	1 561	3.5	1 836	3.4	1 680	4.4	2 513	4.6	499	3.4	445	4.8
廣西壯族自治區	1 309	2.4	1 156	2.6	1 750	3.3	1 191	3.1	1 532	2.8	324	2.2	352	3.8
Guangxi Autonomous Region	1 309	2.4	1 150	2.0	1 750	3.3	1 191	5.1	1 332	2.0	324	2.2	332	3.0
重慶市	888	1.7	1 295	2.9	1 163	2.2	1 154	3.0	887	1.6	304	2.1	284	3.1
Chongqing	-								-					
湖北省	707	1.3	790	1.7	1 003	1.9	877	2.3	1 381	2.5	320	2.2	208	2.3
Hubei Province														
湖南省	1 526	2.8	2 140	4.7	2 795	5.2	1 927	5.1	3 220	5.8	556	3.8	365	4.0
Hunan Province														
海南省	782	1.5	917	2.0	725	1.4	589	1.5	696	1.3	182	1.2	223	2.4
Hainan Province														
其他	4 410	8.2	5 113	11.3	4 663	8.7	4 280	11.2	5 257	9.5	1 218	8.3	1 133	12.3
Others														
能否說廣東話 Ability to speak in Cantonese 會 Yes	52 640	98.1	38 490	85.1	44 314	82.8	30 648	80.5	46 217	83.9	12 527	85.7	6 991	75.7
不會	1 015	1.9	6 744	14.9	9 193	17.2	7 424	19.5	8 889	16.1	2 089	14.3	2 248	24.3
No														
<i>在港親屬類別</i> * Type of Relatives in Hong Kong* 只有父 / 母在港	34 485	64.3	23 887	52.8	22 730	42.5	16 555	43.5	20 892	37.9	5 768	39.5	4 030	43.6
With only parent(s) in HK	51 105	01.5	25 007	32.0	22 730	12.5	10 333	13.3	20 072	37.7	3 700	37.3	1 050	15.0
只有配偶在港	6 102	11.4	7 483	16.5	10 000	18.7	6 802	17.9	14 193	25.8	4 176	28.6	2 454	26.6
With only spouse in HK														
只有子女在港	853	1.6	713	1.6	806	1.5	731	1.9	607	1.1	128	0.9	119	1.3
With only child(ren) in HK 有父母、配偶和/或子女的 組合在港	12 062	22.5	13 006	28.8	19 790	37.0	13 716	36.0	18 877	34.3	4 399	30.1	2 527	27.4
With a combination of parent(s) and/or spouse and/or child(ren) in HK 沒有近親在港 With no next of kin in HK	153	0.3	145	0.3	181	0.3	268	0.7	537	1.0	145	1.0	109	1.2
有否居留權證明書* Whether with Certificate of Entitlement*														
有	29 296	54.6	16 731	37.0	13 350	25.0	10 314	27.1	7 062	12.8	1 738	11.9	1375	14.9
Yes	24.250	45.	20.500	60.0	40 157	75.0	27.750	70.0	40.044	07.0	10.070	00.1	7.054	05.1
沒有 No	24 359	45.4	28 503	63.0	40 157	75.0	27 758	72.9	48 044	87.2	12 878	88.1	7 864	85.1
110														

註釋:由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

表二:二零零一年至二零零六年第一季內地新來港定居人士服務需求及現況的統計數字

Table 2: Statistics on Serv	ble 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2001									
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2005	2006			
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1			
受訪內地新來港定居人士數目 Number of responded new arrivals from the Mainland	30 135	24 181	27 670	21 874	35 708	9 367	6 174			
於同期來港的十一歲及以上單程 通行證持有人數目 Number of OWPHs aged 11 and over entering HK in the same period	39 094	33 380	41 562	28 663	44 700	11 722	7 210			
回應率 Response rate (%)	77.1	72.4	66.6	76.3	79.9	79.9	85.6			
Response rate (%)	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比%	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %			
<i>在港居住地區</i> District of Residence in Hong Kong 中西區 Central & Western	3.5	3.5	3.1	2.9	3.3	3.2				
東區 Eastern	7.4	7.2	5.9	6.7	6.0	6.1	8.6			
灣仔 Wan Chai	2.4	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.6	1.8			
南區 Southern	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.2	2.8			
觀塘 Kwun Tong	10.9	10.3	11.0	11.4	11.5	11.9	11.9			
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	8.2	6.7	6.7	6.1	7.6	8.9	6.4			
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	11.3	10.3	10.1	9.1	11.8	13.6	9.7			
九龍城 Kowloon City	5.8	5.7	5.2	5.2	5.6	6.0	5.2			
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	7.6	7.3	7.8	7.7	7.5	7.0	6.1			
北區 North	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.8	4.2	4.0	4.3			
西貢 Sai Kung	3.2	3.7	3.5	4.1	3.4	3.1	4.1			
沙田 Sha Tin	5.9	6.6	6.7	6.5	5.7	5.3	6.0			
元朗 Yuen Long	5.7	6.8	7.4	7.7	6.7	5.9	6.5			
屯門 Tuen Mun	5.5	6.4	7.2	7.2	7.5	7.2	6.8			
大埔 Tai Po	3.4	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.0	2.7	3.3			
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	3.5	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.4	3.4	4.3			
葵青 Kwai Tsing	7.1	8.0	7.8	8.1	7.5	7.1	8.0			
離島 Islands	0.6	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9			

註釋:由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

表二:二零零一年至二零零六年第一季內地新來港定居人士服務需求及現況的統計數字 【 續 】

Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2001 - Q1 2006 [Continued]

Table 2: Statistics on Service	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2005	2006
	全年 Annual		第一季 Q1				
	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%
	日月に %	日月比多	ロ	日月に %	ロ 刀 比 70	日月に %	ロ
適應困難*							
Difficulties in adapting*							
有	77.5	78.0	75.7	67.9	79.3	81.4	77.3
Yes							
<u>困難</u> <u>Difficulties</u>							
工作 Work	53.2	50.8	49.9	52.2	54.3	53.1	48.3
語言 Languages	15.0	17.4	16.2	13.9	12.7	11.5	18.2
生活習慣 Living habits	14.9	16.0	18.2	9.5	12.2	11.4	13.0
居住環境 Living environment	44.2	39.6	38.4	21.6	33.7	33.5	31.7
教育制度	12.6	15.4	14.5	18.6	21.7	24.3	22.8
Education system 家庭經濟	27.0	29.1	31.8	31.2	30.0	28.1	26.3
Family finance 其他	7.7	5.4	3.3	7.2	2.2	0.9	1.1
Others							
支援服務*							
upporting services*							
需要	84.7	83.9	82.0	71.7	85.0	87.4	84.1
Needed							
<u>要求的支援服務</u> Needed Supporting Service							
協助找尋工作 Help to find a job	58.3	55.7	54.3	56.9	60.2	58.2	57.0
職業技能培訓 Career training	32.1	31.6	31.0	38.2	42.8	39.9	41.
申請租住公共房屋 Applying for Public Housing	45.7	38.2	34.0	21.6	35.9	38.4	33.7
政府經濟援助 Government financial assistance	12.5	14.3	14.5	8.5	10.5	10.4	9.2
入學協助 Enrolmemt in school	7.8	11.2	13.1	16.0	17.6	21.8	22.9
英語學習班	24.7	29.9	29.5	23.4	30.7	30.9	31.2
English Course 廣東話學習班 Cantonese Course	6.2	9.7	8.1	6.8	6.7	5.5	8.2
醫療	10.1	11.6	13.1	12.3	11.1	10.0	9.1
Medical treatment 幼兒託管	3.7	4.9	7.3	15.4	8.4	7.3	7.1
Infant services 家庭服務	2.3	3.2	5.1	14.0	4.3	3.6	3.9
Family services 其他	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.8

註釋:由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

表二:二零零一年至二零零六年第一季內地新來港定居人士服務需求及現況的統計數字【 續 】

Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2001 - Q1 2006 Continued

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2005	2006
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual		第一季 Q1
	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%
<i>大</i> 无进业业制度	H 73 76 70	17700 /	17700 /	17700 //	17370 //	日万比 %	1,370
在香港就業計劃*							
Employment plan in Hong Kong* 有	69.2	62.5	60.2	47.2	60.5	61.0	507
Yes	68.2	63.5	60.2	47.2	60.5	61.8	58.7
希望從事的行業類別							
布里ル争り1] 耒 類 が Type of aspired industry							
<u>Type of aspired industry</u> 製造業	11.8	10.8	10.6	17.6	12.6	12.8	12.5
Manufacturing	11.0	10.8	10.0	17.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
建造業	9.5	6.4	9.1	16.9	12.5	14.8	12.0
Construction	7.3	0.4	<i>y</i> .1	10.5	12.3	14.0	12.0
	40.0			= 0.0	00.5		5 0.5
批發、零售、進出口 貿易、飲食及酒店業	40.9	44.5	57.7	70.9	82.5	82.3	79.7
Wholesale, retail,							
import/export trades,							
restaurants & hotels 運輸、倉庫及通訊業	10.6	7.5	5.7	<i>c</i> 1		7.2	
建物、启庠及坦訊来 Transport, storage &	10.6	7.5	5.7	6.4	6.5	7.2	6.0
communications							
金融、保險、地產及	6.0	6.5	6.1	5.8	6.7	5.8	6.9
商用服務業							
Financing, insurance, real estate & business services							
社區、社會及個人服務業	8.5	10.7	14.7	13.3	14.1	11.9	13.1
Community, social & personal	6.3	10.7	14.7	15.5	14.1	11.9	13.1
services							
教學及有關的行業	4.1	4.5	4.6	3.7	4.4	3.9	4.3
Teaching or related services				5.,		3.5	
其他	25.4	24.5	20.0	20.0	10.6	12.6	12.6
共世 Others	35.4	34.5	28.8	20.9	10.6	13.6	13.8
Family size							
1	7.4	6.3	5.1	5.7	1.5		
2	21.6	22.6	14.2	18.1	15.1	15.2	
3	40.8	36.9	33.5	39.5	36.6	35.0	35.0
4	18.5	20.5	25.2	21.6	26.5	28.6	27.0
5	8.1	9.3	14.1	10.2	13.3	13.4	13.7
6+	3.5	4.4	7.9	4.9	7.0	6.9	7.1
居住狀況							
Present living conditions							_
獨居	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.9	0.3	0.3	0.4
Living alone							
與家庭成員同住	87.4	87.3	88.0	89.3	89.4	88.1	86.8
Living with family member(s)							
自己住在其他親友家中	7.2	5.9	4.4	4.8	1.1	0.6	1.1
Yourself living with relative		- 10				3.0	
自己及與家庭成員居住	5.2	6.5	6.9	5.0	9.1	11.0	11.7
在親友家中							
Both you and your family member(s)							
living with relative	1					I	

註釋:由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

表二:二零零一年至二零零六年第一季內地新來港定居人士服務需求及現況的統計數字 【 續 】

Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2001 - Q1 2006 [Continued]

Table 2: Statistics on Service N	eeds and Cur	rent Situation	ı of New Arri	vals from the	Mainland, 20	001 – Q1 2006	[Continued]
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2005	2006
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
現居房屋由誰提供							
Housing provided by							
自己或家庭成員購買	13.3	15.5	17.5	19.1	15.6	11.8	13.8
Purchased by themselves or family							
member(s)							
自己或家庭成員租住	72.6	70.5	70.1	70.3	73.3	76.1	72.9
Rented by themselves or family member(s)							
由僱主提供的	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.5
Provided by employer							
由親友提供的	13.8	13.6	11.8	10.1	10.5	11.8	12.9
Provided by relatives/friends							
房屋類型							
Type of housing 公營租住房屋	47.6	48.9	49.9	49.7	48.4	49.4	48.4
Public rental housing	17.0	10.9	15.5	15.7	10.1	47.4	10.1
居屋	6.4	7.3	7.2	6.8	6.3	5.1	6.4
Home-ownership scheme flat							
中轉房屋	沒有數字	沒有數字	1.1	1.1	2.2	2.1	1.6
Interim housing	Not Available	Not Available	7.*m		不 许四	不 许四	7.*m
政府臨時房屋 Government temporary housing	0.2	0.0	不適用 Not Applicable		不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable
私人永久性房屋	40.5	39.2	37.0	11	40.4		40.5
Private permanent housing							
其他	5.2	4.6	4.8	2.0	2.6	2.8	3.1
Others 家庭每月收入(港元)							
水庭母月4X人(たル) Monthly family income (HK\$)							
<3,000	28.7	20.7	18.3	22.2	14.3	13.6	15.3
3,000–4,999	11.7	10.3	9.0	8.3	12.3	13.4	11.2
5,000-6,999	17.8	18.0	21.7	20.8	27.2	30.6	25.3
7,000–8,999	16.1	19.4	21.2	19.0	21.4	20.7	22.5
9,000–10,999	12.2	13.7	15.0		12.7		12.6
11,000–12,999	5.4	5.6			4.4		4.4
						5.0	
13,000–14,999	2.8	3.3			1.9		1.9
15,000+	5.2	6.7	6.4	7.1	5.8	4.7	6.9
不詳	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Unknown							
家庭月入中位數(港元)#	6,100	7,000	7,100	6,900	6,700	6,500	6,900
Median monthly family income (HK\$)# 主要收入來源							
Main source of income							
工資	63.8	71.1	74.2	72.4	82.5	83.8	83.0
Wages						03.8	
政府援助	13.1	11.2	11.5	14.3	11.0	0.0	9.8
区的接到 Government's assistance	13.1	11.2	11.5	14.3	11.0	9.9	9.0
親友援助	18.6	11.1	8.4	6.5	3.2	3.5	3.3
Relative's assistance							
其他	4.4	6.6	5.9	6.8	3.4	2.8	3.9
Others							

註釋: # 不包括家庭收入"不詳"的人士。

Note: # Excluding those whose family income are not known.

^{*} 因年齡結構的轉變,不能和以往的結果作直接的比較。

^{*} Not directly comparable due to changing age structure.

由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.