

**民政事務總署及入境事務處
內地新來港定居人士的統計數字
(二零零四年第四季)**

**Home Affairs Department and Immigration Department
Statistics on New Arrivals from the Mainland
(Fourth Quarter of 2004)**

引言

1. 入境事務處在羅湖邊境出入境管制站設有數據搜集機制向所有持單程通行證首次抵港的人士搜集他們的人口及社會特徵。
2. 此外，民政事務總署持續在人事登記處—九龍分處向申領身份證的抵港未足一年的十一歲及以上內地新來港人士進行統計調查，旨在找出他們的服務需求及現況。
3. 統計調查收集的資料的結果分別載列於本報告的第一及第二部分。

涵蓋範圍

4. 本報告第一部分所載的統計數字，乃根據所有持單程通行證經羅湖邊境出入境管制站首次抵港的人士向入境事務處提供的資料編製所得，而第二部分載列的結果則指民政事務總署進行的統計調查成功訪問的內地新來港定居人士。這個統計調查的受訪對象為在人事登記處—九龍分處申領身份證的抵港未足一年的十一歲及以上內地新來港定居人士。

Introduction

1. A data collection mechanism has been set up by the Immigration Department to collect data on the demographic and social characteristics of one-way permit holders (OWPHs) when they first enter Hong Kong via the Lo Wu control point.
2. In addition, the Home Affairs Department (HAD) conducts a continuous survey on new arrivals from the Mainland who have arrived in Hong Kong for less than one year when they apply for the Hong Kong Identity Card at the Registration of Persons—Kowloon Office. The HAD survey concentrates on determining the service needs and current situation of new arrivals.
3. The results of these two surveys are presented respectively in Part 1 and Part 2 of this report.

Coverage

4. Statistics contained in Part 1 of this report are compiled from information provided by all OWPHs to the Immigration Department when they first entered Hong Kong via the Lo Wu Control Point. For findings presented in Part 2, they refer to the successfully interviewed new arrivals in the survey conducted by HAD. The target respondents of this survey are new arrivals from the Mainland aged 11 and over who have arrived in Hong Kong for less than one year when they apply for the Hong Kong Identity Card at the Registration of Persons—Kowloon Office.

5. 在參閱有關數字時，必須留意這兩套數字涵蓋不同種類的新來港人士，特別是民政事務總署只反映統計調查中受訪的十一歲及以上內地新來港定居人士的特徵，因此不能與入境事務處統計作直接比較。

主要結果

第一部分：單程通行證持有人的人口及社會特徵（詳細統計數字載於表一）

數目

6. 在二零零四年第四季有 8 215 名單程通行證持有人抵港。在二零零四年共有 38 072 名單程通行證持有人抵港，平均每日 104 人。

年齡及性別結構

7. 二零零四年第四季的單程通行證持有人中約 26.4% 為十五歲以下兒童。但這比例由二零零零年的 34.1% 逐漸下降，及至自二零零四年為 29.7%。另一方面，年輕及中年（指二十五至四十四歲）的女性單程通行證持有人比例則有所上升，由二零零零年的 37.7% 增至二零零四年第四季的 52.6%。除卻些微的波動外，單程通行證持有人的年齡中位數由二零零零年至二零零四年第四季均維持在 29 歲。由於近年新來港定居人士的年齡結構有較大的轉變，所以部分的調查結果（* 為標記）不能和以往的結果作直接比較。

8. 隨着過去數年女性單程通行證持有人比例上升，單程通行證持有人的性別比率由二零零零年的每千名女性相對 434 名男性下降至二零零四年第四季的 342。

5. In reading the figures, it is important to note that the two sets of statistics refer to different groups of new arrivals. In particular, the HAD survey figures only reflect the characteristics of those new arrivals of age 11 and over who responded to the survey and are hence not directly comparable with those in the Immigration Department survey.

Major Findings

Part 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders (Detailed statistics are in Table 1).

Size

6. In Q4 2004, 8 215 OWPHs entered Hong Kong. A total of 38 072 OWPHs entered Hong Kong in 2004, with a daily average of 104.

Age and Sex Structure

7. About 26.4% of the OWPHs who entered Hong Kong in Q4 2004 were children aged under 15. This proportion has declined gradually from 34.1% in 2000 to 29.7% in 2004. On the other hand, the proportion of young and middle age (i.e. those aged 25–44) female OWPHs increased from 37.7% in 2000 to 52.6% in Q4 2004. The median age of OWPHs remained at 29 in 2000 to Q4 2004, though with some slight fluctuations. Since the age structure of new arrivals has varied over the past few years, some of the survey findings (labelled with *) are not directly comparable with those in previous years.

8. In line with the increasing proportion of female OWPHs who entered Hong Kong in the past years, the sex ratio of OWPHs dropped from 434 males per 1 000 females in 2000 to 342 in Q4 2004.

婚姻狀況*

9. 由於大部分年輕及中年女性單程通行證持有人均為香港男士的妻子，因此十五歲及以上單程通行證持有人中有91.5%是曾經結婚。事實上，曾經結婚的單程通行證持有人比例在二零零零年至二零零四年第四季均維持於85%以上。

教育程度*

10. 曾接受大專或以上教育的十五歲及以上單程通行證持有人，在二零零四年第四季佔 11.8%，而曾接受中學教育的則有 73.9%。值得注意的是單程通行證持有人的教育程度在過去數年有所改善，由二零零零年的57.7%曾接受中學教育增至二零零四年第四季的73.9%。同期曾接受大專或以上教育的比例也由 6.0% 增至11.8%。

經濟活動身分／內地就業情況*

11. 曾在內地工作的十五歲及以上單程通行證持有人由二零零零年的24.8%，上升至二零零四年第四季的 28.3%。而表示在內地沒有工作的佔二零零四年第四季單程通行證持有人 71.7%，大部分是料理家務者及沒有工作者。

12. 在二零零四年第四季曾在內地工作的單程通行證持有人中，約13.6%曾從事文員及售貨員，比例較其他行業為高。

原籍省份

13. 雖然大部分的單程通行證持有人的原籍省是廣東省，但有關比例由二零零零年的81.1%顯著下降至二零零四年第四季的 49.8%。相反地，來自福建省的單程通行證持有人比例則在同期由 1.6% 增至 11.2%。

Marital Status *

9. 91.5% of the OWPHs aged 15 and over had been ever married as most of the young and middle age female OWPHs were wives of Hong Kong men. Indeed, the proportion of ever married OWPHs remained over 85% throughout 2000 to Q4 2004.

Educational Attainment *

10. The percentage of OWPHs aged 15 and over who had attained post-secondary education or above was 11.8% in Q4 2004 and those who had attained secondary education was 73.9%. It is noted that the educational attainment of OWPHs had improved over the years. Those with secondary education have increased from 57.7% in 2000 to 73.9% in Q4 2004. During the same period, the percentage of those had attained post-secondary education has increased from 6.0% to 11.8%.

Activity Status / Occupation in the Mainland *

11. Some 28.3% of OWPHs aged 15 and over had worked on the Mainland in Q4 2004, up from 24.8% in 2000. For the 71.7% OWPHs in Q4 2004 who had not worked on the Mainland, most of them were homemakers and those who were not working.

12. Among those OWPHs who worked on the Mainland in Q4 2004, a relatively high proportion (13.6%) were clerical and sales staff.

Province of Origin

13. While the majority of OWPHs had their province of origin in Guangdong, its proportion had declined significantly from 81.1% in 2000 to 49.8% in Q4 2004. On the other hand, the share of OWPHs coming from Fujian Province rose from 1.6% to 11.2% over the same period.

能否說廣東話

14. 在二零零四年第四季，76.9% 的單程通行證持有人能說廣東話。這可能是與來自廣東省的單程通行證持有人有關。

在港親屬類別*

15. 單程通行證計劃的實施是為方便內地人士來港作家庭團聚。二零零四年第四季單程通行證持有人只有父母在港的比例為38.4%，只有配偶在港的有21.5%，而只有子女在港的有2.4%。另外有36.5%為有父母、配偶和/或子女的組合在港者。二零零零年至二零零四年的單程通行證持有人亦有相若的觀察。

有否居留權證明書*

16. 在二零零四年第四季，23.0%的單程通行證持有人同時持有居留權證明書。二零零零年的數字為45.7%。

第二部分：內地新來港定居人士的服務需求及現況（詳細統計數字列於表二）

受訪人數及回應率

17. 在二零零四年第四季民政事務總署的統計調查訪問了4 741名內地新來港定居人士。在同期內共有6 381名十一歲及以上單程通行證持有人抵港，回應率為74.3%。由於新來港人士的抵港日期和申請身份證日期有時滯，讀者請注意回應率只是一個代指標。

Ability to Speak Cantonese

14. 76.9% of OWPBs were able to speak Cantonese in Q4 2004. This may be related to their province of origin in Guangdong.

Type of Relatives in Hong Kong *

15. The One-way Permit Scheme is implemented to facilitate the Mainlanders to come to Hong Kong for family reunion. The proportion of OWPBs in Q4 2004 with only parents in Hong Kong was 38.4%, with only spouse in Hong Kong was 21.5% and with only child(ren) in Hong Kong was 2.4%. There was another 36.5% with a combination of parent(s), and/or spouse and/or child(ren) in Hong Kong. Similar findings were observed in surveys conducted from 2000 to 2004.

Whether with Certificate of Entitlement *

16. In Q4 2004, 23.0% of the OWPBs entered Hong Kong with Certificate of Entitlement as compared with 45.7% in 2000.

Part 2: Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland (Detailed statistics are in Table 2)

Number of Respondents and Response Rate

17. The number of new arrivals from the Mainland responded to the HAD survey in Q4 2004 was 4 741. When compared with the number of OWPBs aged 11 and over who entered Hong Kong (6 381) in the same period, the response rate was 74.3%. Readers are cautioned that the response rate is only a proxy indicator because there is some time lag between the time of respondents' arrival in Hong Kong and the time when they obtain a Hong Kong Identity Card.

在港居住地區

18. 二零零四年第四季最多受訪者在港居住的三個地區包括觀塘(9.8%)、深水埗(8.8%)和葵青(8.8%)。而居住在觀塘及深水埗的受訪者比例由二零零零年至二零零四年期間均很高。

適應困難*

19. 表示在香港適應生活有困難的受訪者比例由二零零零年的65.8%持續上升至二零零三年的75.7%後，由二零零四年第一季開始下跌至二零零四年第三季的62.1%，再在二零零四年第四季回升至72.5%。而在二零零四年第四季的受訪者中，其最大困難是工作(55.8%)，其次是居住環境(27.9%)。

支援服務*

20. 二零零四年第四季的受訪者中表示需要支援服務的有77.5%，較二零零三年的82.0%有所減少。而其中需求最大的是尋找工作方面的協助(62.1%)，其次是職業技能培訓(46.1%)。

在香港就業計劃*

21. 表示希望在香港工作的受訪者比例由二零零零年的51.2%升至二零零四年第四季的55.6%。他們主要希望從事批發、零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業。

家庭人數

22. 於二零零四年第四季，超過一半受訪者居住在2人住戶和3人住戶，而居住在4人住戶的比例則有所減少。居住在2人住戶的受訪者的比例由二零零零年的17.7%增加至二零零四年第四季的21.1%；在同期居住在3人住戶的受訪者的比例由35.5%增加至38.2%；居住在4人住戶的受訪者的比例則由24.9%減少至19.7%。

District of Residence in Hong Kong

18. The three districts where most respondents in Q4 2004 resided were Kwun Tong (9.8%), Sham Shui Po (8.8%), and Kwai Tsing (8.8%). Kwun Tong and Sham Shui Po had been the two districts with considerably high proportions of respondents from 2000 to 2004.

Difficulties in Adapting *

19. After a steady increase from 65.8% in 2000 to 75.7% in 2003, the proportion of respondents who reported having difficulties in adapting to the way of life in Hong Kong began to drop in Q1 2004. The figure further dropped to 62.1% in Q3 2004 and again rose to 72.5% in Q4 2004. The greatest difficulty encountered by respondents in Q4 2004 was employment (55.8%), followed by living environment (27.9%).

Supporting Services *

20. The proportion of respondents who indicated that they needed supporting services decreased from 82.0% in 2003 to 77.5% in Q4 2004. The most needed service was assistance in seeking employment (62.1%), followed by career training (46.1%).

Employment Plan in Hong Kong *

21. The proportion of respondents who indicated that they planned to work in Hong Kong has risen from 51.2% in 2000 to 55.6% in Q4 2004. Most of them preferred to work in the wholesale, retail, import/export trades, restaurants and hotels sector.

Family size

22. Over half of the respondents lived in 2-person and 3-person households in Q4 2004 while the proportion of respondents living in 4-person households had declined. The percentage of respondents living in 2-person households had increased from 17.7% in 2000 to 21.1% in Q4 2004. The percentage for those living in 3-person households had increased from 35.5% to 38.2% while the percentage for those living in 4-person households had decreased from 24.9% to 19.7% during the same period.

居住狀況

23. 單程通行證持有人大部分是來港作家庭團聚，因此二零零四年第四季的受訪者中有89.1%與家庭成員同住，另有6.5%與家庭成員住在親友家中。由二零零零年至二零零四年的受訪者中亦有類似的觀察。

現居房屋由誰提供

24. 在二零零四年第四季，67.9%的受訪者的現居是由自己或家庭成員租住。此外21.1%是居住在自己或家庭成員購買的居所。二零零零年的相應數字分別是77.9%及12.1%。

房屋類型

25. 在二零零四年第四季，居於私人永久性房屋和公營租住房屋的受訪者比例相若，分別為45.1%和45.0%。

家庭每月收入

26. 受訪者的家庭每月收入中位數由二零零零年的港幣7,100元下跌至二零零四年第四季的港幣6,800元。

主要收入來源

27. 二零零四年第四季受訪者收入的主要來源是工資，佔74.5%，另外14.7%的受訪者則依靠政府援助。所得結果與二零零零年至二零零四年的受訪者相若。

如你對問卷所收集的資料有任何查詢，請與民政事務總署二級統計主任聯絡（電話：2835 1604）。

Present living conditions

23. Since OUPHs came to Hong Kong for family reunion, 89.1% of the respondents in Q4 2004 lived with family member(s), and another 6.5% lived with family member(s) as well as relatives. Findings of earlier surveys conducted from 2000 to 2004 were similar.

Provision of housing

24. In Q4 2004, 67.9% of the respondents reported that their current accommodation was either rented by themselves or their family member(s). There was another 21.1% living in accommodation purchased by themselves or family member(s). The corresponding figures in 2000 were 77.9% and 12.1% respectively.

Type of Housing

25. In Q4 2004, the numbers of respondents living in private permanent housing and public rental housing were similar, which were respectively 45.1% and 45.0%.

Monthly Family Income

26. The median monthly family income of respondents dropped from HK\$7,100 in 2000 to HK\$6,800 in Q4 2004.

Main source of income

27. Wages constituted the major source of income for respondents (74.5%) in Q4 2004, while there was another 14.7% relying on Government's assistance. It is noted that the findings on the main source of income of respondents were similar throughout 2000 to 2004.

If you have any questions regarding the data collected in the survey, please contact Home Affairs Department Statistical Officer II (telephone: 2835 1604).

表一：二零零零年至二零零四年單程通行證持有人的入口及社會特徵
Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2000 – 2004

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2004			
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2	第三季 Q3	第四季 Q4
單程通行證持有人數目 Number of One-way Permit Holders	57 530	53 655	45 234	53 507	38 072	10 160	10 392	9 305	8 215
十五歲及以上單程通行證持有人數目 Number of One-way Permit Holders aged 15 and over	37 906	36 079	30 945	38 640	26 752	7 017	7 733	5 953	6 049
年齡及性別結構 Age and sex structure	數字 百分比 Number %	數字 百分比 Number %	數字 百分比 Number %	數字 百分比 Number %	數字 百分比 Number %	數字 百分比 Number %	數字 百分比 Number %	數字 百分比 Number %	數字 百分比 Number %
0-4 男性Male	3 699 6.4	4 859 9.1	3 994 8.8	3 437 6.4	2 827 7.4	725 7.1	694 6.7	801 8.6	607 7.4
女性Female	3 352 5.8	4 276 8.0	3 829 8.5	3 273 6.1	2 643 6.9	714 7.0	672 6.5	712 7.7	545 6.6
5-14 男性Male	6 224 10.8	4 196 7.8	3 258 7.2	4 096 7.7	2 914 7.7	833 8.2	646 6.2	941 10.1	494 6.0
女性Female	6 349 11.0	4 245 7.9	3 208 7.1	4 061 7.6	2 936 7.7	871 8.6	647 6.2	898 9.7	520 6.3
15-24 男性Male	1 698 3.0	1 191 2.2	1 472 3.3	1 551 2.9	1 069 2.8	346 3.4	209 2.0	319 3.4	195 2.4
女性Female	1 799 3.1	1 233 2.3	1 824 4.0	1 728 3.2	1 215 3.2	386 3.8	217 2.1	370 4.0	242 2.9
25-34 男性Male	3 000 5.2	3 946 7.4	1 906 4.2	1 600 3.0	1 132 3.0	306 3.0	284 2.7	254 2.7	288 3.5
女性Female	14 169 24.6	15 449 28.8	14 141 31.3	19 237 36.0	13 677 35.9	3 443 33.9	4 142 39.9	2 847 30.6	3 245 39.5
35-44 男性Male	1 501 2.6	3 219 6.0	1 764 3.9	1 682 3.1	1 269 3.3	361 3.6	299 2.9	326 3.5	283 3.4
女性Female	7 527 13.1	7 030 13.1	6 000 13.3	8 425 15.7	5 508 14.5	1 470 14.5	1 842 17.7	1 123 12.1	1 073 13.1
45-54 男性Male	623 1.1	511 1.0	462 1.0	604 1.1	452 1.2	114 1.1	101 1.0	116 1.2	121 1.5
女性Female	2 436 4.2	1 202 2.2	1 323 2.9	1 780 3.3	1 131 3.0	276 2.7	354 3.4	260 2.8	241 2.9
55-64 男性Male	330 0.6	346 0.6	271 0.6	253 0.5	179 0.5	36 0.4	37 0.4	53 0.6	53 0.6
女性Female	2 326 4.0	924 1.7	705 1.6	743 1.4	546 1.4	128 1.3	117 1.1	156 1.7	145 1.8
65+ 男性Male	348 0.6	244 0.5	236 0.5	190 0.4	139 0.4	33 0.3	24 0.2	29 0.3	53 0.6
女性Female	2 149 3.7	784 1.5	841 1.9	847 1.6	435 1.1	118 1.2	107 1.0	100 1.1	110 1.3
總計 男性Male	17 423 30.3	18 512 34.5	13 363 29.5	13 413 25.1	9 981 26.2	2 754 27.1	2 294 22.1	2 839 30.5	2 094 25.5
Total 女性Female	40 107 69.7	35 143 65.5	31 871 70.5	40 094 74.9	28 091 73.8	7 406 72.9	8 098 77.9	6 466 69.5	6 121 74.5
性別比率（每千名女性 相對的男性數目） Sex ratio (males per 1 000 females)	434	527	419	335	355	372	283	439	342
年齡中位數 Median age									
男性 Male	12	16	12	12	11	12	10	10	13
女性 Female	31	30	30	31	30	30	31	29	30
總計 Both sexes	29	29	29	30	29	29	30	28	29
婚姻狀況* （十五歲及以上） Marital status* (aged 15 and over)									
從未結婚 Never married	5 646 14.9	4 551 12.6	4 047 13.1	3 753 9.7	2 618 9.8	816 11.6	507 6.6	781 13.1	514 8.5
曾經結婚 Ever married	32 260 85.1	31 528 87.4	26 898 86.9	34 887 90.3	24 134 90.2	6 201 88.4	7 226 93.4	5 172 86.9	5 535 91.5

註釋：由於四捨五入關係，統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

Note : There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.

表一：二零零零年至二零零四年單程通行證持有人的入口及社會特徵〔續〕
Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2000 – 2004 [Continued]

	2000		2001		2002		2003		2004		2004							
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第一季 Q1		第二季 Q2		第三季 Q3		第四季 Q4	
	數字 Number	百分比 %	數字 Number	百分比 %	數字 Number	百分比 %	數字 Number	百分比 %	數字 Number	百分比 %	數字 Number	百分比 %	數字 Number	百分比 %	數字 Number	百分比 %	數字 Number	百分比 %
教育程度* (十五歲及以上) Educational attainment* (aged 15 and over)																		
未受教育／幼稚園 No schooling / kindergarten	2 455	6.5	1 247	3.5	1 061	3.4	1 248	3.2	640	2.4	170	2.4	186	2.4	162	2.7	122	2.0
小學 Primary	11 310	29.8	16 314	45.2	9 375	30.3	5 271	13.6	3 223	12.0	836	11.9	930	12.0	717	12.0	740	12.2
中學 Secondary	21 870	57.7	16 217	44.9	17 756	57.4	28 233	73.1	20 068	75.0	5 300	75.5	5 891	76.2	4 405	74.0	4 472	73.9
大專或以上 Post-secondary / University	2 271	6.0	2 301	6.4	2 753	8.9	3 888	10.1	2 821	10.5	711	10.1	726	9.4	669	11.2	715	11.8
經濟活動身分／內地就業情況* (十五歲及以上) Activity status / occupation in the Mainland* (aged 15 and over)																		
工作 Working																		
專業及行政人員 Professional, administrative & executive workers	1 368	3.6	1 649	4.6	1 289	4.2	826	2.1	596	2.2	153	2.2	155	2.0	146	2.5	142	2.3
技工、建築及生產人員 Technicians, construction & production workers	2 120	5.6	8 903	24.7	3 574	11.6	1 358	3.5	968	3.6	251	3.6	253	3.3	240	4.0	224	3.7
文員及售貨員 Clerical & sales staff	1 279	3.4	794	2.2	2 111	6.8	3 455	8.9	3 206	12.0	795	11.3	844	10.9	745	12.5	822	13.6
農民、獵人及漁人 Farmers, hunters & fishermen	1 685	4.4	1 871	5.2	1 398	4.5	1 853	4.8	1 152	4.3	294	4.2	311	4.0	273	4.6	274	4.5
其他 Other occupations	2 963	7.8	1 757	4.9	1 232	4.0	949	2.5	1 052	3.9	258	3.7	305	3.9	240	4.0	249	4.1
小計 Sub-total	9 415	24.8	14 974	41.5	9 604	31.0	8 441	21.8	6 974	26.1	1 751	25.0	1 868	24.2	1 644	27.6	1 711	28.3
學生 Students	2 554	6.7	1 334	3.7	2 806	9.1	2 947	7.6	1 998	7.5	633	9.0	365	4.7	639	10.7	361	6.0
料理家務者 Homemakers	21 714	57.3	15 272	42.3	16 912	54.7	23 204	60.1	14 930	55.8	3 808	54.3	4 791	62.0	3 054	51.3	3 277	54.2
退休人士 Retired persons	878	2.3	860	2.4	542	1.8	1 164	3.0	716	2.7	189	2.7	159	2.1	184	3.1	184	3.0
沒有工作 Not working	3 345	8.8	3 639	10.1	1 081	3.5	2 884	7.5	2 134	8.0	636	9.1	550	7.1	432	7.3	516	8.5

註釋：由於四捨五入關係，統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

Note : There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.

表一：二零零零年至二零零四年單程通行證持有人的人口及社會特徵〔續〕

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2000 – 2004 [Continued]

	2000		2001		2002		2003		2004		2004							
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第一季 Q1		第二季 Q2		第三季 Q3		第四季 Q4	
	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
原籍省份 <i>Province of origin</i>																		
廣東省 Guangdong Province	46 673	81.1	38 940	72.6	28 106	62.1	36 539	68.3	23 936	62.9	6 580	64.8	7 863	75.7	5 403	58.1	4 090	49.8
福建省 Fujian Province	946	1.6	3 427	6.4	4 156	9.2	3 033	5.7	2 438	6.4	699	6.9	323	3.1	498	5.4	918	11.2
四川省 Sichuan Province	1 596	2.8	1 666	3.1	1 561	3.5	1 836	3.4	1 680	4.4	536	5.3	148	1.4	264	2.8	732	8.9
廣西壯族自治區 Guangxi Autonomous Region	1 228	2.1	1 309	2.4	1 156	2.6	1 750	3.3	1 191	3.1	304	3.0	193	1.9	287	3.1	407	5.0
重慶市 Chongqing	683	1.2	888	1.7	1 295	2.9	1 163	2.2	1 154	3.0	284	2.8	326	3.1	276	3.0	268	3.3
湖北省 Hubei Province	594	1.0	707	1.3	790	1.7	1 003	1.9	877	2.3	211	2.1	182	1.8	219	2.4	265	3.2
湖南省 Hunan Province	1 257	2.2	1 526	2.8	2 140	4.7	2 795	5.2	1 927	5.1	386	3.8	299	2.9	995 [@]	10.7	247	3.0
海南省 Hainan Province	878	1.5	782	1.5	917	2.0	725	1.4	589	1.5	156	1.5	114	1.1	128 [@]	1.4	191	2.3
其他 Others	3 675	6.4	4 410	8.2	5 113	11.3	4 663	8.7	4 280	11.2	1 004	9.9	944	9.1	1 235 [@]	13.3	1 097	13.4
能否說廣東話 <i>Ability to speak in Cantonese</i>																		
會 Yes	52 025	90.4	52 640	98.1	38 490	85.1	44 314	82.8	30 648	80.5	8 160	80.3	8 860	85.3	7 309	78.5	6 319	76.9
不會 No	5 505	9.6	1 015	1.9	6 744	14.9	9 193	17.2	7 424	19.5	2 000	19.7	1 532	14.7	1 996	21.5	1 896	23.1
在港親屬類別* <i>Type of relatives in Hong Kong*</i>																		
只有父／母在港 With only parent(s) in HK	31 309	54.4	34 485	64.3	23 887	52.8	22 730	42.5	16 555	43.5	4 834	47.6	3 724	35.8	4 842	52.0	3 155	38.4
只有配偶在港 With only spouse in HK	7 580	13.2	6 102	11.4	7 483	16.5	10 000	18.7	6 802	17.9	1 682	16.6	1 782	17.1	1 575	16.9	1 763	21.5
只有子女在港 With only child(ren) in HK	479	0.8	853	1.6	713	1.6	806	1.5	731	1.9	179	1.8	192	1.8	161	1.7	199	2.4
有父母、配偶和／或子女的組合在港 With a combination of parent(s) and/or spouse and/or child(ren) in HK	17 928	31.2	12 062	22.5	13 006	28.8	19 790	37.0	13 716	36.0	3 400	33.5	4 666	44.9	2 648	28.5	3 002	36.5
沒有近親在港 With no next of kin in HK	234	0.4	153	0.3	145	0.3	181	0.3	268	0.7	65	0.6	28	0.3	79	0.8	96	1.2
有否居留權證明書* <i>Whether with Certificate of Entitlement*</i>																		
有 Yes	26 275	45.7	29 296	54.6	16 731	37.0	13 350	25.0	10 314	27.1	2 981	29.3	2 454	23.6	2 987	32.1	1 892	23.0
沒有 No	31 255	54.3	24 359	45.4	28 503	63.0	40 157	75.0	27 758	72.9	7 179	70.7	7 938	76.4	6 318	67.9	6 323	77.0

註釋：@修訂數字。

Note：@ Revised figures.

註釋：由於四捨五入關係，統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

Note：There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.

表二：二零零零年至二零零四年內地新來港定居人士服務需求及現況的統計數字

Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2000-2004

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2004			
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2	第三季 Q3	第四季 Q4
受訪內地新來港定居人士數目 Number of responded new arrivals from the Mainland	29 858	30 135	24 181	27 670	21 874	5 653	6 377	5 103	4 741
於同期來港的十一歲及以上單程通行證持有人數目 Number of OWPBs aged 11 and over entering HK in the same period	43 591	39 094	33 380	41 562	28 663	7 624	8 069	6 589	6 381
回應率 Response rate (%)	68.5	77.1	72.4	66.6	76.3	74.1	79.0	77.4	74.3
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
在港居住地區 District of Residence in Hong Kong									
中西區 Central & Western	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.8	3.2	3.1
東區 Eastern	6.0	7.4	7.2	5.9	6.7	6.7	6.1	6.5	8.0
灣仔 Wan Chai	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.9	2.2
南區 Southern	2.5	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.7	3.0	3.1	2.3
觀塘 Kwun Tong	10.7	10.9	10.3	11.0	11.4	12.2	11.7	11.8	9.8
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	8.8	8.2	6.7	6.7	6.1	6.4	6.2	5.6	6.3
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	11.4	11.3	10.3	10.1	9.1	9.0	9.5	8.9	8.8
九龍城 Kowloon City	6.1	5.8	5.7	5.2	5.2	5.1	4.6	5.1	6.1
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	7.3	7.6	7.3	7.8	7.7	7.9	7.3	7.5	8.1
北區 North	5.5	4.9	4.7	4.7	4.8	5.1	4.4	5.1	4.7
西貢 Sai Kung	3.0	3.2	3.7	3.5	4.1	3.9	4.8	3.6	3.9
沙田 Sha Tin	6.1	5.9	6.6	6.7	6.5	6.4	6.5	7.0	5.9
元朗 Yuen Long	6.3	5.7	6.8	7.4	7.7	7.8	8.4	7.8	6.5
屯門 Tuen Mun	4.9	5.5	6.4	7.2	7.2	7.0	7.7	6.8	7.2
大埔 Tai Po	4.0	3.4	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.8	3.2
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	3.5	3.5	3.8	3.7	3.6	3.0	3.4	3.9	4.2
葵青 Kwai Tsing	7.7	7.1	8.0	7.8	8.1	8.2	7.9	7.5	8.8
離島 Islands	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.0

註釋：由於四捨五入關係，統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

Note : There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.

表二：二零零零年至二零零四年內地新來港定居人士服務需求及現況的統計數字 [續]

Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2000-2004 [Continued]

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2004			
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2	第三季 Q3	第四季 Q4
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
適應困難* <i>Difficulties in adapting*</i>									
有 Yes	65.8	77.5	78.0	75.7	67.9	70.6	66.7	62.1	72.5
<u>困難</u> <u>Difficulties</u>									
工作 Work	32.0	53.2	50.8	49.9	52.2	53.2	50.6	49.0	55.8
語言 Languages	16.9	15.0	17.4	16.2	13.9	15.5	10.5	13.5	16.6
生活習慣 Living habits	19.3	14.9	16.0	18.2	9.5	8.9	8.6	9.6	11.0
居住環境 Living environment	53.0	44.2	39.6	38.4	21.6	18.7	18.7	22.2	27.9
教育制度 Education system	20.0	12.6	15.4	14.5	18.6	14.5	20.3	22.7	17.6
家庭經濟 Family finance	32.7	27.0	29.1	31.8	31.2	30.5	37.7	29.1	26.0
其他 Others	0.9	7.7	5.4	3.3	7.2	6.8	5.4	4.4	12.3
支援服務* <i>Supporting services*</i>									
需要 Needed	77.1	84.7	83.9	82.0	71.7	73.8	70.7	65.3	77.5
<u>要求的支援服務</u> <u>Needed Supporting Service</u>									
協助找尋工作 Help to find a job	40.5	58.3	55.7	54.3	56.9	57.2	55.0	53.5	62.1
職業技能培訓 Career training	21.6	32.1	31.6	31.0	38.2	38.9	35.7	31.8	46.1
申請租住公共房屋 Applying for Public Housing	52.0	45.7	38.2	34.0	21.6	18.9	17.5	22.7	28.9
政府經濟援助 Government financial assistance	19.1	12.5	14.3	14.5	8.5	7.7	7.3	10.3	9.0
入學協助 Enrolment in school	13.3	7.8	11.2	13.1	16.0	14.0	17.1	20.5	12.7
英語學習班 English Course	31.4	24.7	29.9	29.5	23.4	24.0	18.7	24.5	27.7
廣東話學習班 Cantonese Course	5.8	6.2	9.7	8.1	6.8	7.5	3.9	6.4	10.0
醫療 Medical treatment	7.2	10.1	11.6	13.1	12.3	13.9	14.5	9.4	10.7
幼兒托管 Infant services	3.5	3.7	4.9	7.3	15.4	14.2	21.5	14.0	10.7
家庭服務 Family services	2.2	2.3	3.2	5.1	14.0	14.1	19.9	12.9	7.6
其他 Others	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.4	0.3

註釋：由於四捨五入關係，統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

Note: There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.

表二：二零零零年至二零零四年內地新來港定居人士服務需求及現況的統計數字 [續]

Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2000-2004 [Continued]

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2004			
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2	第三季 Q3	第四季 Q4
<i>在香港就業計劃*</i> <i>Employment plan in Hong Kong*</i>	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
有 Yes	51.2	68.2	63.5	60.2	47.2	49.6	45.4	39.1	55.6
<u>希望從事的行業類別</u> <u>Type of aspired industry</u>									
製造業 Manufacturing	12.2	11.8	10.8	10.6	17.6	17.8	20.4	20.7	12.1
建造業 Construction	9.1	9.5	6.4	9.1	16.9	14.5	18.0	23.5	13.2
批發、零售、進出口 貿易、飲食及酒店業 Wholesale, retail, import/export trades, restaurants & hotels	42.6	40.9	44.5	57.7	70.9	63.2	77.3	70.1	72.7
運輸、倉庫及通訊業 Transport, storage & communications	9.2	10.6	7.5	5.7	6.4	5.7	6.9	7.1	6.1
金融、保險、地產及 商用服務業 Financing, insurance, real estate & business services	8.2	6.0	6.5	6.1	5.8	4.8	4.2	7.0	7.6
社區、社會及個人服務業 Community, social & personal services	10.2	8.5	10.7	14.7	13.3	12.0	12.7	13.4	15.3
教學及有關的行業 Teaching or related services	5.1	4.1	4.5	4.6	3.7	3.0	2.6	4.5	5.1
其他 Others	30.6	35.4	34.5	28.8	20.9	26.8	17.7	16.1	21.7
<i>家庭人數</i> <i>Family size</i>									
1	3.3	7.4	6.3	5.1	5.7	8.4	4.2	5.8	4.4
2	17.7	21.6	22.6	14.2	18.1	17.1	15.8	19.3	21.1
3	35.5	40.8	36.9	33.5	39.5	37.5	41.8	40.1	38.2
4	24.9	18.5	20.5	25.2	21.6	21.8	23.8	20.7	19.7
5	11.8	8.1	9.3	14.1	10.2	10.4	9.8	9.5	11.1
6+	6.8	3.5	4.4	7.9	4.9	4.7	4.5	4.6	5.5
<i>居住狀況</i> <i>Present living conditions</i>									
獨居 Living alone	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.9	1.1	0.6	0.9	0.9
與家庭成員同住 Living with family member(s)	91.3	87.4	87.3	88.0	89.3	86.9	92.2	88.6	89.1
自己住在其他親友家中 Yourself living with relative	2.9	7.2	5.9	4.4	4.8	7.3	3.6	4.8	3.4
自己及與家庭成員居住 在親友家中 Both you and your family member(s) living with relative	5.5	5.2	6.5	6.9	5.0	4.7	3.7	5.6	6.5

註釋：由於四捨五入關係，統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

Note: There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.

表二：二零零零年至二零零四年內地新來港定居人士服務需求及現況的統計數字 [續]

Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2000-2004 [Continued]

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2004			
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2	第三季 Q3	第四季 Q4
現居房屋由誰提供 <i>Housing provided by</i>	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
自己或家庭成員購買 Purchased by themselves or family member(s)	12.1	13.3	15.5	17.5	19.1	17.7	19.9	17.7	21.1
自己或家庭成員租住 Rented by themselves or family member(s)	77.9	72.6	70.5	70.1	70.3	69.7	72.1	70.9	67.9
由僱主提供的 Provided by employer	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.7
由親友提供的 Provided by relatives/friends	9.6	13.8	13.6	11.8	10.1	12.3	7.4	10.8	10.3
房屋類型 <i>Type of housing</i>									
公營租住房屋 Public rental housing	48.5	47.6	48.9	49.9	49.7	50.1	52.2	50.4	45.0
居屋 Home-ownership scheme flat	5.0	6.4	7.3	7.2	6.8	6.5	6.8	6.7	7.2
中轉房屋 Interim housing	沒有數字 Not Available	沒有數字 Not Available	沒有數字 Not Available	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.1
政府臨時房屋 Government temporary housing	0.4	0.2	0.0	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable	不適用 Not Applicable
私人永久性房屋 Private permanent housing	38.7	40.5	39.2	37.0	40.4	39.6	37.9	40.0	45.1
其他 Others	7.4	5.2	4.6	4.8	2.0	2.7	2.0	1.7	1.6
家庭每月收入(港元) <i>Monthly family income (HK\$)</i>									
<3,000	18.4	28.7	20.7	18.3	22.2	25.7	19.0	22.9	21.3
3,000-4,999	11.6	11.7	10.3	9.0	8.3	7.0	8.0	8.2	10.6
5,000-6,999	19.4	17.8	18.0	21.7	20.8	21.1	21.6	19.9	20.4
7,000-8,999	19.7	16.1	19.4	21.2	19.0	16.3	20.0	20.6	19.2
9,000-10,999	14.5	12.2	13.7	15.0	15.1	15.1	16.7	14.6	13.6
11,000-12,999	7.2	5.4	5.6	5.8	5.2	5.6	6.0	5.1	4.0
13,000-14,999	3.5	2.8	3.3	2.8	2.2	2.3	2.2	1.6	2.6
15,000+	5.7	5.2	6.7	6.4	7.1	6.9	6.5	7.0	8.3
不詳 Unknown	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
家庭月入中位數(港元)# Median monthly family income (HK\$)#	7,100	6,100	7,000	7,100	6,900	6,600	7,100	6,900	6,800
主要收入來源 <i>Main source of income</i>									
工資 Wages	73.6	63.8	71.1	74.2	72.4	69.5	74.2	71.3	74.5
政府援助 Government's assistance	12.4	13.1	11.2	11.5	14.3	13.8	14.0	14.7	14.7
親友援助 Relative's assistance	8.9	18.6	11.1	8.4	6.5	9.6	4.5	6.4	5.7
其他 Others	5.1	4.4	6.6	5.9	6.8	7.0	7.3	7.6	5.1

註釋：# 不包括家庭收入“不詳”的人士。

Note: # Excluding those whose family income are not known.

*因年齡結構的轉變，不能和以往的結果作直接的比較。

*Not directly comparable due to changing age structure.

註釋：由於四捨五入關係，統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

Note: There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.