民政事務總署及入境事務處 內地新來港定居人士的統計數字 (二零一零年第一季)

Home Affairs Department and Immigration Department Statistics on New Arrivals from the Mainland (First Quarter of 2010)

引言

- 1. 入境事務處在羅湖邊境出入境管制站 設有數據搜集機制向所有持單程通行證首 次抵港的人士搜集他們的人口及社會特 徵。
- 2. 此外,民政事務總署持續在人事登記 處—九龍分處向申領身份證的抵港未足一 年的十一歲及以上內地新來港人士進行統 計調查,旨在找出他們的服務需求及現況。
- 3. 統計調查收集的資料分析結果分別載 列於本報告的第一及第二部分。

涵蓋範圍

4. 本報告第一部分所載的統計數字,乃 根據所有持單程通行證經羅湖邊境出入境 管制站首次抵港的人士向入境事務處提供 的資料編製所得,而第二部分載列的結果 則指民政事務總署成功訪問內地新來港定 居人士的統計調查。這個統計調查的受訪 對象爲在人事登記處—九龍分處申領身份 證的抵港未足一年的十一歲及以上內地新 來港定居人士。

Introduction

- 1. A data collection mechanism has been set up by the Immigration Department to collect data on the demographic and social characteristics of one-way permit holders (OWPHs) when they first enter Hong Kong via the Lo Wu control point.
- 2. In addition, the Home Affairs Department (HAD) conducts a continuous survey on new arrivals from the Mainland aged 11 and above who have arrived in Hong Kong for less than one year when they apply for the Hong Kong Identity Card at the Registration of Persons—Kowloon Office. The HAD survey focuses on the service needs and current situation of the new arrivals from the Mainland.
- 3. The results of these two surveys are presented in Part 1 and Part 2 of this report respectively.

Coverage

4. Statistics contained in Part 1 of this report are compiled from information provided by all OWPHs to the Immigration Department when they first enter Hong Kong via the Lo Wu Control Point. Findings in Part 2 refer to the successfully interviewed new arrivals in the survey conducted by HAD. The target respondents of this survey are new arrivals from the Mainland aged 11 and above who have arrived in Hong Kong for less than one year when they apply for the Hong Kong Identity Card at the Registration of Persons—Kowloon Office.

5. 在參閱有關數字時,必須留意這兩套 數字涵蓋不同種類的新來港人士,特別是 民政事務總署只反映統計調查中受訪的十 一歲及以上內地新來港定居人士的特徵, 因此不能與入境事務處統計作直接比較。

主要結果

第一部分:單程通行證持有人的人口及社會特徵(詳細統計數字載於表一)

數目

6. 在二零一零年第一季共有10 804名 單程通行證持有人抵港,平均每日120人。

年齡及性別結構

- 7. 二零一零年第一季的單程通行證持 有人中約21.2%爲十五歲以下兒童。這百 分比由二零零五年的26.4%下降至二零 零九年的20.0%。同期青少年(指十五至二 十四歲)的單程通行証持有人比例則增 加,這百分比在二零一零年第一季爲 13.2%。年輕及中年(指二十五至四十四歲)的女性單程通行證持有人的比例由二 零零五年的48.9%增加至二零零九年的 50.1%;這比例在本季度爲47.6%。年齡 中位數字在二零零五年及二零一零年第 一季均維持在二十九歲。由於近年新來港 定居人士的年齡結構有所改變,所以部分 的調查結果(* 爲標記)不能和以往的結 果作直接比較。
- 8. 過去數年女性單程通行證持有人比例均有加減,並在2006年錄得最小數值。單程通行證持有人的性別比率由二零零五的每千名女性相對403名男性減少至二零零九年的379。這比率在二零一零年第一季爲395。

5. In reading the figures, it is important to note that the two sets of statistics refer to different groups of new arrivals. In particular, the HAD survey figures only reflect the characteristics of those new arrivals aged 11 and above who responded to the survey and are hence not directly comparable with those covered by the Immigration Department survey.

Major Findings

Part 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders (Detailed statistics are in Table 1).

Size

6. In Q1 2010, 10 804 OWPHs entered Hong Kong with a daily average of 120.

Age and Sex Structure

- About 21.2% of the OWPHs who entered Hong Kong in Q1 2010 were children aged under 15. This percentage has declined from 26.4% in 2005 to 20.0% in 2009. During the same period, there is an increase in the proportion of teenage OWPHs (i.e. those aged 15-24). The figure is reported to be 13.2% in Q1 2010. The proportion of young and middle age (i.e. those aged 25-44) female OWPHs has increased from 48.9% in 2005 to 50.1% in 2009. The figure is reported to be 47.6% in the current quarter. The median age remained at 29 in 2005 and in Q1 2010. Since the age structure of new arrivals has changed over the past few years, some of the survey findings (labelled with *) are not directly comparable with those in previous years.
- 8. The proportion of female OWPHs entering Hong Kong varied over the past few years and recorded the lowest value in 2006. The sex ratio of OWPHs decreased from 403 males per 1 000 females in 2005 to 379 in 2009. The ratio is reported to be 395 in Q1 2010.

婚姻狀況*

9. 由於大部分年輕及中年女性單程通行證持有人為香港男士的妻子,因此十五歲及以上單程通行證持有人中有 84.0%是曾經結婚。除卻部份數字有季節性變動,曾經結婚的單程通行證持有人百分比在二零零五年至二零一零年第一季均維持在 80%或以上。

教育程度*

10. 在二零一零年第一季,十五歲及以上單程通行證持有人曾接受中學教育及大專或以上教育的比例,分別是 73.6% 及 14.4%。值得留意的是教育程度在大專或以上的單程通行證持有人在過去數年有所改善;曾接受中學教育的人士由二零零五年的 76.9% 下跌至二零一零年第一季的 73.6%,同期曾接受大專或以上教育的比例 則由 10.6% 增至 14.4%。

經濟活動身分/內地從事行業*

- 11. 與二零零五年比較,曾在內地工作的十五歲及以上單程通行證持有人的比例在過去數年均爲增加,這百分比在二零零五年和二零一零年第一季分別爲 27.9%及 35.2%。這表示在內地沒有工作的比例佔二零一零年第一季單程通行證持有人的64.8%,當中大部分是料理家務者及學生。
- 12. 在二零一零年第一季曾在內地工作的 單程通行證持有人中,19.6%從事農民、獵 人及漁人的工作,另外15.2% 則是文員及售 貨員。

原籍省份

13. 大部分的單程通行證持有人原籍廣東 省,有關比例在二零零五年及二零一零年 第一季分別爲 65.7%及 44.5%。

Marital Status *

9. 84.0% of the OWPHs aged 15 and above were or had been married as most of the young and middle age female OWPHs were wives of Hong Kong men. Other than the variations in certain quarterly statistics, the proportion of OWPHs who were or had been married remained 80% and above throughout 2005 to Q1 2010.

Educational Attainment *

10. In Q1 2010, 73.6% and 14.4% of OWPHs aged 15 and above had attained secondary education and post-secondary education or above respectively. It is worth noting that OWPHs with post-secondary education or above has improved over the years. The percentage of OWPHs who have received secondary education decreased from 76.9% in 2005 to 73.6% in Q1 2010. During the same period, the proportion of those who have attained post-secondary education has increased from 10.6% to 14.4%.

Activity Status / Occupation in the Mainland *

- 11. The proportion of OWPHs aged 15 and above who had worked on the Mainland increased in the past few years when compared with that in 2005. The percentage is reported to be 27.9% and 35.2% in 2005 and Q1 2010 respectively. In Q1 2010, 64.8% of the OWPHs have not worked on the Mainland. Most of them were homemakers and students.
- 12. Among those OWPHs who worked on the Mainland in Q1 2010, 19.6% were farmers, hunters and fishermen; 15.2% were clerical and sales staff.

Province of Origin

13. The majority of OWPHs came from the Guangdong Province. The proportion is reported to be 65.7% and 44.5% in 2005 and Q1 2010 respectively.

能否說廣東話

14. 在二零一零年第一季,74.1% 的單程 通行證持有人能說廣東話。這可能是與單 程通行證持有人是來自廣東省有關。

在港親屬類別*

15. 單程通行證計劃的實施是爲方便內地 人士來港作家庭團聚。單程通行證持有人 只有父/母在港的比例由二零零五年的 37.9%減少至二零一零年第一季的 35.8%,同期只有配偶在港的比例則由 25.8%增加至33.9%,而有父母、配偶和/ 或子女在港的組合比例則由34.3%減少至 27.7%。另外在二零一零年第一季有1.7% 單程通行證持有人爲只有子女在港者。

有否居留權證明書*

16. 在二零一零年第一季,12.3% 的單程 通行證持有人同時持有居留權證明書。二 零零五年的數字爲12.8%。

第二部分:內地新來港定居人士的服務需求 及現況(詳細統計數字列於表二)

受訪人數及回應率

17. 在二零一零年第一季民政事務總署的統計調查訪問了6 469名內地新來港定居人士。在同期內共有9 224名十一歲及以上單程通行證持有人抵港,回應率爲 70.1%。由於新來港人士的抵港日期和申請身份證日期有差異,讀者請注意回應率只是一個代指標。

Ability to Speak Cantonese

14. In Q1 2010, 74.1% of OWPHs were able to speak Cantonese. This may be related to Guangdong being their province of origin.

*Type of Relatives in Hong Kong **

15. The One-way Permit Scheme was implemented to enable Mainlanders to come to Hong Kong for family reunion. The proportion of OWPHs with only parent(s) in Hong Kong has decreased from 37.9% in 2005 to 35.8% in Q1 2010 and those with only spouse in Hong Kong has increased from 25.8% in 2005 to 33.9% in Q1 The proportion of OWPHs with a combination of parents, and/or spouse and/or children in Hong Kong decreased from 34.3% to 27.7% during the same period. There was another 1.7% of OWPHs in Q1 2010 who had only children in Hong Kong.

Whether with Certificate of Entitlement *

16. In Q1 2010, 12.3% of OWPHs entered Hong Kong with Certificates of Entitlement, as compared with 12.8% in 2005.

Part 2: Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland (Detailed statistics are in Table 2)

Number of Respondents and Response Rate

17. 6 469 new arrivals from the Mainland responded to the HAD survey in Q1 2010. When compared with the number of OWPHs aged 11 and above who entered Hong Kong (9 224) in the same period, the response rate was 70.1%. Readers are cautioned that the response rate is only a proxy indicator because there is a time gap between the respondents arrive in Hong Kong and they apply for a Hong Kong Identity Card.

在港居住地區

18. 二零一零年第一季最多受訪者在港居住的三個地區包括觀塘 (11.4%)、深水埗 (9.2%)和 葵青 (9.0%)。而居住在觀塘及深水埗的受訪者比例由二零零五年至二零一零年第一季期間均很高。

適應困難*

19. 表示適應香港生活有困難的受訪者比例由二零零五年的79.3%下跌至二零一零年第一季的67.9%。而在二零一零年第一季的受訪者中,其最大困難是工作(46.3%),其次是居住環境(30.1%)。

支援服務*

20. 受訪者中需要支援服務的比例在二零一零年第一季有72.7%,較二零零五年的85.0%減少。而其中需求最大的是尋找工作方面的協助(58.1%),其次是申請租住公共房屋(33.9%)。

在香港就業打算*

21. 表示希望在香港工作的受訪者比例在 二零零五年和二零一零年第一季分別為 60.5%及46.8%。他們主要希望從事批發、 零售、進出口貿易、飲食及酒店業。

家庭人數

22. 在二零零五年至二零零九年期間,大部份受訪者居住在3人住戶及4人住戶。值得留意的是在二零零九年第四季及本季度,2人住戶的比例超越4人住戶。居住在2人住戶的受訪者百分比由二零零五年的15.1%增加至二零一零年第一季的24.2%;在同期居住在3人住戶的受訪者比例由36.6%增加至44.8%。

District of Residence in Hong Kong

18. The three districts where most respondents in Q1 2010 resided in were Kwun Tong (11.4%), Sham Shui Po (9.2%) and Kwai Tsing (9.0%). The proportion of respondents living in Kwun Tong and Sham Shui Po has been considerably high from 2005 to Q1 2010.

Difficulties in Adapting *

19. Respondents reported having difficulties in adapting to life in Hong Kong decreased from 79.3% in 2005 to 67.9% in Q1 2010. The greatest difficulty encountered by respondents in Q1 2010 was employment (46.3%), followed by living environment (30.1%).

Supporting Services *

20. The proportion of respondents who needed supporting services has decreased from 85.0% in 2005 to 72.7% in Q1 2010. The most needed service was assistance in seeking employment (58.1%), followed by application for public housing (33.9%).

Employment Plan in Hong Kong *

21. The proportion of respondents who wished to work in Hong Kong is reported to be 60.5 % and 46.8 % in 2005 and Q1 2010 respectively. Most of them preferred to work in the wholesale, retail, import/export trades, restaurants and hotels sectors.

Family size

22. The majority of the respondents lived in 3-person or 4-person households throughout 2005 to 2009. It is noted that the proportion of 2-person households overtake the 4-person households in the fourth quarter of 2009 and the current quarter. The percentage of respondents living in 2-person households has increased from 15.1% in 2005 to 24.2% in Q1 2010. The proportion of those living in 3-person households has increased from 36.6% to 44.8% during the same period.

居住狀況

23. 單程通行證持有人大部分是來港作家庭團聚,因此二零一零年第一季的受訪者中有88.2%與家庭成員同住,另有11.2%與家庭成員住在親友家中。二零零五年的相應數字分別是89.4%和9.1%。

現居房屋由誰提供

24. 在二零一零年第一季,74.1%受訪者的現居是由自己或家庭成員租住。此外 11.7%的住所是由親友提供的。二零零五年的相應數字分別是 73.3%及10.5%。

房屋類型

25. 在二零一零年第一季,以居於公營租住房屋的受訪者佔多數(51.6%),其次是私人永久性房屋(37.0%)。

家庭每月收入

26. 受訪者的家庭每月入息中位數由二零零五年的港幣 6,700元增加至二零一零年第一季的港幣 8,000元。

主要收入來源

27. 以工資為主要收入來源的受訪者的百分比由二零零五年的82.5%輕微上升至二零一零年第一季的82.6%,而同期間依靠親友援助的則由3.2%減少至1.8%,而依靠政府援助的百分比則由11.0%增加至12.7%。

如你對問卷所收集的資料有任何查詢,請與民政事 務總署二級統計主任聯絡(電話: 2835 1604)。

Present living conditions

23. Since most OWPHs came to Hong Kong for family reunion, 88.2% of the respondents in Q1 2010 lived with family members. Another 11.2% lived with family members in their relatives' places. The corresponding figures in 2005 were 89.4% and 9.1% respectively.

Provision of housing

24. In Q1 2009, 74.1% of the respondents reported that their current accommodation was either rented by themselves or their family members. Another 11.7% lived in accommodation provided by their relatives/friends. The corresponding figures in 2005 were 73.3% and 10.5% respectively.

Type of Housing

25. In Q1 2010, the most common type of housing occupied by respondents was public rental housing (51.6%), followed by private permanent housing (37.0%).

Monthly Family Income

26. The median monthly family income for respondents has increased from HK\$6,700 in 2005 to HK\$8,000 in Q1 2010.

Main source of income

27. The percentage of respondents who reported that wages constituted their major source of income has increased slightly from 82.5% in 2005 to 82.6% in Q1 2010. The percentage of respondents relying on relatives' assistance has decreased from 3.2% to 1.8% and the percentage of respondents relying on Government's assistance increased from 11.0% to 12.7% during the same period.

If you have any questions regarding the data collected in the survey, please contact Home Affairs Department Statistical Officer II (telephone: 2835 1604).

表一:二零零五年至二零一零年第一季單程通行證持有人的人口及社會特徵

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2005 - Q1 2010

		2005		2005 2006		2007	7 2008		2009		2009		201	.0	
		全年	Annual		四季 Q4		一季 Q1								
	行證持有人數目 · of One-way Permit	55	5 106	54	4 170		3 865		1 610		8 587		0 415		0 804
十五歲及以上單程通行證 持有人數目 Number of One-way Permit Holders aged 15 and above		40) 568	3	7 779	24	4 798	3.	1 435	38	8 854	:	8 437	\$	8 513
		數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比								
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%								
	性別結構														
	l sex structure														
0–4	男性Male	2 317	4.2	1 817	3.4	1 393	4.1	1 555	3.7	1 683	3.5	374	3.6	424	3.9
	女性Female	2 315	4.2	1 703	3.1	1 289	3.8	1 487	3.6	1 595	3.3	410	3.9	399	3.7
5–14	男性Male	5 176	9.4	6 779	12.5	3 332	9.8	3 754	9.0	3 424	7.0	632	6.1	776	7.2
15.04	女性Female	4 730	8.6	6 092	11.2	3 053	9.0	3 379	8.1	3 031	6.2	562	5.4	692	6.4
15–24	男性Male	2 573	4.7	3 770	7.0	2 230	6.6	3 033	7.3	2 997	6.2	633	6.1	668	6.2
25.24	女性Female	2 591	4.7	3 803	7.0	2 284	6.7	3 084	7.4	3 327	6.8	646	6.2	758	7.0
25-34	男性Male	1 783	3.2	1 519	2.8	1 069	3.2	1 098	2.6	1 621	3.3	368	3.5	393	3.6 30.7
25 44	女性Female	19 109	34.7	13 335	24.6	9 620	28.4	12 116	29.1	16 318	33.6	3 350	32.2	3 322	
35–44	男性Male	2 630	4.8	4 176	7.7	2 074	6.1	2 255	5.4	2 153	4.4	461	4.4	481	4.5
45 54	女性Female	7 864	14.3	7 114	13.1	4 298	12.7	5 933	14.3	8 018	16.5	1 878	18.0	1 817	16.8
45–54	男性Male	941	1.7	1 371	2.5	926	2.7	1 082	2.6	1 031	2.1	232	2.2	207	1.9
55.64	女性Female	1 744	3.2	1 441	2.7	1 065	3.1	1 546	3.7	2 152	4.4	568	5.5	542	5.0
55-64	男性Male	263	0.5	282	0.5	241	0.7	283	0.7	292	0.6	64	0.6	71	0.7
	女性Female	599	1.1	532	1.0	549	1.6	585	1.4	560	1.2	147	1.4	150	1.4
65+	男性Male	140	0.3	157	0.3	142	0.4	158	0.4	159	0.3	35	0.3	39	0.4
1 = ++0	女性Female	331	0.6	279	0.5	300	0.9	262	0.6	226	0.5	55 2.700	0.5	65	0.6
總計 Total	男性Male 女性Female	15 823 39 283	28.7 71.3	19 871 34 299	36.7 63.3	11 407 22 458	33.7 66.3	13 218 28 392	31.8 68.2	13 360 35 227	27.5 72.5	2 799 7 616	26.9 73.1	3 059 7 745	28.3 71.7
對的男	率(每千名女性相 性數目) o (males per 1 000		403		579		508		466		379		368	:	395
年齡中	化 糖														
十 <i>岡</i> 元十 Median															
男性	Male		15		16		17		17		18		19		17
女性	Female Both sexes		30 29		29 27		29 28		30 28		30 29		31 30		30 29
婚姻狀 (十五) Marital	況* 歲 <i>及以上)</i>														
從未結		5 278	13.0	7 599	20.1	4 597	18.5	6 112	19.4	5 851	15.1	1 224	14.5	1 363	16.0
	married														
曾經結 Ever n		35 290	87.0	30 180	79.9	20 201	81.5	25 323	80.6	33 003	84.9	7 213	85.5	7 150	84.0

註釋:由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

表一:二零零五年至二零一零年第一季單程通行證持有人的人口及社會特徵 【讀】

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2005 - Q1 2010 **Continued** 2005 2006 2007 2008 2010 全年 Annual 第四季 Q4 第一季 Q1 全年 Annual 全年 Annual 全年 Annual 全年 Annual 百分比 百分比 百分比 百分比 百分比 百分比 數字 數字 數字 百分比 數字 數字 數字 數字 Number Number Number Number Number Number Number 教育程度* (十五歲及以上) Educational attainment* (aged 15 and above) 105 未受教育/幼稚園 665 1.6 538 1.4 442 1.8 488 16 513 1.3 138 1.6 1.2 No schooling / Kindergarten 小學 4 382 10.8 3 749 9.9 2 5 2 0 10.2 3 359 10.7 4 055 10.4 922 10.9 920 10.8 Primary 中學 31 216 76.9 28 933 76.6 18 662 75.3 23 342 74.3 28 845 74.2 6 249 74.1 6 266 73.6 Secondary 10.6 大專或以上 4 305 4 559 12.1 3 174 12.8 4 246 13.5 5 441 14.0 1 128 13.4 1 222 14.4 Post-secondary or beyond 經濟活動身分/內地就 業情況* (十五歲及以上) Activity status / Occupation in the Mainland * (aged 15 and above) 工作 Working 專業及行政人員 1 316 3.2 1 197 3.2 979 3.9 1 200 1 389 3.6 256 3.0 314 3.7 3.8 Professional, administrative & executive workers 技工、建築及生產人員 1 224 3.0 946 2.5 937 3.8 800 2.5 1 076 2.8 264 3.1 406 4.8 Technicians. construction & production workers 文員及售貨員 2 121 5.2 1 052 2.8 875 3.5 1 463 4.7 2 102 5.4 488 5.8 456 5.4 Clerical & sales staff 農民、獵人及漁人 1 582 3.9 1 726 4.6 1 057 4.3 1 555 4.9 1 968 5.1 575 6.8 587 6.9 Farmers, hunters & fishermen

註釋:由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

6926

11 847

6317

16 208

447

2 960

12.5

27.9

11.0

52.8

1.4

6.9

5 091

11 334

4 454

21 400

579

2 801

其他

小計

學生

Students 料理家務者

Homemakers 退休人士

Retired persons 沒有工作

Not working

Sub-total

Other occupations

Note: There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.

3 8 1 7

7 665

3 628

10 383

501

2 621

18.3

31.4

16.7

42.9

1.2

7.8

4 704

9 722

4 544

13 075

475

3 619

15.4

30.9

14.6

41.9

2.0

10.6

15.0

30.9

14.5

41.6

1.5

11.5

 $6\ 012$

12 547

4 462

16 629

385

4 831

15.5

32.3

11.5

42.8

1.0

12.4

1 355

2 938

883

3 453

98

1 065

1 2 3 1

2 994

1 045

3 292

111

1 071

16.1

34.8

10.5

40.9

1.2

12.6

14.5

35.2

12.3

38.7

1.3

12.6

表一:二零零五年至二零一零年第一季單程通行證持有人的人口及社會特徵 【續】

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2005 - Q1 2010

[Continued]

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-		-								
		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009	200		201	
	全年	Annual	全年	Annual	全年	Annual	全年	Annual	全年	Annual	第	四季 Q4	第一	
	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比	數字	百分比
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
原籍省份														
Province of Origin														
廣東省	36 178	65.7	37 036	68.4	20 453	60.4	25 963	62.4	25 758	53.0	5 067	48.7	4 809	44.5
Guangdong Province														
福建省	3 442	6.2	3 660	6.8	2 150	6.3	2 541	6.1	5 065	10.4	1 398	13.4	1 427	13.2
Fujian Province													440	2.0
四川省	2 513	4.6	1 938	3.6	1 286	3.8	1 700	4.1	2 346	4.8	578	5.5	419	3.9
Sichuan Province											246	2.2	255	2.5
廣西壯族自治區	1 532	2.8	1 441	2.7	1 325	3.9	1 243	3.0	1 987	4.1	346	3.3	277	2.6
Guangxi Autonomous														
Region	00=		4.055	2.5	007		4.400	2.5		• •	202	2.0	439	4.1
重慶市	887	1.6	1 357	2.5	925	2.7	1 139	2.7	1 425	2.9	302	2.9	439	4.1
Chongqing	1 201	2.5	1 200	2.4	1212	2.0	1 220	2.2	2 174	4.5	359	3.4	290	2.7
湖北省 Hubei Province	1 381	2.5	1 290	2.4	1313	3.9	1 339	3.2	2 174	4.5	339	3.4	290	2.7
	2 220	<i>5</i> 0	1 (74	2.1	1 670	4.0	2.690	6.5	2.762	<i>5</i> 7	920	8.8	1 063	9.8
湖南省 Hunan Province	3 220	5.8	1 674	3.1	1 6/0	4.9	2 689	6.5	2 762	5.7	920	0.0	1 003	9.0
海南省	696	1.3	793	1.5	854	2.5	565	1.4	1 371	2.8	337	3.2	485	4.5
母用目 Hainan Province	090	1.3	193	1.5	634	2.3	303	1.4	1 3/1	2.0	331	3.2	403	4.5
其他	5 257	9.5	4 981	9.2	3 889	11.5	4 431	10.6	5 699	11.7	1 108	10.6	1 595	14.8
ATILE Others	3 231	9.5	4 701	9.2	3 669	11.5	4 431	10.0	3 099	11./	1 100	10.0	1 373	14.0
能否說廣東話 Ability to speak Cantonese														
,														
會 V	46 217	83.9	45 372	83.8	27 735	81.9	34 232	82.3	38 744	79.7	8 074	77.5	8 011	74.1
Yes 不會	8 889	16.1	8 798	16.2	6 130	18.1	7 378	17.7	9 843	20.3	2 341	22.5	2 793	25.9
No	0 007	10.1	0 170	10.2	0 130	10.1	7 370	17.7	7 043	20.3	2 341	22.3	2 173	23.7
在港親屬類別* Type of Relatives in Hong														
Kong*														
只有父/母在港	20 892	37.9	24 613	45.4	14 532	42.9	17 166	41.3	16 391	33.7	3 411	32.8	3 867	35.8
With only parent(s) in														
HK														
只有配偶在港	14 193	25.8	15 454	28.5	9 019	26.6	11 158	26.8	15 244	31.4	3 780	36.3	3 665	33.9
With only spouse in HK	605		5 c 4	1.0	550	1.5	550		7.60	1.0	151	1.4	100	1.7
只有子女在港 With only child(ren) in	607	1.1	564	1.0	579	1.7	572	1.4	569	1.2	151	1.4	188	1.7
HK														
有父母、配偶和/或子	18 877	34.3	13 021	24.0	9 190	27.1	12 257	29.5	16 044	33.0	2 977	28.6	2 988	27.7
女的組合在港														
With a combination of														
parent(s) and/or spouse														
and/or child(ren) in HK														
沒有近親在港	537	1.0	518	1.0	545	1.6	457	1.1	339	0.7	96	0.9	96	0.9
With no next of kin in HK														
有否居留權證明書*														
Whether with Certificate														
of Entitlement* ≠:	7.063	10.0	5 205	0.0	4 407	12.0	4 400	10.0	5.005	10.2	1 117	10.7	1 220	10.0
有 Yes	7 062	12.8	5 325	9.8	4 487	13.2	4 490	10.8	5 025	10.3	1 117	10.7	1 328	12.3
沒有	48 044	87.2	48 845	90.2	29 378	86.8	37 120	89.2	43 562	89.7	9 298	89.3	9 476	87.7
No											. =- =			

註釋: 由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

表二:二零零五年至二零一零年第一季內地新來港定居人士服務需求及現況的統計數字 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2005 – Q1 2010

Table 2: Staustics on Ser	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2009	2010
	全年 Annual						
受訪內地新來港定居人士數目 Number of responded new arrivals from the Mainland	35 708	30 079	18 086	26 171	30 196	6 669	
於同期來港的十一歲及以上單程 通行證持有人數目 Number of OWPHs aged 11 and above entering HK in the same	44 700	43 709	27 780	35 034	42 031	9 033	9 224
period 回應率 Response rate (%)	79.9	68.8	65.1	74.7	71.8	73.8	70.1
	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%
在港居住地區 District of Residence in Hong Kong							
中西區 Central & Western	3.3	3.6	3.2	2.6	2.3	2.1	1.7
東區 Eastern	6.0	6.8	6.4	6.0	6.4	5.8	6.3
灣仔 Wan Chai	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.2
南區 Southern	2.6	2.7	2.5	2.8	2.6	2.4	3.0
觀塘 Kwun Tong	11.5	11.6	10.8	11.3	11.2	10.8	11.4
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong	7.6	8.4	7.3	6.9	6.5	6.2	4.9
深水埗 Sham Shui Po	11.8	14.1	12.1	13.1	10.0	9.0	9.2
九龍城 Kowloon City	5.6	5.9	5.7	5.9	5.5	5.3	5.2
黃大仙 Wong Tai Sin	7.5	6.6	7.4	7.1	6.8	6.6	7.0
北區 North	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.8	5.6	5.9	5.5
西貢 Sai Kung	3.4	3.0	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.5	3.9
沙田 Sha Tin	5.7	5.2	6.3	5.9	6.4	6.3	6.7
元朗 Yuen Long	6.7	5.7	6.3	6.7	7.8	8.8	8.7
屯門 Tuen Mun	7.5	6.1	6.4	6.1	7.0	7.6	7.1
大埔 Tai Po	3.0	2.7	2.6	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.0
荃灣 Tsuen Wan	3.4	3.6	4.4	3.9	4.7	5.2	5.2
葵青 Kwai Tsing	7.5	7.3	8.1	7.8	8.2	8.1	9.0
離島 Islands	1.0	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.2

註釋:由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

表二:二零零五年至二零一零年第一季內地新來港定居人士服務需求及現況的統計數字 【 續 】

Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2005 – Q1 2010 [Continued]

Table 2: Statistics on Service	Needs and Cur	rent Situation	of New Arri	vais from the	Mainiand, 20)05 – Q1 2010	Continued
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2009	2010
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1
	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%
適應困難*							
Difficulties in adapting*							
有	79.3	79.9	81.7	77.4	74.3	69.0	67.9
Yes	19.3	19.9	01.7	//.4	74.3	09.0	07.9
困難 Difficulties							
			50 5			40.4	4.5.0
工作 Work	54.3	52.1	59.7	52.1	50.9	48.4	46.3
語言	12.7	19.5	25.7	26.6	27.1	28.1	29.9
冊 □ Language	12.7	19.3	23.7	20.0	27.1	20.1	29.9
生活習慣	12.2	12.3	9.9	12.0	14.6	15.3	15.7
上口自良 Living habits	12.2	12.3).)	12.0	14.0	15.5	13.7
居住環境	33.7	32.0	23.2	30.0	32.5	30.5	30.1
Living environment	33.7	32.0	23.2	50.0	52.5	50.5	30.1
教育制度	21.7	19.5	9.3	11.3	11.6	9.7	11.3
Education system							
家庭經濟	30.0	26.0	20.0	20.2	23.9	26.4	25.7
Family finance							
其他	2.2	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.5
Others							
<i>支援服務</i> *							
upporting service*							
需要	85.0	86.4	86.4	83.6	79.8	74.1	72.7
m 女 Needed	03.0	00.4	00.4	03.0	77.0	74.1	72.7
要求的支援服務							
安水可又饭服粉 Needed Supporting Service							
協助找尋工作	60.2	59.5	64.4	58.2	60.1	59.0	58.1
Assistance in							
seeking employment							
職業技能培訓	42.8	40.1	41.0	34.6	32.5	28.8	28.3
Career training							
申請租住公共房屋	35.9	36.1	27.9	35.0	36.0	35.9	33.9
Application for Public Housing	10.5	0.4	0.7	10.4	10.1	0.7	0.2
政府經濟援助 Government financial	10.5	9.4	8.7	10.4	10.1	8.7	8.2
assistance							
	17.6	26.5	22.5	24.4	10.2	14.2	16.0
入學協助 Enrolment in school	17.6	26.5	23.5	24.4	18.2	14.2	16.0
英語學習班	30.7	30.1	31.9	33.9	34.1	33.5	33.6
央韶字音班 English Course	30.7	30.1	31.9	33.9	34.1	33.3	33.0
廣東話學習班	6.7	6.1	6.2	5.9	8.2	9.2	11.3
與宋前字百班 Cantonese Course	0.7	0.1	0.2	3.9	6.2	9.2	11.3
醫療	11.1	8.8	8.0	7.8	9.1	9.0	8.8
西尔 Medical treatment	11.1	0.0	0.0	7.0	7.1	7.0	0.0
幼兒託管	8.4	5.7	6.0	7.5	10.7	9.9	10.1
Child care services	0.4	5.7	0.0	7.3	10.7).)	10.1
家庭服務	4.3	3.2	4.0	4.7	6.3	6.0	6.3
Family services	1.3	5.2	7.0	4.7	0.5	0.0	0.3
其他	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.3
Others		2.0			3.5	J	

註釋:由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

表二:二零零五年至二零一零年第一季內地新來港定居人士服務需求及現況的統計數字 【 續 】

 Fable 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2005 – Q1 2010 [Continued]

Table 2: Statistics on Service N	leeds and Cur	rent Situation	of New Arri	vals from the	Mainland, 2005	5 – Q1 2010	[Continued]
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2009	2010
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1
	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%
在香港就業計劃*							
Employment plan in Hong Kong*							
有	60.5	60.7	62.8	58.1	54.3	49.7	46.8
Yes	00.0	00.7	02.0	20.1	55		
希望從事的行業類別							
Type of aspired industry							
製造業	12.6	11.2	8.2	6.8	6.9	7.5	7.3
Manufacturing							
建造業	12.5	17.2	18.5	12.9	12.0	12.9	13.8
Construction							
批發、零售、進出口	82.5	75.8	76.3	76.1	76.7	75.8	77.9
貿易、飲食及酒店業	62.5	75.6	70.3	70.1	70.7		
Wholesale, retail,							
import/export trades,							
restaurants & hotels							
運輸、倉庫及通訊業	6.5	7.4	4.7	4.9	4.8	5.2	4.2
Transport, storage &							
communications							
金融、保險、地產及	6.7	6.9	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.1	6.6
商用服務業	0.7	0.5	7.1	7.2	7.2		
Financing, insurance, real							
estate & business services							
社區、社會及個人服務業	14.1	13.6	16.0	16.6	17.1	18.7	16.3
Community, social & personal	14.1	13.0	10.0	10.0	17.1		
services							
教學及有關的行業	4.4	4.0	3.4	4.1	4.9	4.5	4.6
Teaching or related services							
其他	10.6	12.0	6.3	0.1	0.0	9.2	9.7
Others	10.6	12.0	6.3	8.1	8.8		
家庭人數							
Family size							
l amily size							
1	1.5	0.9	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.8	0.6
2	15.1	12.9	18.1	15.5	20.0	25.3	24.2
3	36.6	33.8	37.3	39.3	43.4	43.5	44.8
4	26.5	31.8	26.9	29.5	26.1	22.8	22.1
5	13.3	14.4	12.0	10.9	7.4	6.3	5.7
6+	7.0	6.3	4.3	3.9	2.4	1.4	2.6
居住狀況							
Present living condition							
獨居	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
Living alone							
與家庭成員同住	89.4	86.9	87.6	86.0	88.7	89.1	88.2
Living with family member(s)							
自己住在其他親友家中	1.1	0.6	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.5
Living in relatives' places	1.1	0.0	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.0	0.5
						10.1	11.0
自己及與家庭成員居住	9.1	12.2	11.0	13.1	10.7	10.1	11.2
在親友家中							
Both you and your family member(s) living in relatives' places							
nying in relatives places							

註釋:由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

表二:二零零五年至二零一零年第一季內地新來港定居人士服務需求及現況的統計數字 【 續 】

Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2005 – Q1 2010 [Continued]

Table 2: Statistics on Service N	eeds and Curi	rent Situation	of New Arri	vals from the	Mainland, 20	005 – Q1 2010	Continued
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2009	2010
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1
	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%	百分比%
現居房屋由誰提供							
Housing provision							
自己或家庭成員購買	15.6	10.2	11.4	11.6	13.9	14.6	14.0
Purchased by themselves or family							
member(s)							
自己或家庭成員租住	73.3	76.6	76.2	74.1	74.6	74.5	74.1
Rented by themselves or family							
member(s)	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.2
由僱主提供的	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
Provided by employer	10.5	42.0	10.0	12.0		10.5	
由親友提供的	10.5	12.9	12.0	13.8	11.1	10.7	11.7
Provided by relatives/friends							
房屋類型 Type of housing							
公營租住房屋	48.4	45.4	47.2	47.0	48.4	48.9	51.6
Public rental housing							
居屋	6.3	5.4	6.5	6.2	7.0	6.8	7.3
Home-ownership scheme flat							
中轉房屋	2.2	1.5	1.1	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.8
Interim housing							
私人永久性房屋	40.4	43.9	41.5	41.9	40.1	40.1	37.0
Private permanent housing							
其他	2.6	3.7	3.8	4.1	3.7	3.8	3.3
Others							
家庭每月收入(港元)							
Monthly family income (HK\$) <3,000	14.3	15.1	14.3	13.7	13.4	14.5	13.6
						1	
3,000–4,999	12.3	13.0	11.1	7.1	7.5	7.9	7.8
5,000–6,999	27.2	30.0	28.1	23.4	19.8	20.2	17.2
7,000–8,999	21.4	20.8	23.1	26.1	24.8	22.6	23.3
9,000–10,999	12.7	11.0	11.7	15.3	17.3	17.0	18.0
11,000–12,999	4.4	3.7	3.9	5.0	5.4	6.0	6.2
13,000–14,999	1.9	1.6	1.9	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.6
15,000+	5.8	4.7	6.0	7.0	9.5	9.7	11.2
家庭月入中位數(港元)	6,700	6,500	6,800	7,400			8,000
Median monthly family income (HK\$)	0,700	0,500	0,000	7,400	7,700	7,000	0,000
主要收入來源							
Main source of income							
工資	82.5	84.1	83.5	83.8	83.3	82.3	82.6
Wages							
政府援助	11.0	9.4	10.9	10.3	10.9	12.7	12.7
Government's assistance							
親友援助	3.2	2.7	2.5	2.2	2.3	1.9	1.8
Relatives' assistance							
其他	3.4	3.8	3.1	3.7	3.6	3.2	3.0
Others							

註釋:*因年齡結構的轉變,不能和以往的結果作直接的比較。

Note: * Not directly comparable due to changing age structure.

由於四捨五入關係,統計表內個別項目的數字加起來可能與總數略有出入。

There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.