

民政事务总署及入境事务处
内地新来港定居人士的统计数字
(二零二三年第一季)

Home Affairs Department and Immigration Department
Statistics on New Arrivals from the Mainland
(First Quarter of 2023)

引言

1. 入境事务处在罗湖边境出入境管制站设有数据搜集机制向所有持单程通行证首次抵港的人士搜集他们的人口及社会特征。受新型冠状病毒疫情影响，罗湖边境出入境管制站自二零二零年二月四日起暂时关闭。由二零二零年六月八日开始，单程通行证持有人获安排经深圳湾管制站进入本港。及至二零二三年二月六日起，罗湖口岸恢复对单程通行证持有人的客运通关服务。

2. 此外，民政事务总署持续在人事登记处—九龙分处向申领身份证的抵港未足一年的十一岁及以上内地新来港人士进行统计调查，旨在找出他们的服务需求及现况。

3. 统计调查收集的资料分析结果分别载列于本报告的第一及第二部分。

涵盖范围

4. 本报告第一部分所载的统计数字，乃根据所有持单程通行证首次抵港的人士向入境事务处提供的资料编制所得，而第二部分载列的结果则指民政事务总署成功访问内地新来港定居人士的统计调查。这个统计调查的受访对象为在人事登记处—九龙分处申领身份证的抵港未足一年的十一岁及以上内地新来港定居人士。

Introduction

1. A data collection mechanism has been set up by the Immigration Department to collect data on the demographic and social characteristics of one-way permit holders (OWPHs) when they first enter Hong Kong via the Lo Wu control point. Due to the outbreak of novel coronavirus, the Lo Wu control point was closed temporarily starting from 4 February 2020. Since 8 June 2020, OWPHs have been arranged to enter Hong Kong via the Shenzhen Bay control point. Starting from 6 February 2023, the passenger clearance service for OWPHs at Lo Wu control point had been resumed.

2. In addition, the Home Affairs Department (HAD) conducts a continuous survey on new arrivals from the Mainland aged 11 and over who have arrived in Hong Kong for less than one year when they apply for the Hong Kong Identity Card at the Registration of Persons—Kowloon Office. The HAD survey focuses on the service needs and current situation of the new arrivals from the Mainland.

3. The results of these two surveys are presented in Part 1 and Part 2 of this report respectively.

Coverage

4. Statistics contained in Part 1 of this report are compiled from information provided by all OWPHs to the Immigration Department when they first enter Hong Kong. Findings in Part 2 refer to the successfully interviewed new arrivals in the survey conducted by HAD. The target respondents of this survey are new arrivals from the Mainland aged 11 and over who have arrived in Hong Kong for less than one year when they apply for the Hong Kong Identity Card at the Registration of Persons—Kowloon Office.

5. 在参阅有关数字时，必须留意这两套数字涵盖不同群组的新来港人士，特别是民政事务总署只反映统计调查中受访的十一岁及以上内地新来港定居人士的特征，因此不能与入境事务处统计作直接比较。

主要结果

第一部分：单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征（详细统计数字载于表一）

数目

6. 在二零二三年第一季共有9 191名单程通行证持有人抵港，平均每日102人。

年龄及性别结构

7. 儿童(指十五岁以下)的单程通行证持有人的比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为17.3%和19.9%。而二十五至四十四岁的单程通行证持有人的比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为44.6%和43.9%。内地新来港定居人士的年龄中位数字在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季同样是33。

8. 二零一八年和二零二三年第一季的单程通行证持有人的性别比率分别为每千名女性相对695名男性和每千名女性相对649名男性。

5. In reading the figures, it is important to note that the two sets of statistics refer to different groups of new arrivals. In particular, the HAD survey figures only reflect the characteristics of those new arrivals aged 11 and over who responded to the survey and are hence not directly comparable with those covered by the Immigration Department survey.

Major Findings

Part 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders (Detailed statistics are in Table 1).

Size

6. In Q1 2023, 9 191 OWPHs entered Hong Kong with a daily average of 102.

Age and Sex Structure

7. The proportions of children OWPHs (i.e. those aged below 15) were 17.3% and 19.9% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. As for the OWPHs aged between 25 and 44, the proportions were 44.6% and 43.9% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The median age for new arrivals from the Mainland was 33 in both 2018 and Q1 2023.

8. The sex ratio of OWPHs was 695 males per 1 000 females in 2018 and 649 males per 1 000 females in Q1 2023.

婚姻状况

9. 大部分十五岁及以上单程通行证持有人曾经结婚。二零一八年和二零二三年第一季的比例分别为81.1%和84.7%。

教育程度

10. 大部分十五岁及以上单程通行证持有人曾接受中学程度或以上教育，其比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为90%和90.4%，而曾接受大专或以上教育的十五岁及以上单程通行证持有人的比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为23%和27%。

经济活动身分／内地就业情况

11. 在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季报称曾在内地工作的十五岁及以上单程通行证持有人的比例分别是42.9%和28.9%。二零一八年和二零二三年第一季在内地没有工作的单程通行证持有人中，最多的同样是料理家务者。

12. 曾在内地工作的单程通行证持有人中，从事文员及售货员工作的比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别是34.6%和52.3%。二零一八年和二零二三年第一季从事专业及行政人员工作的比例分别是17.2%和17.9%。二零一八年和二零二三年第一季从事技工、建筑及生产人员工作的比例分别是9.2%和12.2%。

原籍省份

13. 大部分的单程通行证持有人原籍广东省，二零一八年和二零二三年第一季的比例分别是66.4%和70.7%。单程通行证持有人原籍福建省的比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别是11.4%和10.4%。

Marital Status

9. The majority of OWPBs aged 15 and over were or had been married. The proportions were 81.1% and 84.7% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively.

Educational Attainment

10. The majority of OWPBs aged 15 and over had attained secondary education or above. The proportions were 90% and 90.4% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The proportions of OWPBs aged 15 and over who had attained university or post-secondary education or above were 23% and 27% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively.

Activity Status / Occupation in the Mainland

11. The proportions of OWPBs aged 15 and over who reported that they had worked in the Mainland were 42.9% and 28.9% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. Most of the OWPBs who had not worked in the Mainland were homemakers in both 2018 and Q1 2023.

12. Among those OWPBs who worked in the Mainland, the proportions of clerical and sales staff were 34.6% and 52.3% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The proportions of professional, administrative and executive workers were 17.2% and 17.9% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The proportions of technicians, construction and production workers were 9.2% and 12.2% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively.

Province of Origin

13. The majority of OWPBs came from Guangdong Province. The proportions were 66.4% and 70.7% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The proportions of OWPBs with Fujian Province as the Province of Origin were 11.4% and 10.4% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively.

能否说广东话

14. 单程通行证持有人能说广东话的比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别是69.5%和64.7%。

在港亲属类别

15. 单程通行证计划的实施是为方便内地人士来港作家庭团聚。单程通行证持有人只有父/母在港的比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别是40.3%和35.3%。只有配偶在港的比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为32.9%和36.5%。至于有父母、配偶和/或子女的组合在港的比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为24.1%和25.5%。另外在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别有2.7%和2.8%单程通行证持有人只有子女在港。

有否居留权证明书

16. 与二零一八年5.7%的单程通行证持有人同时持有居留权证明书相比，二零二三年第一季的比例是4.8%。

第二部分：内地新来港定居人士的服务需求及现况（详细统计数字列于表二）

受访人数及回应率

17. 在二零二三年第一季，民政事务总署的统计调查访问了4 123名内地新来港定居人士。在同期内共有7 850名十一岁及以上单程通行证持有人抵港，回应率为52.5%。由于新来港人士的抵港日期和申请身份证的时间有差异，请注意回应率只是一个代指标。

Ability to Speak in Cantonese

14. The proportions of OWPBs who could speak Cantonese were 69.5% and 64.7% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively.

Type of Relatives in Hong Kong

15. The One-way Permit Scheme was implemented to enable mainlanders to come to Hong Kong for family reunion. The proportions of OWPBs with only parent(s) in Hong Kong were 40.3% and 35.3% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The proportions of OWPBs with only spouse in Hong Kong were 32.9% and 36.5% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. For those OWPBs with a combination of parent(s), and/or spouse and/or child(ren) in Hong Kong, the proportions were 24.1% and 25.5% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. There were another 2.7% and 2.8% of OWPBs in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively with only child(ren) in Hong Kong.

Whether with Certificate of Entitlement

16. In Q1 2023, 4.8% of OWPBs entered Hong Kong with Certificates of Entitlement, as compared with 5.7% in 2018.

Part 2: Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland (Detailed statistics are in Table 2)

Number of Respondents and Response Rate

17. 4 123 new arrivals from the Mainland responded to the HAD survey in Q1 2023. When compared with the number of OWPBs aged 11 and over who entered Hong Kong (7 850) in the same period, the response rate was 52.5%. Please note that the response rate is only a proxy indicator because there is a time lapse between the respondents arriving in Hong Kong and applying for the Hong Kong Identity Card.

在港居住地区

18. 在二零二三年第一季，最多受访者居住的三个地区是深水埗(14.8%)、观塘(12.3%)和元朗(8%)。

适应困难

19. 在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季，表示适应香港生活有困难的受访者的比例分别是59.8%和61%。而在二零二三年第一季的受访者中，最大困难是居住环境(51.8%)、工作(42.8%)和语言(35.1%)。

支援服务

20. 在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季的受访者中，需要支援服务的比例分别是66.9%和67%。而在二零二三年第一季的受访者中，需求最大的是申请租住公共房屋(44.3%)，其次是协助找寻工作(43.3%)和职业技能培训(41.9%)。

在香港就业计划

21. 在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季的受访者中，表示希望在香港工作的比例分别是59.5%和59%。在二零二三年第一季，他们主要希望从事批发、零售、进出口贸易、饮食及酒店业(43.1%)，其次是社区、社会及个人服务业(40.3%)和建筑业(28.3%)。

District of Residence in Hong Kong

18. The three districts where most respondents of Q1 2023 resided in were Sham Shui Po (14.8%), Kwun Tong (12.3%) and Yuen Long (8%).

Difficulties in Adaptation

19. The proportions of respondents who reported having difficulties in adapting to life in Hong Kong were 59.8% and 61% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The greatest difficulty encountered by respondents in Q1 2023 was living environment (51.8%), work (42.8%) and language (35.1%).

Supporting Service

20. The proportions of respondents who needed support services were 66.9% and 67% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. In Q1 2023, the most needed service was application for public housing (44.3%), followed by assistance in seeking employment (43.3%) and career training (41.9%).

Employment Plan in Hong Kong

21. The proportions of respondents who wished to work in Hong Kong were 59.5% and 59% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. In Q1 2023, most of them preferred to work in the wholesale, retail, import/export trade, restaurant and hotel sectors (43.1%), followed by community, social and personal services (40.3%) and construction (28.3%).

同住家庭人数¹

22. 居住在3人住户的受访者比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为29%和26.1%。居住在4人住户的受访者比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为25%和24.3%。而居住在2人住户的受访者比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为20.2%和24.6%。

¹ 同住家庭成员包括受访者及在香港与受访者同住的直系亲属如祖父母、父母、配偶、子女及未婚兄弟姊妹。

居住状况

23. 单程通行证持有人大部分是来港作家庭团聚。因此，最多单程通行证持有人与家庭成员同住，其比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为87.9%和89.9%。与家庭成员居住在亲友家中的受访者比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为10.1%和9.5%。

现居房屋由谁提供

24. 大部分的受访者的现居房屋是由自己或家庭成员租住。其比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别是76%和76.1%。现居房屋是由亲友提供的受访者的比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为12.3%和10.9%。而现居房屋是由自己或家庭成员购买的受访者的比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为11.4%和12.8%。

Number of Cohabiting Family Members¹

22. The proportions of respondents living in 3-person households were 29% and 26.1% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The proportions of respondents living in 4-person households were 25% and 24.3% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The proportions of those living in 2-person households were 20.2% and 24.6% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively.

¹ Cohabiting family members include the interviewee and his or her immediate family members such as grandparents, parents, spouse, children and unmarried siblings who live with the interviewee.

Present living condition

23. Since most OWPBs came to Hong Kong for family reunion, most OWPBs lived with family member(s). The proportions were 87.9% and 89.9% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The proportions of those who lived with family member(s) in their relatives' places were 10.1% and 9.5% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively.

Housing provision

24. The majority of the respondents reported that their current accommodation was either rented by themselves or their family member(s). The proportions were 76% and 76.1% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The proportions of those who reported that their current accommodation was either provided by relative(s) or friend(s) were 12.3% and 10.9% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. There were another 11.4% and 12.8% of respondents in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively reported that their current accommodation was either purchased by themselves or family member(s).

房屋类型

25. 大部分的受访者居于公营租住房屋。其相应数字在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别是47%和48.8%。而居于私人永久性房屋的受访者比例在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别是42.3%和37.4%。

家庭每月收入

26. 在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季，受访者的家庭每月入息中位数分别为港币12,200元和港币14,100元。

主要收入来源

27. 大部分的受访者报称以工资为主要家庭收入来源，其百分比在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为84%和84.9%。政府援助为主要家庭收入来源的受访者的百分比在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别为5.5%和4.6%。另外，在二零一八年和二零二三年第一季分别有3.5%和5.8%的受访者主要家庭收入来源为亲友援助。

如你对问卷所收集的资料有任何查询，请与民政事务总署二级统计主任联络（电话：2835 1604）。

Type of Housing

25. The most common type of housing occupied by respondents was public rental housing. The corresponding figures were 47% and 48.8% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The proportions of those who lived in private permanent housing were 42.3% and 37.4% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively.

Monthly Family Income

26. The median monthly household incomes for respondents were HK\$12,200 and HK\$14,100 in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively.

Main source of income

27. The majority of respondents reported that wages constituted their major source of household income. The percentages were 84% and 84.9% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. The percentages of respondents having government's assistance as the main source of household income were 5.5% and 4.6% in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively. There were another 3.5% and 5.8% of respondents in 2018 and Q1 2023 respectively having relatives' assistance as the main source of household income.

If you have any questions regarding the data collected in the survey, please contact Home Affairs Department Statistical Officer II (telephone: 2835 1604).

表一：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2018 – 1st Qtr. 2023

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2022		2023	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第四季 Q4		第一季 Q1	
单程通行证持有人数目 Number of One-way Permit holders														
男性Male	17 358		16 276		4 249		7 512		8 923		2 270		3 619	
女性Female	24 973		22 784		5 885		10 407		12 291		3 185		5 572	
总计Both sexes	42 331		39 060		10 134		17 919		21 214		5 455		9 191	
十五岁及以上单程通行证持有人数目 Number of One-way Permit holders aged 15 and over														
男性Male	13 519		12 250		3 101		5 413		6 620		1 753		2 650	
女性Female	21 483		19 108		4 873		8 613		10 209		2 728		4 715	
总计Both sexes	35 002		31 358		7 974		14 026		16 829		4 481		7 365	
<i>年龄及性别结构</i> <i>Age and sex structure</i>	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %
0-4 男性Male	1 386	8.0	1 484	9.1	412	9.7	846	11.3	630	7.1	153	6.7	286	7.9
女性Female	1 264	5.1	1 431	6.3	331	5.6	723	6.9	571	4.6	129	4.1	269	4.8
总计Both sexes	2 650	6.3	2 915	7.5	743	7.3	1 569	8.8	1 201	5.7	282	5.2	555	6.0
5-14 男性Male	2 453	14.1	2 542	15.6	736	17.3	1 253	16.7	1 673	18.7	364	16.0	683	18.9
女性Female	2 226	8.9	2 245	9.9	681	11.6	1 071	10.3	1 511	12.3	328	10.3	588	10.6
总计Both sexes	4 679	11.1	4 787	12.3	1 417	14.0	2 324	13.0	3 184	15.0	692	12.7	1 271	13.8
15-24 男性Male	3 336	19.2	2 929	18.0	737	17.3	1 244	16.6	1 668	18.7	351	15.5	575	15.9
女性Female	2 995	12.0	2 649	11.6	702	11.9	1 110	10.7	1 392	11.3	306	9.6	524	9.4
总计Both sexes	6 331	15.0	5 578	14.3	1 439	14.2	2 354	13.1	3 060	14.4	657	12.0	1 099	12.0
25-34 男性Male	2 331	13.4	2 201	13.5	611	14.4	1 094	14.6	1 246	14.0	305	13.4	451	12.5
女性Female	7 051	28.2	6 095	26.8	1 500	25.5	3 122	30.0	3 380	27.5	826	25.9	1 504	27.0
总计Both sexes	9 382	22.2	8 296	21.2	2 111	20.8	4 216	23.5	4 626	21.8	1 131	20.7	1 955	21.3
35-44 男性Male	3 369	19.4	2 885	17.7	670	15.8	1 252	16.7	1 561	17.5	444	19.6	658	18.2
女性Female	6 110	24.5	5 186	22.8	1 296	22.0	2 245	21.6	2 880	23.4	780	24.5	1 424	25.6
总计Both sexes	9 479	22.4	8 071	20.7	1 966	19.4	3 497	19.5	4 441	20.9	1 224	22.4	2 082	22.7
45-54 男性Male	2 773	16.0	2 532	15.6	664	15.6	1 134	15.1	1 331	14.9	363	16.0	537	14.8
女性Female	3 442	13.8	3 230	14.2	882	15.0	1 410	13.5	1 635	13.3	469	14.7	798	14.3
总计Both sexes	6 215	14.7	5 762	14.8	1 546	15.3	2 544	14.2	2 966	14.0	832	15.3	1 335	14.5
55-64 男性Male	1 160	6.7	1 144	7.0	269	6.3	506	6.7	581	6.5	196	8.6	288	8.0
女性Female	1 455	5.8	1 423	6.2	356	6.0	536	5.2	718	5.8	255	8.0	335	6.0
总计Both sexes	2 615	6.2	2 567	6.6	625	6.2	1 042	5.8	1 299	6.1	451	8.3	623	6.8
65+ 男性Male	550	3.2	559	3.4	150	3.5	183	2.4	233	2.6	94	4.1	141	3.9
女性Female	430	1.7	525	2.3	137	2.3	190	1.8	204	1.7	92	2.9	130	2.3
总计Both sexes	980	2.3	1 084	2.8	287	2.8	373	2.1	437	2.1	186	3.4	271	2.9

表一：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2018 – 1st Qtr. 2023

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2022		2023	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第四季 Q4		第一季 Q1	
	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %
性别比率（每千名女性相对的男性数目） Sex ratio (males per 1 000 females)	695		714		722		722		726		713		649	
年龄中位数 Median age														
男性 Male	32		31		30		29		29		33		31	
女性 Female	33		33		33		32		33		35		34	
总计 Both sexes	33		32		32		31		32		34		33	
婚姻状况（十五岁及以上） Marital status (aged 15 and over)														
从未结婚 Never married														
男性 Male	3 717	27.5	3 300	26.9	793	25.6	1 339	24.7	1 771	26.8	392	22.4	619	23.4
女性 Female	2 894	13.5	2 569	13.4	688	14.1	1 035	12.0	1 347	13.2	310	11.4	510	10.8
总计 Both sexes	6 611	18.9	5 869	18.7	1 481	18.6	2 374	16.9	3 118	18.5	702	15.7	1 129	15.3
曾经结婚 Ever married														
男性 Male	9 802	72.5	8 950	73.1	2 308	74.4	4 074	75.3	4 849	73.2	1 361	77.6	2 031	76.6
女性 Female	18 589	86.5	16 539	86.6	4 185	85.9	7 578	88.0	8 862	86.8	2 418	88.6	4 205	89.2
总计 Both sexes	28 391	81.1	25 489	81.3	6 493	81.4	11 652	83.1	13 711	81.5	3 779	84.3	6 236	84.7
教育程度（十五岁及以上） Educational attainment (aged 15 and over)														
未受教育／幼稚园 No schooling / kindergarten														
男性 Male	80	0.6	87	0.7	28	0.9	43	0.8	59	0.9	17	1.0	17	0.6
女性 Female	395	1.8	336	1.8	100	2.1	180	2.1	214	2.1	79	2.9	70	1.5
总计 Both sexes	475	1.4	423	1.3	128	1.6	223	1.6	273	1.6	96	2.1	87	1.2
小学 Primary														
男性 Male	855	6.3	762	6.2	195	6.3	400	7.4	520	7.9	171	9.8	179	6.8
女性 Female	2 176	10.1	1 789	9.4	463	9.5	815	9.5	989	9.7	279	10.2	440	9.3
总计 Both sexes	3 031	8.7	2 551	8.1	658	8.3	1 215	8.7	1 509	9.0	450	10.0	619	8.4
中学 Secondary														
男性 Male	9 529	70.5	8 419	68.7	2 233	72.0	3 799	70.2	4 565	69.0	1 148	65.5	1 798	67.8
女性 Female	13 908	64.7	12 222	64.0	3 236	66.4	5 621	65.3	6 256	61.3	1 612	59.1	2 871	60.9
总计 Both sexes	23 437	67.0	20 641	65.8	5 469	68.6	9 420	67.2	10 821	64.3	2 760	61.6	4 669	63.4

表一：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2018 – 1st Qtr. 2023

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2022		2023	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第四季 Q4		第一季 Q1	
	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %
大专或以上 University / post-secondary														
男性Male	3 055	22.6	2 982	24.3	645	20.8	1 171	21.6	1 476	22.3	417	23.8	656	24.8
女性Female	5 004	23.3	4 761	24.9	1 074	22.0	1 997	23.2	2 750	26.9	758	27.8	1 334	28.3
总计Both sexes	8 059	23.0	7 743	24.7	1 719	21.6	3 168	22.6	4 226	25.1	1 175	26.2	1 990	27.0
<i>经济活动身分／内地就业 情况（十五岁及以上） Activity status / occupation in the Mainland (aged 15 and over)</i>														
工作 Working														
专业及行政人员 Professional, administrative & executive workers														
男性Male	1 146	8.5	1 209	9.9	169	5.4	290	5.4	282	4.3	72	4.1	125	4.7
女性Female	1 431	6.7	1 389	7.3	196	4.0	420	4.9	510	5.0	129	4.7	256	5.4
总计Both sexes	2 577	7.4	2 598	8.3	365	4.6	710	5.1	792	4.7	201	4.5	381	5.2
技工、建筑及生产人员 Technicians, construction & production workers														
男性Male	1 150	8.5	1 173	9.6	477	15.4	821	15.2	695	10.5	202	11.5	195	7.4
女性Female	237	1.1	302	1.6	119	2.4	285	3.3	171	1.7	58	2.1	65	1.4
总计Both sexes	1 387	4.0	1 475	4.7	596	7.5	1 106	7.9	866	5.1	260	5.8	260	3.5
文员及售货员 Clerical & sales staff														
男性Male	1 749	12.9	2 427	19.8	190	6.1	498	9.2	772	11.7	202	11.5	441	16.6
女性Female	3 435	16.0	3 708	19.4	309	6.3	840	9.8	1 228	12.0	320	11.7	670	14.2
总计Both sexes	5 184	14.8	6 135	19.6	499	6.3	1 338	9.5	2 000	11.9	522	11.6	1 111	15.1
农民、猎人及渔人 Farmers, hunters & fishermen														
男性Male	895	6.6	743	6.1	92	3.0	204	3.8	287	4.3	87	5.0	112	4.2
女性Female	472	2.2	416	2.2	43	0.9	91	1.1	101	1.0	31	1.1	58	1.2
总计Both sexes	1 367	3.9	1 159	3.7	135	1.7	295	2.1	388	2.3	118	2.6	170	2.3
其他 Other occupations														
男性Male	2 842	21.0	1 557	12.7	263	8.5	62	1.1	390	5.9	100	5.7	127	4.8
女性Female	1 642	7.6	745	3.9	173	3.6	45	0.5	224	2.2	68	2.5	76	1.6
总计Both sexes	4 484	12.8	2 302	7.3	436	5.5	107	0.8	614	3.6	168	3.7	203	2.8

表一：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2018 – 1st Qtr. 2023

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2022		2023	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第四季 Q4		第一季 Q1	
	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
<i>小计</i> <i>Sub-total</i>														
男性Male	7 782	57.6	7 109	58.0	1 191	38.4	1 875	34.6	2 426	36.6	663	37.8	1 000	37.7
女性Female	7 217	33.6	6 560	34.3	840	17.2	1 681	19.5	2 234	21.9	606	22.2	1 125	23.9
总计Both sexes	14 999	42.9	13 669	43.6	2 031	25.5	3 556	25.4	4 660	27.7	1 269	28.3	2 125	28.9
没有工作 Not working														
学生 Students														
男性Male	2 229	16.5	2 054	16.8	533	17.2	844	15.6	1 174	17.7	238	13.6	418	15.8
女性Female	2 016	9.4	1 884	9.9	508	10.4	765	8.9	1 022	10.0	232	8.5	400	8.5
总计Both sexes	4 245	12.1	3 938	12.6	1 041	13.1	1 609	11.5	2 196	13.0	470	10.5	818	11.1
料理家务者 Home-makers														
男性Male	251	1.9	234	1.9	52	1.7	319	5.9	519	7.8	151	8.6	90	3.4
女性Female	8 684	40.4	7 097	37.1	2 578	52.9	3 967	46.1	4 460	43.7	1 179	43.2	1 650	35.0
总计Both sexes	8 935	25.5	7 331	23.4	2 630	33.0	4 286	30.6	4 979	29.6	1 330	29.7	1 740	23.6
退休人士 Retired persons														
男性Male	825	6.1	823	6.7	188	6.1	254	4.7	278	4.2	114	6.5	172	6.5
女性Female	941	4.4	1 006	5.3	227	4.7	300	3.5	342	3.3	137	5.0	229	4.9
总计Both sexes	1 766	5.0	1 829	5.8	415	5.2	554	3.9	620	3.7	251	5.6	401	5.4
其他 Others														
男性Male	2 432	18.0	2 030	16.6	1 137	36.7	2 121	39.2	2 223	33.6	587	33.5	970	36.6
女性Female	2 625	12.2	2 561	13.4	720	14.8	1 900	22.1	2 151	21.1	574	21.0	1 311	27.8
总计Both sexes	5 057	14.4	4 591	14.6	1 857	23.3	4 021	28.7	4 374	26.0	1 161	25.9	2 281	31.0
<i>小计</i> <i>Sub-total</i>														
男性Male	5 737	42.4	5 141	42.0	1 910	61.6	3 538	65.4	4 194	63.4	1 090	62.2	1 650	62.3
女性Female	14 266	66.4	12 548	65.7	4 033	82.8	6 932	80.5	7 975	78.1	2 122	77.8	3 590	76.1
总计Both sexes	20 003	57.1	17 689	56.4	5 943	74.5	10 470	74.6	12 169	72.3	3 212	71.7	5 240	71.1
原籍省份 Province of origin														
广东省 Guangdong Province														
男性Male	12 329	71.0	11 391	70.0	2 538	59.7	5 800	77.2	6 668	74.7	1 596	70.3	2 589	71.5
女性Female	15 779	63.2	14 372	63.1	3 178	54.0	7 814	75.1	8 905	72.5	2 098	65.9	3 906	70.1
总计Both sexes	28 108	66.4	25 763	66.0	5 716	56.4	13 614	76.0	15 573	73.4	3 694	67.7	6 495	70.7
福建省 Fujian Province														
男性Male	2 348	13.5	2 285	14.0	808	19.0	667	8.9	1 122	12.6	348	15.3	495	13.7
女性Female	2 474	9.9	2 388	10.5	768	13.1	665	6.4	1 130	9.2	376	11.8	464	8.3
总计Both sexes	4 822	11.4	4 673	12.0	1 576	15.6	1 332	7.4	2 252	10.6	724	13.3	959	10.4

表一：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2018 – 1st Qtr. 2023

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2022		2023	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第四季 Q4		第一季 Q1	
	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %
湖南省 Hunan Province														
男性Male	378	2.2	298	1.8	145	3.4	118	1.6	126	1.4	35	1.5	48	1.3
女性Female	1 272	5.1	1 063	4.7	396	6.7	340	3.3	297	2.4	74	2.3	125	2.2
总计Both sexes	1 650	3.9	1 361	3.5	541	5.3	458	2.6	423	2.0	109	2.0	173	1.9
广西壮族自治区 Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region														
男性Male	344	2.0	309	1.9	113	2.7	124	1.7	154	1.7	44	1.9	74	2.0
女性Female	869	3.5	743	3.3	282	4.8	246	2.4	369	3.0	99	3.1	213	3.8
总计Both sexes	1 213	2.9	1 052	2.7	395	3.9	370	2.1	523	2.5	143	2.6	287	3.1
湖北省 Hubei Province														
男性Male	219	1.3	282	1.7	95	2.2	87	1.2	101	1.1	36	1.6	55	1.5
女性Female	767	3.1	735	3.2	223	3.8	229	2.2	262	2.1	110	3.5	155	2.8
总计Both sexes	986	2.3	1 017	2.6	318	3.1	316	1.8	363	1.7	146	2.7	210	2.3
四川省 Sichuan Province														
男性Male	207	1.2	192	1.2	100	2.4	79	1.1	81	0.9	24	1.1	39	1.1
女性Female	773	3.1	660	2.9	219	3.7	181	1.7	192	1.6	62	1.9	119	2.1
总计Both sexes	980	2.3	852	2.2	319	3.1	260	1.5	273	1.3	86	1.6	158	1.7
海南省 Hainan Province														
男性Male	332	1.9	357	2.2	114	2.7	204	2.7	149	1.7	36	1.6	68	1.9
女性Female	407	1.6	433	1.9	140	2.4	214	2.1	163	1.3	41	1.3	50	0.9
总计Both sexes	739	1.7	790	2.0	254	2.5	418	2.3	312	1.5	77	1.4	118	1.3
重庆市 Chongqing														
男性Male	142	0.8	105	0.6	31	0.7	34	0.5	82	0.9	20	0.9	31	0.9
女性Female	375	1.5	325	1.4	92	1.6	104	1.0	216	1.8	59	1.9	102	1.8
总计Both sexes	517	1.2	430	1.1	123	1.2	138	0.8	298	1.4	79	1.4	133	1.4
其他 Others														
男性Male	1 059	6.1	1 057	6.5	305	7.2	399	5.3	440	4.9	131	5.8	220	6.1
女性Female	2 257	9.0	2 065	9.1	587	10.0	614	5.9	757	6.2	266	8.4	438	7.9
总计Both sexes	3 316	7.8	3 122	8.0	892	8.8	1 013	5.7	1 197	5.6	397	7.3	658	7.2
能否说广东话 Ability to speak in Cantonese														
会 Yes														
男性Male	11 299	65.1	10 486	64.4	2 378	56.0	5 019	66.8	5 397	60.5	1 289	56.8	2 094	57.9
女性Female	18 100	72.5	16 160	70.9	3 783	64.3	7 723	74.2	8 497	69.1	2 100	65.9	3 855	69.2
总计Both sexes	29 399	69.5	26 646	68.2	6 161	60.8	12 742	71.1	13 894	65.5	3 389	62.1	5 949	64.7

表一：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2018 – 1st Qtr. 2023

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2022		2023	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第四季 Q4		第一季 Q1	
	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %
不会 No														
男性Male	6 059	34.9	5 790	35.6	1 871	44.0	2 493	33.2	3 526	39.5	981	43.2	1 525	42.1
女性Female	6 873	27.5	6 624	29.1	2 102	35.7	2 684	25.8	3 794	30.9	1 085	34.1	1 717	30.8
总计Both sexes	12 932	30.5	12 414	31.8	3 973	39.2	5 177	28.9	7 320	34.5	2 066	37.9	3 242	35.3
<i>在港亲属类别</i> <i>Type of relatives in Hong Kong</i>														
只有父/母在港 With only parent(s) in HK														
男性Male	9 487	54.7	8 960	55.1	2 249	52.9	3 898	51.9	4 513	50.6	1 079	47.5	1 804	49.8
女性Female	7 572	30.3	7 094	31.1	1 874	31.8	2 976	28.6	3 606	29.3	837	26.3	1 441	25.9
总计Both sexes	17 059	40.3	16 054	41.1	4 123	40.7	6 874	38.4	8 119	38.3	1 916	35.1	3 245	35.3
只有配偶在港 With only spouse in HK														
男性Male	4 401	25.4	4 132	25.4	1 113	26.2	2 027	27.0	2 729	30.6	726	32.0	1 064	29.4
女性Female	9 516	38.1	8 667	38.0	2 256	38.3	4 080	39.2	4 928	40.1	1 379	43.3	2 287	41.0
总计Both sexes	13 917	32.9	12 799	32.8	3 369	33.2	6 107	34.1	7 657	36.1	2 105	38.6	3 351	36.5
只有子女在港 With only child(ren) in HK														
男性Male	468	2.7	535	3.3	137	3.2	101	1.3	153	1.7	55	2.4	97	2.7
女性Female	676	2.7	768	3.4	174	3.0	193	1.9	245	2.0	106	3.3	157	2.8
总计Both sexes	1 144	2.7	1 303	3.3	311	3.1	294	1.6	398	1.9	161	3.0	254	2.8
有父母、配偶和/或子女的组合在港 With a combination of parent(s) and/or spouse and/or child(ren) in HK														
男性Male	2 992	17.2	2 637	16.2	744	17.5	1 479	19.7	1 520	17.0	409	18.0	654	18.1
女性Female	7 205	28.9	6 250	27.4	1 575	26.8	3 146	30.2	3 510	28.6	862	27.1	1 687	30.3
总计Both sexes	10 197	24.1	8 887	22.8	2 319	22.9	4 625	25.8	5 030	23.7	1 271	23.3	2 341	25.5
没有近亲在港 With no next of kin in HK														
男性Male	10	0.1	12	0.1	6	0.1	7	0.1	8	0.1	1	*	-	-
女性Female	4	*	5	*	6	0.1	12	0.1	2	*	1	*	-	-
总计Both sexes	14	*	17	*	12	0.1	19	0.1	10	*	2	*	-	-
<i>有否居留权证明书</i> <i>Whether with Certificate of Entitlement</i>														
有 Yes														
男性Male	1 246	7.2	1 463	9.0	475	11.2	704	9.4	524	5.9	97	4.3	231	6.4
女性Female	1 161	4.6	1 397	6.1	416	7.1	650	6.2	460	3.7	89	2.8	209	3.8
总计Both sexes	2 407	5.7	2 860	7.3	891	8.8	1 354	7.6	984	4.6	186	3.4	440	4.8

表一：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2018 – 1st Qtr. 2023

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022		2022		2023	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第四季 Q4		第一季 Q1	
	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %
没有 No														
男性 Male	16 112	92.8	14 813	91.0	3 774	88.8	6 808	90.6	8 399	94.1	2 173	95.7	3 388	93.6
女性 Female	23 812	95.4	21 387	93.9	5 469	92.9	9 757	93.8	11 831	96.3	3 096	97.2	5 363	96.2
总计 Both sexes	39 924	94.3	36 200	92.7	9 243	91.2	16 565	92.4	20 230	95.4	5 269	96.6	8 751	95.2

注释：(1) 百分比数字显示在该性别总计中所占的百分比。

(2) 由于四舍五入关系，统计表内个别项目的数字加起来可能与总数略有出入。

(3) * 少于0.05%。

(4) - 不适用。

Notes: (1) Percentages are represented in respect of the gender total.

(2) There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.

(3) * Less than 0.05%.

(4) - Not applicable.

表二：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2018 – Q1 2023

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022		2023
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1	
受访内地新来港定居人士数目 Number of responded new arrivals from the Mainland								
男性 Male	11 952	10 731	2 443	4 396	4 723	1 177		1 500
女性 Female	17 881	16 274	3 663	6 841	7 108	1 784		2 623
总计 Both sexes	29 833	27 005	6 106	11 237	11 831	2 961		4 123
于同期来港的十一岁及以上单程通行证持有人数目 Number of OWPBs aged 11 and above entering HK in the same period								
男性 Male	14 600	13 319	3 426	5 940	7 269	1 876		2 904
女性 Female	22 482	20 069	5 162	9 051	10 817	2 865		4 946
总计 Both sexes	37 082	33 388	8 588	14 991	18 086	4 741		7 850
回应率 Response rate (%)								
男性 Male	81.9	80.6	71.3	74.0	65.0	62.7		51.7
女性 Female	79.5	81.1	71.0	75.6	65.7	62.3		53.0
总计 Both sexes	80.5	80.9	71.1	75.0	65.4	62.5		52.5
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
在港居住地区 District of Residence in Hong Kong								
中西区 Central & Western								
男性 Male	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.1	1.2	1.4		1.1
女性 Female	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.2	1.4		1.0
总计 Both sexes	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.2	1.4		1.0
东区 Eastern								
男性 Male	4.9	5.1	5.4	4.0	3.5	3.3		4.5
女性 Female	4.9	4.7	5.2	3.8	3.9	4.3		3.9
总计 Both sexes	4.9	4.8	5.3	3.9	3.8	3.9		4.1
湾仔 Wan Chai								
男性 Male	0.8	0.9	0.5	1.0	1.0	0.9		0.9
女性 Female	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.7	0.6		0.8
总计 Both sexes	0.9	1.0	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.7		0.8
南区 Southern								
男性 Male	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.3	1.6	1.6		1.4
女性 Female	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.6		2.0
总计 Both sexes	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.6		1.8
观塘 Kwun Tong								
男性 Male	14.4	14.0	11.8	14.0	13.1	14.1		12.8
女性 Female	12.4	12.7	12.2	12.8	13.0	12.8		12.0
总计 Both sexes	13.2	13.2	12.0	13.3	13.0	13.3		12.3
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong								
男性 Male	6.8	6.6	8.4	7.4	6.6	6.7		5.9
女性 Female	5.1	5.4	6.6	6.4	5.6	5.1		5.5
总计 Both sexes	5.8	5.9	7.3	6.8	6.0	5.7		5.6
深水埗 Sham Shui Po								
男性 Male	14.4	13.9	14.0	16.8	16.2	16.5		17.6
女性 Female	10.2	11.3	10.0	12.5	13.2	11.4		13.2
总计 Both sexes	11.8	12.3	11.6	14.2	14.4	13.4		14.8
九龙城 Kowloon City								
男性 Male	6.7	6.9	7.3	6.6	6.5	7.5		7.0
女性 Female	6.2	6.4	6.5	5.5	6.2	6.5		6.1
总计 Both sexes	6.4	6.6	6.8	5.9	6.3	6.9		6.5
黄大仙 Wong Tai Sin								
男性 Male	6.0	5.3	4.8	5.7	5.4	5.9		6.1
女性 Female	6.5	6.1	5.7	6.4	6.3	6.3		7.0
总计 Both sexes	6.3	5.8	5.3	6.1	5.9	6.1		6.7

表二：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2018 – Q1 2023

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
在港居住地区 District of Residence in Hong Kong							
北区 North							
男性 Male	6.1	6.1	5.2	6.2	6.9	6.7	7.7
女性 Female	6.7	6.5	6.9	6.5	6.7	8.0	7.9
总计 Both sexes	6.4	6.3	6.2	6.4	6.8	7.5	7.8
西贡 Sai Kung							
男性 Male	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.0	2.7
女性 Female	3.6	3.6	3.1	3.8	2.9	3.3	3.5
总计 Both sexes	3.2	3.2	2.8	3.3	2.7	2.8	3.3
沙田 Sha Tin							
男性 Male	6.4	6.3	6.0	5.3	6.9	7.1	5.1
女性 Female	7.6	7.8	7.0	6.6	6.5	7.0	6.7
总计 Both sexes	7.1	7.2	6.6	6.1	6.6	7.0	6.1
元朗 Yuen Long							
男性 Male	7.1	7.5	7.9	7.2	6.6	6.2	6.7
女性 Female	9.1	9.1	8.8	8.9	9.1	9.1	8.8
总计 Both sexes	8.3	8.5	8.5	8.2	8.1	8.0	8.0
屯门 Tuen Mun							
男性 Male	5.1	5.1	4.4	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.8
女性 Female	6.6	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.0	6.8	5.7
总计 Both sexes	6.0	5.7	5.4	5.7	5.8	6.2	5.7
大埔 Tai Po							
男性 Male	2.7	2.9	2.7	3.2	3.4	3.5	2.3
女性 Female	3.6	3.2	3.4	3.7	3.3	2.9	3.2
总计 Both sexes	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.9
荃湾 Tsuen Wan							
男性 Male	6.5	6.5	9.9	5.9	7.0	5.6	6.3
女性 Female	6.1	5.3	6.9	5.4	6.0	5.2	4.8
总计 Both sexes	6.2	5.8	8.1	5.6	6.4	5.3	5.4
葵青 Kwai Tsing							
男性 Male	5.5	5.8	4.9	5.1	5.2	4.4	4.9
女性 Female	6.1	6.1	5.8	6.6	6.2	6.9	6.4
总计 Both sexes	5.9	6.0	5.5	6.0	5.8	5.9	5.8
离岛 Islands							
男性 Male	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.5	1.1	1.2	1.2
女性 Female	1.2	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.5
总计 Both sexes	1.1	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.0	1.4

表二：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2018 – Q1 2023

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1
适应困难 Difficulties in adaptation	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
有 Yes							
男性 Male	59.7	57.7	61.2	63.5	64.9	62.0	62.1
女性 Female	59.9	57.8	62.5	64.0	67.3	64.5	60.4
总计 Both sexes	59.8	57.8	62.0	63.8	66.3	63.5	61.0
困难 Difficulties							
语言 Language							
男性 Male	32.7	34.8	44.2	34.5	40.2	41.0	37.5
女性 Female	30.6	31.9	37.8	30.6	34.4	37.0	33.7
总计 Both sexes	31.5	33.1	40.3	32.1	36.7	38.6	35.1
生活习惯 Living habits							
男性 Male	18.1	17.4	16.8	17.2	19.8	18.6	18.3
女性 Female	21.4	19.6	18.8	20.5	21.3	21.2	20.0
总计 Both sexes	20.1	18.7	18.0	19.2	20.7	20.2	19.4
居住环境 Living environment							
男性 Male	51.0	50.0	47.6	54.2	58.0	55.8	51.0
女性 Female	53.4	52.3	50.5	56.8	56.5	53.4	52.3
总计 Both sexes	52.4	51.4	49.4	55.8	57.1	54.3	51.8
教育制度 Education system							
男性 Male	16.4	15.2	17.6	14.7	14.0	10.8	15.4
女性 Female	20.1	20.4	18.7	19.6	18.6	18.2	18.0
总计 Both sexes	18.6	18.3	18.3	17.7	16.8	15.3	17.0
家庭经济 Family finance							
男性 Male	23.7	25.5	28.7	29.5	29.8	26.6	27.1
女性 Female	28.8	28.2	33.7	32.9	31.0	27.2	28.0
总计 Both sexes	26.8	27.1	31.7	31.6	30.5	27.0	27.6
工作 Work							
男性 Male	37.9	34.6	35.9	39.0	33.5	37.0	40.6
女性 Female	36.0	34.4	36.2	40.5	38.1	37.5	44.1
总计 Both sexes	36.7	34.5	36.0	39.9	36.3	37.3	42.8
其他 Others							
男性 Male	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.3
女性 Female	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.9
总计 Both sexes	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.7

表二：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2018 – Q1 2023

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
支援服务 Supporting service							
需要 Needed							
男性 Male	66.3	64.6	66.5	65.6	69.1	66.3	67.2
女性 Female	67.3	65.3	67.6	69.5	74.3	73.9	66.8
总计 Both sexes	66.9	65.0	67.2	68.0	72.2	70.9	67.0
需要的支援服务 Needed Supporting Service							
申请租住公共房屋 Application for Public Housing							
男性 Male	51.2	54.7	53.8	50.6	51.9	54.0	45.5
女性 Female	49.8	52.2	51.7	47.9	47.6	44.5	43.6
总计 Both sexes	50.3	53.2	52.5	48.9	49.2	48.0	44.3
政府经济援助 Government financial assistance							
男性 Male	10.8	12.4	18.0	18.4	21.6	16.4	19.4
女性 Female	12.6	13.6	20.1	21.5	20.4	18.0	18.9
总计 Both sexes	11.9	13.1	19.3	20.3	20.8	17.4	19.1
入学协助 Enrolment in school							
男性 Male	17.2	16.9	17.2	18.0	20.3	16.3	22.1
女性 Female	16.6	17.3	15.1	18.7	20.7	19.7	21.7
总计 Both sexes	16.8	17.2	15.9	18.5	20.5	18.4	21.8
广东话学习班 Cantonese Course							
男性 Male	17.2	16.9	24.8	18.3	21.3	19.0	21.8
女性 Female	19.1	18.9	24.3	19.2	23.0	25.0	21.6
总计 Both sexes	18.4	18.1	24.5	18.9	22.3	22.7	21.7
英语学习班 English Course							
男性 Male	19.5	20.1	19.1	18.3	20.1	17.9	21.2
女性 Female	34.1	34.2	31.4	35.5	35.4	35.8	34.9
总计 Both sexes	28.3	28.6	26.5	29.0	29.5	29.2	29.9
协助找寻工作 Assistance in seeking employment							
男性 Male	43.0	39.4	38.1	40.5	36.0	37.7	42.9
女性 Female	39.3	36.3	40.0	41.3	39.6	38.4	43.5
总计 Both sexes	40.8	37.5	39.2	41.0	38.2	38.1	43.3
职业技能培训 Career training							
男性 Male	41.1	36.5	34.5	38.2	35.1	37.8	40.2
女性 Female	39.3	36.5	37.3	39.6	37.8	39.8	42.8
总计 Both sexes	40.0	36.5	36.2	39.1	36.8	39.0	41.9
医疗 Medical treatment							
男性 Male	8.9	10.1	11.4	10.7	11.7	13.1	12.0
女性 Female	13.8	13.9	14.6	14.9	15.3	15.9	14.1
总计 Both sexes	11.9	12.4	13.3	13.3	13.9	14.8	13.3
家庭服务 Family services							
男性 Male	2.1	2.0	3.9	2.7	3.2	2.7	3.6
女性 Female	4.0	4.1	5.0	6.0	6.4	5.7	6.5
总计 Both sexes	3.2	3.3	4.6	4.8	5.2	4.6	5.4
幼儿托管 Child care services							
男性 Male	1.9	1.8	2.5	2.0	2.1	2.7	2.5
女性 Female	6.9	7.3	6.2	8.8	8.3	6.8	9.2
总计 Both sexes	4.9	5.1	4.7	6.2	5.9	5.3	6.7
其他 Others							
男性 Male	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
女性 Female	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.6
总计 Both sexes	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5

表二：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2018 – Q1 2023

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
在香港就业计划 Employment plan in Hong Kong							
有 Yes							
男性 Male	65.2	63.9	62.0	67.0	68.7	72.8	61.7
女性 Female	55.7	54.0	56.5	59.2	61.3	62.8	57.5
总计 Both sexes	59.5	58.0	58.7	62.3	64.3	66.8	59.0
希望从事的行业类别 Type of aspired industry							
制造业 Manufacturing							
男性 Male	19.8	18.7	25.5	23.8	19.6	19.6	17.2
女性 Female	8.1	7.7	11.1	11.8	7.6	7.4	6.9
总计 Both sexes	13.2	12.5	17.2	16.8	12.7	12.7	10.8
建造业 Construction							
男性 Male	54.6	48.8	51.8	58.6	57.0	57.4	58.3
女性 Female	8.5	6.2	6.3	8.6	9.6	10.9	9.9
总计 Both sexes	28.7	24.9	25.6	29.7	29.9	31.0	28.3
批发、零售、进出口贸易、饮食及酒店业 Wholesale, retail, import/export trades, restaurants & hotels							
男性 Male	42.4	40.9	41.3	36.1	35.0	31.7	30.5
女性 Female	62.4	59.2	59.8	58.4	54.9	53.4	50.9
总计 Both sexes	53.6	51.2	52.0	49.0	46.4	44.0	43.1
运输、仓库及通讯业 Transport, storage & communications							
男性 Male	24.0	26.2	24.1	24.9	21.3	21.7	20.5
女性 Female	7.6	7.1	5.7	6.2	6.3	6.1	5.6
总计 Both sexes	14.8	15.4	13.5	14.1	12.7	12.8	11.3
金融、保险、地产及商用服务业 Financing, insurance, real estate & business services							
男性 Male	12.7	12.7	9.8	8.8	9.8	10.5	11.4
女性 Female	17.4	17.7	16.6	14.6	14.4	14.9	16.4
总计 Both sexes	15.3	15.5	13.7	12.1	12.4	13.0	14.5
社区、社会及个人服务业 Community, social & personal services							
男性 Male	23.5	23.0	20.9	18.4	17.1	19.4	20.5
女性 Female	45.2	46.4	47.7	52.6	49.5	50.9	52.4
总计 Both sexes	35.6	36.1	36.4	38.2	35.7	37.3	40.3
教学及有关的行业 Teaching or related services							
男性 Male	5.1	5.6	3.1	3.1	4.3	4.3	3.1
女性 Female	11.1	12.4	11.1	12.3	13.5	12.8	14.9
总计 Both sexes	8.4	9.4	7.7	8.4	9.5	9.2	10.4
其他 Others							
男性 Male	1.8	2.1	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.5
女性 Female	1.3	2.7	2.5	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.1
总计 Both sexes	1.5	2.4	2.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.3

表二：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2018 – Q1 2023

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1
同住家庭人数¹ Number of Cohabiting Family Members¹	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
1							
男性 Male	2.1	2.5	3.2	2.1	2.2	1.9	0.8
女性 Female	1.4	1.5	2.0	1.0	0.8	1.0	0.4
总计 Both sexes	1.7	1.9	2.5	1.4	1.3	1.3	0.6
2							
男性 Male	18.7	21.6	21.2	21.6	23.2	26.7	25.7
女性 Female	21.2	23.0	25.3	22.2	22.2	25.8	24.0
总计 Both sexes	20.2	22.4	23.7	22.0	22.6	26.2	24.6
3							
男性 Male	31.8	31.3	30.0	29.1	25.7	28.3	28.3
女性 Female	27.1	27.1	25.8	25.5	24.5	25.2	24.9
总计 Both sexes	29.0	28.8	27.5	26.9	25.0	26.4	26.1
4							
男性 Male	26.2	25.7	26.3	27.0	27.0	25.6	24.7
女性 Female	24.2	23.6	22.5	24.0	25.0	24.3	24.1
总计 Both sexes	25.0	24.4	24.0	25.2	25.8	24.8	24.3
5							
男性 Male	12.7	11.7	12.2	12.1	13.0	9.4	12.5
女性 Female	14.3	13.9	13.9	14.4	15.7	12.9	14.3
总计 Both sexes	13.7	13.0	13.2	13.5	14.6	11.6	13.6
6+							
男性 Male	8.5	7.2	7.1	8.1	8.9	8.1	8.0
女性 Female	11.8	10.9	10.5	12.9	11.8	10.8	12.3
总计 Both sexes	10.4	9.5	9.1	11.0	10.7	9.7	10.8
居住状况 Present living condition							
独居 Living alone							
男性 Male	0.8	0.8	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.3	0.5
女性 Female	0.6	0.5	0.9	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
总计 Both sexes	0.6	0.6	1.2	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.3
与家庭成员同住 Living with family member(s)							
男性 Male	85.0	83.5	82.8	85.5	83.2	85.7	85.7
女性 Female	89.8	89.2	88.9	91.6	91.1	91.6	92.3
总计 Both sexes	87.9	86.9	86.5	89.2	87.9	89.3	89.9
自己住在其他亲友家中 Living in relatives' places							
男性 Male	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.2	1.3	1.3	0.4
女性 Female	1.2	1.1	1.3	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.2
总计 Both sexes	1.4	1.4	1.5	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.3
自己与家庭成员居住在亲友家中 Both you and your family member(s) living in relatives' places							
男性 Male	12.5	13.9	13.7	12.0	14.7	12.7	13.3
女性 Female	8.5	9.1	8.8	7.3	8.2	7.6	7.2
总计 Both sexes	10.1	11.0	10.8	9.1	10.8	9.6	9.5

¹ 同住家庭成员包括受访者及在香港与受访者同住的直系亲属如祖父母、父母、配偶、子女及未婚兄弟姊妹。

¹ Cohabiting family members include the interviewee and his or her immediate family members such as grandparents, parents, spouse, children and unmarried siblings who live with the interviewee.

表二：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2018 – Q1 2023

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1
现居房屋由谁提供 Housing provision	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
自己或家庭成员购买 Purchased by themselves or family member(s)							
男性 Male	5.8	7.2	7.1	4.9	5.8	6.5	7.1
女性 Female	15.2	16.1	14.9	14.1	13.5	14.9	16.0
总计 Both sexes	11.4	12.6	11.8	10.5	10.4	11.6	12.8
自己或家庭成员租住 Rented by themselves or family member(s)							
男性 Male	78.9	75.5	75.2	80.6	77.0	78.7	78.0
女性 Female	74.0	71.9	72.6	76.6	76.8	75.9	75.0
总计 Both sexes	76.0	73.3	73.6	78.2	76.9	77.0	76.1
由雇主提供的 Provided by employer							
男性 Male	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.2
女性 Female	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2
总计 Both sexes	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2
由亲友提供的 Provided by relative(s)/friend(s)							
男性 Male	15.0	16.9	17.2	14.2	17.0	14.5	14.7
女性 Female	10.5	11.6	12.0	9.1	9.6	9.1	8.7
总计 Both sexes	12.3	13.7	14.1	11.1	12.6	11.3	10.9
房屋类型 Type of housing							
公营租住房屋 Public rental housing							
男性 Male	45.6	46.4	42.9	42.4	45.5	47.3	48.5
女性 Female	48.0	49.0	47.9	47.7	49.3	51.1	49.0
总计 Both sexes	47.0	48.0	45.9	45.6	47.8	49.6	48.8
居屋 Home-ownership scheme flat							
男性 Male	3.5	3.5	3.1	2.8	4.2	3.1	3.9
女性 Female	6.0	5.9	5.5	5.5	5.7	5.3	6.4
总计 Both sexes	5.0	5.0	4.5	4.5	5.1	4.5	5.5
中转房屋 Interim housing							
男性 Male	0.9	1.5	1.4	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.5
女性 Female	0.6	1.1	0.9	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3
总计 Both sexes	0.7	1.3	1.1	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.4
私人永久性房屋 Private permanent housing							
男性 Male	44.8	42.1	43.3	44.2	40.0	41.9	38.2
女性 Female	40.7	38.0	37.5	38.3	37.0	36.7	36.9
总计 Both sexes	42.3	39.6	39.8	40.6	38.2	38.7	37.4
其他 Others							
男性 Male	5.2	6.5	9.3	9.9	10.0	7.5	8.9
女性 Female	4.7	6.0	8.2	8.1	7.8	6.6	7.4
总计 Both sexes	5.0	6.1	8.7	8.8	8.7	6.9	7.9

表二：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2018 – Q1 2023

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022		2023	
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1		
家庭每月收入(港元) Monthly family income (HK\$)	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	
<3,000									
男性 Male	11.9	9.4	10.7	10.3	10.1	7.8		11.1	
女性 Female	7.5	6.4	8.0	6.3	6.5	5.5		6.5	
总计 Both sexes	9.3	7.6	9.1	7.9	7.9	6.5		8.2	
3,000–4,999									
男性 Male	4.0	4.8	4.9	3.6	4.3	4.1		4.1	
女性 Female	3.9	4.4	4.6	3.7	4.2	3.8		3.0	
总计 Both sexes	3.9	4.5	4.7	3.7	4.3	3.9		3.4	
5,000–6,999									
男性 Male	4.3	4.3	3.9	4.5	4.3	3.7		3.3	
女性 Female	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.8	2.7		2.2	
总计 Both sexes	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.6	3.4	3.1		2.6	
7,000–8,999									
男性 Male	7.3	7.3	5.8	5.1	4.7	4.3		3.0	
女性 Female	4.6	5.4	4.3	3.4	3.2	3.2		2.2	
总计 Both sexes	5.7	6.1	4.9	4.1	3.8	3.6		2.5	
9,000–10,999									
男性 Male	18.8	19.9	17.9	10.8	8.4	9.4		6.4	
女性 Female	16.0	15.2	13.8	7.3	5.9	6.5		5.1	
总计 Both sexes	17.1	17.1	15.5	8.7	6.9	7.7		5.6	
11,000–12,999									
男性 Male	19.2	14.8	19.2	24.6	18.0	17.6		14.6	
女性 Female	15.8	12.6	15.8	19.3	15.0	14.9		12.7	
总计 Both sexes	17.1	13.5	17.1	21.4	16.2	16.0		13.4	
13,000–14,999									
男性 Male	12.6	14.6	13.6	19.2	24.4	24.6		28.0	
女性 Female	12.7	14.0	13.0	18.4	20.8	21.7		23.8	
总计 Both sexes	12.6	14.2	13.2	18.7	22.2	22.8		25.3	
15,000+									
男性 Male	21.9	24.9	24.0	21.9	25.8	28.5		29.5	
女性 Female	36.6	39.3	37.8	38.7	41.6	41.7		44.5	
总计 Both sexes	30.8	33.7	32.3	31.9	35.3	36.4		39.0	
家庭月入中位数 (港元) Median monthly family income (HK\$)									
男性 Male	\$11,400	\$11,600	\$11,700	\$12,300	\$13,000	\$13,300		\$13,500	
女性 Female	\$12,900	\$13,500	\$13,100	\$13,800	\$14,200	\$14,200		\$14,500	
总计 Both sexes	\$12,200	\$12,700	\$12,500	\$13,100	\$13,700	\$13,800		\$14,100	

表二：二零一八年至二零二三年第一季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2018 – Q1 2023

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2022	2023
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第四季 Q4	第一季 Q1
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
主要收入来源 Main source of income							
工资 Wages							
男性 Male	80.6	82.3	81.7	80.0	78.8	82.2	80.6
女性 Female	86.2	87.2	85.9	86.6	85.5	85.7	87.4
总计 Both sexes	84.0	85.3	84.2	84.0	82.8	84.3	84.9
政府援助 Government's assistance							
男性 Male	6.1	6.3	6.3	7.3	5.9	6.4	5.5
女性 Female	5.1	5.0	4.8	5.5	5.0	6.3	4.1
总计 Both sexes	5.5	5.5	5.4	6.2	5.3	6.3	4.6
亲友援助 Relatives' assistance							
男性 Male	4.2	4.9	6.0	5.7	8.7	7.1	7.5
女性 Female	3.1	3.3	4.3	3.4	5.4	5.2	4.8
总计 Both sexes	3.5	4.0	5.0	4.3	6.8	6.0	5.8
其他 Others							
男性 Male	9.2	6.5	6.0	6.9	6.6	4.2	6.4
女性 Female	5.6	4.4	5.0	4.4	4.1	2.8	3.7
总计 Both sexes	7.0	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.1	3.4	4.7

注释：(1) 百分比数字显示在该性别总计中所占的百分比。

(2) 由于四舍五入关系，统计表内个别项目的数字加起来可能与总数略有出入。

(3) 某些分项统计数字由于涉及回应人数较少，在短期内有可能出现较大变动。

(4) * 少于0.05%。

(5) ** 以家庭月收入划分，细项分类仅代表受访者之性别。

Notes : (1) Percentages are represented in respect of the gender total.

(2) There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.

(3) Some breakdowns of statistics may be subject to larger short-term fluctuations due to the small number of respondents involved.

(4) * Less than 0.05%

(5) ** Categorized by monthly family income and sub-categorized by the gender of the respondents.