

民政事务总署及入境事务处
内地新来港定居人士的统计数字
(二零一九年第二季)

Home Affairs Department and Immigration Department
Statistics on New Arrivals from the Mainland
(Second Quarter of 2019)

引言

1. 入境事务处在罗湖边境出入境管制站设有数据搜集机制向所有持单程通行证首次抵港的人士搜集他们的人口及社会特征。

2. 此外，民政事务总署持续在人事登记处—九龙分处向申领身份证的抵港未足一年的十一岁及以上内地新来港人士进行统计调查，旨在找出他们的服务需求及现况。

3. 统计调查收集的资料分析结果分别载列于本报告的第一及第二部分。

涵盖范围

4. 本报告第一部分所载的统计数字，乃根据所有持单程通行证经罗湖边境出入境管制站首次抵港的人士向入境事务处提供的资料编制所得，而第二部分载列的结果则指民政事务总署成功访问内地新来港定居人士的统计调查。这个统计调查的受访对象为在人事登记处—九龙分处申领身份证的抵港未足一年的十一岁及以上内地新来港定居人士。

Introduction

1. A data collection mechanism has been set up by the Immigration Department to collect data on the demographic and social characteristics of one-way permit holders (OWPHs) when they first enter Hong Kong via the Lo Wu control point.

2. In addition, the Home Affairs Department (HAD) conducts a continuous survey on new arrivals from the Mainland aged 11 and over who have arrived in Hong Kong for less than one year when they apply for the Hong Kong Identity Card at the Registration of Persons—Kowloon Office. The HAD survey focuses on the service needs and current situation of the new arrivals from the Mainland.

3. The results of these two surveys are presented in Part 1 and Part 2 of this report respectively.

Coverage

4. Statistics contained in Part 1 of this report are compiled from information provided by all OWPHs to the Immigration Department when they first enter Hong Kong via the Lo Wu control point. Findings in Part 2 refer to the successfully interviewed new arrivals in the survey conducted by HAD. The target respondents of this survey are new arrivals from the Mainland aged 11 and over who have arrived in Hong Kong for less than one year when they apply for the Hong Kong Identity Card at the Registration of Persons—Kowloon Office.

5. 在参阅有关数字时，必须留意这两套数字涵盖不同群组的新来港人士，特别是民政事务总署只反映统计调查中受访的十一岁及以上内地新来港定居人士的特征，因此不能与入境事务处统计作直接比较。

主要结果

第一部分：单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征（详细统计数字载于表一）

数目

6. 在二零一九年第二季共有9 482名单程通行证持有人抵港，平均每日104人。

年龄及性别结构

7. 儿童(指十五岁以下)的单程通行证持有人的比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为19.4%和18.4%。而二十五至四十四岁的单程通行证持有人的比例在二零一四和二零一九年第二季分别为54.8%和44.4%。内地新来港定居人士的年龄中位数字在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为32和33。

8. 二零一四年和二零一九年第二季的单程通行证持有人的性别比率分别为每千名女性相对491名男性和每千名女性相对733名男性。

婚姻状况

9. 大部分十五岁及以上单程通行证持有人曾经结婚。二零一四年和二零一九年第二季的比例分别为86.5%和84.5%。

5. In reading the figures, it is important to note that the two sets of statistics refer to different groups of new arrivals. In particular, the HAD survey figures only reflect the characteristics of those new arrivals aged 11 and over who responded to the survey and are hence not directly comparable with those covered by the Immigration Department survey.

Major Findings

Part 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders (Detailed statistics are in Table 1).

Size

6. In Q2 2019, 9 482 OWPHs entered Hong Kong with a daily average of 104.

Age and Sex Structure

7. The proportions of children OWPHs (i.e. those aged below 15) were 19.4% and 18.4% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. As for the OWPHs aged between 25 and 44, the proportions were 54.8% and 44.4% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The median age for new arrivals from the Mainland was 32 and 33 in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively.

8. The sex ratio of OWPHs was 491 males per 1 000 females in 2014 and 733 males per 1 000 females in Q2 2019.

Marital Status

9. The majority of OWPHs aged 15 and over were or had been married. The proportions were 86.5% and 84.5% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively.

教育程度

10. 大部分十五岁及以上单程通行证持有人曾接受中学程度或以上教育，其比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为89.8%和90%，而曾接受大专或以上教育的十五岁及以上单程通行证持有人的比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为20.1%和23.1%。

经济活动身分／内地就业情况

11. 在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季报称曾在内地工作的十五岁及以上单程通行证持有人的比例分别是42.3%和45.9%。在内地没有工作的单程通行证持有人中，最多的是料理家务者。

12. 曾在内地工作的单程通行证持有人中，从事文员及售货员工作的比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别是25.7%和45.2%。二零一四年和二零一九年第二季从事专业及行政人员工作的比例分别是20.2%和18.5%。二零一四年和二零一九年第二季从事技工、建筑及生产人员工作的比例分别是8.1%和10.7%。

原籍省份

13. 大部分的单程通行证持有人原籍广东省，二零一四年和二零一九年第二季的比例分别是57.8%和66.5%。单程通行证持有人原籍福建省的比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别是9.6%和11.7%。

能否说广东话

14. 单程通行证持有人能说广东话的比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别是75.6%和69.8%。

Educational Attainment

10. The majority of OWPHs aged 15 and over had attained secondary education or above. The proportions were 89.8% and 90% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The proportions of OWPHs aged 15 and over who had attained university or post-secondary education or above were 20.1% and 23.1% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively.

Activity Status / Occupation in the Mainland

11. The proportions of OWPHs aged 15 and over who reported that they had worked in the Mainland were 42.3% and 45.9% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. Most of the OWPHs who had not worked in the Mainland were homemakers.

12. Among those OWPHs who worked in the Mainland, the proportions of clerical and sales staff were 25.7% and 45.2% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The proportions of professional, administrative and executive workers were 20.2% and 18.5% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The proportions of technicians, construction and production workers were 8.1% and 10.7% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively.

Province of Origin

13. The majority of OWPHs came from Guangdong Province. The proportions were 57.8% and 66.5% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The proportions of OWPHs with Fujian Province as the Province of Origin were 9.6% and 11.7% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively.

Ability to Speak in Cantonese

14. The proportions of OWPHs who could speak Cantonese were 75.6% and 69.8% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively.

在港亲属类别

15. 单程通行证计划的实施是为方便内地人士来港作家庭团聚。单程通行证持有人只有父/母在港的比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别是44.9%和39.2%。只有配偶在港的比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为26.7%和32.6%。至于有父母、配偶和/或子女的组合在港的比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为25.9%和24.1%。另外在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别有2%和4.1%单程通行证持有人只有子女在港。

有否居留权证明书

16. 与二零一四年12.2%的单程通行证持有人同时持有居留权证明书相比，二零一九年第二季的比例是8.4%。

第二部分：内地新来港定居人士的服务需求及现况（详细统计数字列于表二）

受访人数及回应率

17. 在二零一九年第二季，民政事务总署的统计调查访问了6 347名内地新来港定居人士。在同期内共有8 072名十一岁及以上单程通行证持有人抵港，回应率为78.6%。由于新来港人士的抵港日期和申请身份证的时间有差异，请注意回应率只是一个代指标。

在港居住地区

18. 在二零一九年第二季，最多受访者居住的三个地区是观塘(13.6%)、深水埗(13%)和元朗(8.8%)。

Type of Relatives in Hong Kong

15. The One-way Permit Scheme was implemented to enable mainlanders to come to Hong Kong for family reunion. The proportions of OWPBs with only parent(s) in Hong Kong were 44.9% and 39.2% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The proportions of OWPBs with only spouse in Hong Kong were 26.7% and 32.6% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. For those OWPBs with a combination of parent(s), and/or spouse and/or child(ren) in Hong Kong, the proportions were 25.9% and 24.1% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. There were another 2% and 4.1% of OWPBs in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively with only child(ren) in Hong Kong.

Whether with Certificate of Entitlement

16. In Q2 2019, 8.4% of OWPBs entered Hong Kong with Certificates of Entitlement, as compared with 12.2% in 2014.

Part 2: Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland (Detailed statistics are in Table 2)

Number of Respondents and Response Rate

17. 6 347 new arrivals from the Mainland responded to the HAD survey in Q2 2019. When compared with the number of OWPBs aged 11 and over who entered Hong Kong (8 072) in the same period, the response rate was 78.6%. Please note that the response rate is only a proxy indicator because there is a time lapse between the respondents arriving in Hong Kong and applying for the Hong Kong Identity Card.

District of Residence in Hong Kong

18. The three districts where most respondents of Q2 2019 resided in were Kwun Tong (13.6%), Sham Shui Po (13%) and Yuen Long (8.8%).

适应困难

19. 在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季，表示适应香港生活有困难的受访者的比例分别是63.8%和57.4%。而在二零一九年第二季的受访者中，最大困难是居住环境(53.3%)，其次是工作(36.1%)和语言(30.3%)。

支援服务

20. 在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季的受访者中，需要支援服务的比例分别是74%和65.4%。而在二零一九年第二季的受访者中，需求最大的是申请租住公共房屋(54.2%)，其次是协助找寻工作(39.2%)和职业技能培训(37.8%)。

在香港就业计划

21. 在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季的受访者中，表示希望在香港工作的比例分别是63.3%和62.2%。在二零一九年第二季，他们主要希望从事批发、零售、进出口贸易、饮食及酒店业(51.4%)，其次是社区、社会及个人服务业(37.6%)和制造业(25.1%)。

同住家庭人数¹

22. 居住在3人住户的受访者比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为30.2%和29.1%。居住在4人住户的受访者比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为23.2%和24%。而居住在2人住户的受访者比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为18.8%和23.6%。

¹ 同住家庭成员包括受访者及在香港与受访者同住的直系亲属如祖父母、父母、配偶、子女及未婚兄弟姊妹。

Difficulties in Adaptation

19. The proportions of respondents who reported having difficulties in adapting to life in Hong Kong were 63.8% and 57.4% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The greatest difficulty encountered by respondents in Q2 2019 was living environment (53.3%), followed by work (36.1%) and language (30.3%).

Supporting Service

20. The proportions of respondents who needed support services were 74% and 65.4% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. In Q2 2019, the most needed service was application for public housing (54.2%), followed by assistance in seeking employment (39.2%) and career training (37.8%).

Employment Plan in Hong Kong

21. The proportions of respondents who wished to work in Hong Kong were 63.3% and 62.2% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. In Q2 2019, most of them preferred to work in the wholesale, retail, import/export trade, restaurant and hotel sectors (51.4%), followed by community, social and personal services (37.6%) and construction (25.1%).

Number of Cohabiting Family Members¹

22. The proportions of respondents living in 3-person households were 30.2% and 29.1% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The proportions of respondents living in 4-person households were 23.2% and 24% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The proportions of those living in 2-person households were 18.8% and 23.6% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively.

¹ Cohabiting family members include the interviewee and his or her immediate family members such as grandparents, parents, spouse, children and unmarried siblings who live with the interviewee.

居住状况

23. 单程通行证持有人大部分是来港作家庭团聚。因此，最多单程通行证持有人与家庭成员同住，其比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为83.3%和87.1%。与家庭成员居住在亲友家中的受访者比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为15%和10.6%。

现居房屋由谁提供

24. 大部分的受访者的现居房屋是由自己或家庭成员租住。其比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别是67.1%和73%。现居房屋是由亲友提供的受访者的比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为16.3%和13.6%。而现居房屋是由自己或家庭成员购买的受访者的比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为16.7%和12.8%。

房屋类型

25. 大部分的受访者居于公营租住房屋。其相应数字在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别是56%和47.3%。而居于私人永久性房屋的受访者比例在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别是28.8%和40.6%。

Present living condition

23. Since most OWPBs came to Hong Kong for family reunion, most OWPBs lived with family member(s). The proportions were 83.3% and 87.1% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The proportions of those who lived with family member(s) in their relatives' places were 15% and 10.6% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively.

Housing provision

24. The majority of the respondents reported that their current accommodation was either rented by themselves or their family member(s). The proportions were 67.1% and 73% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The proportions of those who reported that their current accommodation was either provided by relative(s) or friend(s) were 16.3% and 13.6% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. There were another 16.7% and 12.8% of respondents in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively reported that their current accommodation was either purchased by themselves or family member(s).

Type of Housing

25. The most common type of housing occupied by respondents was public rental housing. The corresponding figures were 56% and 47.3% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The proportions of those who lived in private permanent housing were 28.8% and 40.6% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively.

家庭每月收入

26. 在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季，受访者的家庭每月入息中位数分别为港币9,200元和港币12,500元。

主要收入来源

27. 大部分的受访者报称以工资为主要家庭收入来源，其百分比在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为75.2%和84.7%。政府援助为主要家庭收入来源的受访者的百分比在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别为8.5%和5.9%。另外，在二零一四年和二零一九年第二季分别有9.3%和4.4%的受访者主要家庭收入来源为亲友援助。

如你对问卷所收集的资料有任何疑问，请与民政事务总署二级统计主任联络（电话：2835 1604）。

Monthly Family Income

26. The median monthly household incomes for respondents were HK\$9,200 and HK\$12,500 in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively.

Main source of income

27. The majority of respondents reported that wages constituted their major source of household income. The percentages were 75.2% and 84.7% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. The percentages of respondents having government's assistance as the main source of household income were 8.5% and 5.9% in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively. There were another 9.3% and 4.4% of respondents in 2014 and Q2 2019 respectively having relatives' assistance as the main source of household income.

If you have any questions regarding the data collected in the survey, please contact Home Affairs Department Statistical Officer II (telephone: 2835 1604).

表一：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2014 – 2nd Qtr. 2019

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2019	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第一季 Q1		第二季 Q2	
单程通行证持有人数目 Number of One-way Permit holders														
男性Male	13 342		13 121		22 999		19 030		17 358		4 561		4 010	
女性Female	27 154		25 217		34 388		27 941		24 973		6 500		5 472	
总计Both sexes	40 496		38 338		57 387		46 971		42 331		11 061		9 482	
十五岁及以上单程通行证持有人数目 Number of One-way Permit holders aged 15 and over														
男性Male	9 246		9 515		17 721		14 727		13 519		3 483		3 077	
女性Female	23 381		21 908		29 637		24 013		21 483		5 479		4 661	
总计Both sexes	32 627		31 423		47 358		38 740		35 002		8 962		7 738	
<i>年龄及性别结构</i> <i>Age and sex structure</i>	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %
0-4 男性Male	2 092	15.7	1 678	12.8	1 838	8.0	1 489	7.8	1 386	8.0	253	5.5	463	11.5
女性Female	1 890	7.0	1 569	6.2	1 703	5.0	1 446	5.2	1 264	5.1	292	4.5	399	7.3
总计Both sexes	3 982	9.8	3 247	8.5	3 541	6.2	2 935	6.2	2 650	6.3	545	4.9	862	9.1
5-14 男性Male	2 004	15.0	1 928	14.7	3 440	15.0	2 814	14.8	2 453	14.1	825	18.1	470	11.7
女性Female	1 883	6.9	1 740	6.9	3 048	8.9	2 482	8.9	2 226	8.9	729	11.2	412	7.5
总计Both sexes	3 887	9.6	3 668	9.6	6 488	11.3	5 296	11.3	4 679	11.1	1 554	14.0	882	9.3
15-24 男性Male	2 086	15.6	2 410	18.4	5 660	24.6	4 205	22.1	3 336	19.2	956	21.0	608	15.2
女性Female	2 321	8.5	2 380	9.4	5 160	15.0	3 777	13.5	2 995	12.0	895	13.8	488	8.9
总计Both sexes	4 407	10.9	4 790	12.5	10 820	18.9	7 982	17.0	6 331	15.0	1 851	16.7	1 096	11.6
25-34 男性Male	1 716	12.9	1 808	13.8	2 069	9.0	1 860	9.8	2 331	13.4	582	12.8	616	15.4
女性Female	9 649	35.5	8 644	34.3	9 370	27.2	7 645	27.4	7 051	28.2	1 730	26.6	1 593	29.1
总计Both sexes	11 365	28.1	10 452	27.3	11 439	19.9	9 505	20.2	9 382	22.2	2 312	20.9	2 209	23.3
35-44 男性Male	3 244	24.3	2 676	20.4	3 725	16.2	3 335	17.5	3 369	19.4	802	17.6	761	19.0
女性Female	7 587	27.9	6 911	27.4	8 299	24.1	6 722	24.1	6 110	24.5	1 513	23.3	1 237	22.6
总计Both sexes	10 831	26.7	9 587	25.0	12 024	21.0	10 057	21.4	9 479	22.4	2 315	20.9	1 998	21.1
45-54 男性Male	1 291	9.7	1 650	12.6	4 189	18.2	3 204	16.8	2 773	16.0	729	16.0	633	15.8
女性Female	2 420	8.9	2 686	10.7	4 700	13.7	3 784	13.5	3 442	13.8	881	13.6	822	15.0
总计Both sexes	3 711	9.2	4 336	11.3	8 889	15.5	6 988	14.9	6 215	14.7	1 610	14.6	1 455	15.3
55-64 男性Male	665	5.0	709	5.4	1 492	6.5	1 474	7.7	1 160	6.7	281	6.2	303	7.6
女性Female	1 125	4.1	1 012	4.0	1 674	4.9	1 596	5.7	1 455	5.8	339	5.2	387	7.1
总计Both sexes	1 790	4.4	1 721	4.5	3 166	5.5	3 070	6.5	2 615	6.2	620	5.6	690	7.3
65+ 男性Male	244	1.8	262	2.0	586	2.5	649	3.4	550	3.2	133	2.9	156	3.9
女性Female	279	1.0	275	1.1	434	1.3	489	1.8	430	1.7	121	1.9	134	2.4
总计Both sexes	523	1.3	537	1.4	1 020	1.8	1 138	2.4	980	2.3	254	2.3	290	3.1

表一：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2014 – 2nd Qtr. 2019

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2019	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第一季 Q1		第二季 Q2	
	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %
性别比率 (每千名女性相对的男性数目) Sex ratio (males per 1 000 females)	491		520		669		681		695		702		733	
年龄中位数 Median age														
男性 Male	29		28		28		31		32		30		33	
女性 Female	32		33		32		33		33		32		33	
总计 Both sexes	32		32		32		32		33		32		33	
婚姻状况 (十五岁及以上) Marital status (aged 15 and over)														
从未结婚 Never married														
男性 Male	2 307	25.0	2 603	27.4	5 829	32.9	4 351	29.5	3 717	27.5	1 035	29.7	737	24.0
女性 Female	2 106	9.0	2 144	9.8	4 854	16.4	3 534	14.7	2 894	13.5	876	16.0	461	9.9
总计 Both sexes	4 413	13.5	4 747	15.1	10 683	22.6	7 885	20.4	6 611	18.9	1 911	21.3	1 198	15.5
曾经结婚 Ever married														
男性 Male	6 939	75.0	6 912	72.6	11 892	67.1	10 376	70.5	9 802	72.5	2 448	70.3	2 340	76.0
女性 Female	21 275	91.0	19 764	90.2	24 783	83.6	20 479	85.3	18 589	86.5	4 603	84.0	4 200	90.1
总计 Both sexes	28 214	86.5	26 676	84.9	36 675	77.4	30 855	79.6	28 391	81.1	7 051	78.7	6 540	84.5
教育程度 (十五岁及以上) Educational attainment (aged 15 and over)														
未受教育/幼稚园 No schooling / kindergarten														
男性 Male	74	0.8	73	0.8	131	0.7	106	0.7	80	0.6	23	0.7	22	0.7
女性 Female	378	1.6	306	1.4	536	1.8	460	1.9	395	1.8	75	1.4	80	1.7
总计 Both sexes	452	1.4	379	1.2	667	1.4	566	1.5	475	1.4	98	1.1	102	1.3
小学 Primary														
男性 Male	629	6.8	635	6.7	1 392	7.9	1 171	8.0	855	6.3	205	5.9	185	6.0
女性 Female	2 253	9.6	2 237	10.2	3 533	11.9	2 626	10.9	2 176	10.1	490	8.9	487	10.4
总计 Both sexes	2 882	8.8	2 872	9.1	4 925	10.4	3 797	9.8	3 031	8.7	695	7.8	672	8.7
中学 Secondary														
男性 Male	6 516	70.5	6 692	70.3	12 678	71.5	10 419	70.7	9 529	70.5	2 373	68.1	2 164	70.3
女性 Female	16 224	69.4	14 943	68.2	19 808	66.8	15 872	66.1	13 908	64.7	3 454	63.0	3 012	64.6
总计 Both sexes	22 740	69.7	21 635	68.9	32 486	68.6	26 291	67.9	23 437	67.0	5 827	65.0	5 176	66.9

表一：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2014 – 2nd Qtr. 2019

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2019	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第一季 Q1		第二季 Q2	
	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %
大专或以上 University / post-secondary														
男性Male	2 027	21.9	2 115	22.2	3 520	19.9	3 031	20.6	3 055	22.6	882	25.3	706	22.9
女性Female	4 526	19.4	4 422	20.2	5 760	19.4	5 055	21.1	5 004	23.3	1 460	26.6	1 082	23.2
总计Both sexes	6 553	20.1	6 537	20.8	9 280	19.6	8 086	20.9	8 059	23.0	2 342	26.1	1 788	23.1
<i>经济活动身分/内地就业 情况 (十五岁及以上)</i> <i>Activity status / occupation in the Mainland (aged 15 and over)</i>														
工作 Working														
专业及行政人员 Professional, administrative & executive workers														
男性Male	1 027	11.1	779	8.2	1 546	8.7	1 185	8.0	1 146	8.5	373	10.7	316	10.3
女性Female	1 761	7.5	1 315	6.0	1 787	6.0	1 442	6.0	1 431	6.7	461	8.4	340	7.3
总计Both sexes	2 788	8.5	2 094	6.7	3 333	7.0	2 627	6.8	2 577	7.4	834	9.3	656	8.5
技工、建筑及生产人员 Technicians, construction & production workers														
男性Male	632	6.8	2 011	21.1	1 617	9.1	1 343	9.1	1 150	8.5	349	10.0	305	9.9
女性Female	484	2.1	1 535	7.0	504	1.7	391	1.6	237	1.1	105	1.9	74	1.6
总计Both sexes	1 116	3.4	3 546	11.3	2 121	4.5	1 734	4.5	1 387	4.0	454	5.1	379	4.9
文员及售货员 Clerical & sales staff														
男性Male	658	7.1	1 067	11.2	2 119	12.0	2 228	15.1	1 749	12.9	722	20.7	678	22.0
女性Female	2 890	12.4	3 545	16.2	4 234	14.3	4 127	17.2	3 435	16.0	1 090	19.9	925	19.8
总计Both sexes	3 548	10.9	4 612	14.7	6 353	13.4	6 355	16.4	5 184	14.8	1 812	20.2	1 603	20.7
农民、猎人及渔人 Farmers, hunters & fishermen														
男性Male	764	8.3	777	8.2	1 433	8.1	1 052	7.1	895	6.6	213	6.1	227	7.4
女性Female	800	3.4	710	3.2	941	3.2	644	2.7	472	2.2	116	2.1	109	2.3
总计Both sexes	1 564	4.8	1 487	4.7	2 374	5.0	1 696	4.4	1 367	3.9	329	3.7	336	4.3
其他 Other occupations														
男性Male	2 285	24.7	898	9.4	2 660	15.0	1 928	13.1	2 842	21.0	334	9.6	410	13.3
女性Female	2 488	10.6	789	3.6	1 737	5.9	1 046	4.4	1 642	7.6	162	3.0	165	3.5
总计Both sexes	4 773	14.6	1 687	5.4	4 397	9.3	2 974	7.7	4 484	12.8	496	5.5	575	7.4

表一：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2014 – 2nd Qtr. 2019

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2019	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第一季 Q1		第二季 Q2	
	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
<i>小计</i> <i>Sub-total</i>														
男性Male	5 366	58.0	5 532	58.1	9 375	52.9	7 736	52.5	7 782	57.6	1 991	57.2	1 936	62.9
女性Female	8 423	36.0	7 894	36.0	9 203	31.1	7 650	31.9	7 217	33.6	1 934	35.3	1 613	34.6
总计Both sexes	13 789	42.3	13 426	42.7	18 578	39.2	15 386	39.7	14 999	42.9	3 925	43.8	3 549	45.9
没有工作 Not working														
学生 Students														
男性Male	1 536	16.6	1 687	17.7	3 833	21.6	2 945	20.0	2 229	16.5	695	20.0	364	11.8
女性Female	1 508	6.4	1 491	6.8	3 596	12.1	2 678	11.2	2 016	9.4	664	12.1	294	6.3
总计Both sexes	3 044	9.3	3 178	10.1	7 429	15.7	5 623	14.5	4 245	12.1	1 359	15.2	658	8.5
料理家务者 Home-makers														
男性Male	478	5.2	387	4.1	411	2.3	358	2.4	251	1.9	47	1.3	72	2.3
女性Female	11 233	48.0	10 010	45.7	12 588	42.5	10 283	42.8	8 684	40.4	1 967	35.9	1 827	39.2
总计Both sexes	11 711	35.9	10 397	33.1	12 999	27.4	10 641	27.5	8 935	25.5	2 014	22.5	1 899	24.5
退休人士 Retired persons														
男性Male	258	2.8	312	3.3	910	5.1	963	6.5	825	6.1	200	5.7	217	7.1
女性Female	314	1.3	397	1.8	993	3.4	917	3.8	941	4.4	238	4.3	287	6.2
总计Both sexes	572	1.8	709	2.3	1 903	4.0	1 880	4.9	1 766	5.0	438	4.9	504	6.5
其他 Others														
男性Male	1 608	17.4	1 597	16.8	3 192	18.0	2 725	18.5	2 432	18.0	550	15.8	488	15.9
女性Female	1 903	8.1	2 116	9.7	3 257	11.0	2 485	10.3	2 625	12.2	676	12.3	640	13.7
总计Both sexes	3 511	10.8	3 713	11.8	6 449	13.6	5 210	13.4	5 057	14.4	1 226	13.7	1 128	14.6
<i>小计</i> <i>Sub-total</i>														
男性Male	3 880	42.0	3 983	41.9	8 346	47.1	6 991	47.5	5 737	42.4	1 492	42.8	1 141	37.1
女性Female	14 958	64.0	14 014	64.0	20 434	68.9	16 363	68.1	14 266	66.4	3 545	64.7	3 048	65.4
总计Both sexes	18 838	57.7	17 997	57.3	28 780	60.8	23 354	60.3	20 003	57.1	5 037	56.2	4 189	54.1
原籍省份 <i>Province of origin</i>														
广东省 Guangdong Province														
男性Male	8 685	65.1	8 298	63.2	15 716	68.3	13 530	71.1	12 329	71.0	3 264	71.6	2 867	71.5
女性Female	14 734	54.3	13 717	54.4	21 153	61.5	17 166	61.4	15 779	63.2	4 153	63.9	3 440	62.9
总计Both sexes	23 419	57.8	22 015	57.4	36 869	64.2	30 696	65.4	28 108	66.4	7 417	67.1	6 307	66.5
福建省 Fujian Province														
男性Male	1 581	11.8	2 084	15.9	4 296	18.7	2 773	14.6	2 348	13.5	656	14.4	548	13.7
女性Female	2 305	8.5	2 571	10.2	4 232	12.3	3 180	11.4	2 474	9.9	713	11.0	565	10.3
总计Both sexes	3 886	9.6	4 655	12.1	8 528	14.9	5 953	12.7	4 822	11.4	1 369	12.4	1 113	11.7

表一：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2014 – 2nd Qtr. 2019

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2019	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第一季 Q1		第二季 Q2	
	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %
湖南省 Hunan Province														
男性Male	512	3.8	408	3.1	425	1.8	374	2.0	378	2.2	67	1.5	67	1.7
女性Female	2 082	7.7	1 721	6.8	1 599	4.6	1 480	5.3	1 272	5.1	297	4.6	294	5.4
总计Both sexes	2 594	6.4	2 129	5.6	2 024	3.5	1 854	3.9	1 650	3.9	364	3.3	361	3.8
广西壮族自治区 Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region														
男性Male	362	2.7	350	2.7	375	1.6	330	1.7	344	2.0	68	1.5	75	1.9
女性Female	1 004	3.7	1 103	4.4	1 100	3.2	947	3.4	869	3.5	182	2.8	165	3.0
总计Both sexes	1 366	3.4	1 453	3.8	1 475	2.6	1 277	2.7	1 213	2.9	250	2.3	240	2.5
湖北省 Hubei Province														
男性Male	297	2.2	286	2.2	267	1.2	261	1.4	219	1.3	65	1.4	71	1.8
女性Female	1 348	5.0	1 223	4.8	1 210	3.5	960	3.4	767	3.1	194	3.0	165	3.0
总计Both sexes	1 645	4.1	1 509	3.9	1 477	2.6	1 221	2.6	986	2.3	259	2.3	236	2.5
四川省 Sichuan Province														
男性Male	304	2.3	235	1.8	222	1.0	231	1.2	207	1.2	34	0.7	56	1.4
女性Female	1 249	4.6	1 063	4.2	862	2.5	839	3.0	773	3.1	172	2.6	162	3.0
总计Both sexes	1 553	3.8	1 298	3.4	1 084	1.9	1 070	2.3	980	2.3	206	1.9	218	2.3
海南省 Hainan Province														
男性Male	283	2.1	325	2.5	442	1.9	382	2.0	332	1.9	126	2.8	73	1.8
女性Female	576	2.1	495	2.0	732	2.1	526	1.9	407	1.6	159	2.4	101	1.8
总计Both sexes	859	2.1	820	2.1	1 174	2.0	908	1.9	739	1.7	285	2.6	174	1.8
重庆市 Chongqing														
男性Male	146	1.1	166	1.3	182	0.8	134	0.7	142	0.8	27	0.6	21	0.5
女性Female	580	2.1	560	2.2	646	1.9	412	1.5	375	1.5	102	1.6	76	1.4
总计Both sexes	726	1.8	726	1.9	828	1.4	546	1.2	517	1.2	129	1.2	97	1.0
其他 Others														
男性Male	1 172	8.8	969	7.4	1 074	4.7	1 015	5.3	1 059	6.1	254	5.6	232	5.8
女性Female	3 276	12.1	2 764	11.0	2 854	8.3	2 431	8.7	2 257	9.0	528	8.1	504	9.2
总计Both sexes	4 448	11.0	3 733	9.7	3 928	6.8	3 446	7.3	3 316	7.8	782	7.1	736	7.8
能否说广东话 Ability to speak in Cantonese														
会 Yes														
男性Male	9 172	68.7	8 607	65.6	14 854	64.6	12 553	66.0	11 299	65.1	2 991	65.6	2 651	66.1
女性Female	21 438	78.9	19 351	76.7	25 111	73.0	20 160	72.2	18 100	72.5	4 597	70.7	3 971	72.6
总计Both sexes	30 610	75.6	27 958	72.9	39 965	69.6	32 713	69.6	29 399	69.5	7 588	68.6	6 622	69.8

表一：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2014 – 2nd Qtr. 2019

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2019	
	全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		全年 Annual		第一季 Q1		第二季 Q2	
	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比	数字	百分比
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
不会 No														
男性Male	4 170	31.3	4 514	34.4	8 145	35.4	6 477	34.0	6 059	34.9	1 570	34.4	1 359	33.9
女性Female	5 716	21.1	5 866	23.3	9 277	27.0	7 781	27.8	6 873	27.5	1 903	29.3	1 501	27.4
总计Both sexes	9 886	24.4	10 380	27.1	17 422	30.4	14 258	30.4	12 932	30.5	3 473	31.4	2 860	30.2
<i>在港亲属类别</i> <i>Type of relatives in Hong Kong</i>														
只有父/母在港 With only parent(s) in HK														
男性Male	9 081	68.1	8 207	62.5	12 457	54.2	9 869	51.9	9 487	54.7	2 514	55.1	2 191	54.6
女性Female	9 109	33.5	7 676	30.4	11 102	32.3	8 471	30.3	7 572	30.3	2 105	32.4	1 529	27.9
总计Both sexes	18 190	44.9	15 883	41.4	23 559	41.1	18 340	39.0	17 059	40.3	4 619	41.8	3 720	39.2
只有配偶在港 With only spouse in HK														
男性Male	1 633	12.2	2 211	16.9	6 648	28.9	5 539	29.1	4 401	25.4	1 219	26.7	986	24.6
女性Female	9 183	33.8	9 005	35.7	13 555	39.4	11 082	39.7	9 516	38.1	2 492	38.3	2 101	38.4
总计Both sexes	10 816	26.7	11 216	29.3	20 203	35.2	16 621	35.4	13 917	32.9	3 711	33.6	3 087	32.6
只有子女在港 With only child(ren) in HK														
男性Male	320	2.4	325	2.5	354	1.5	454	2.4	468	2.7	112	2.5	162	4.0
女性Female	485	1.8	456	1.8	547	1.6	630	2.3	676	2.7	179	2.8	226	4.1
总计Both sexes	805	2.0	781	2.0	901	1.6	1 084	2.3	1 144	2.7	291	2.6	388	4.1
有父母、配偶和/或子女的组合在港 With a combination of parent(s) and/or spouse and/or child(ren) in HK														
男性Male	2 198	16.5	2 315	17.6	3 458	15.0	3 140	16.5	2 992	17.2	711	15.6	668	16.7
女性Female	8 309	30.6	8 024	31.8	9 111	26.5	7 726	27.7	7 205	28.9	1 724	26.5	1 615	29.5
总计Both sexes	10 507	25.9	10 339	27.0	12 569	21.9	10 866	23.1	10 197	24.1	2 435	22.0	2 283	24.1
没有近亲在港 With no next of kin in HK														
男性Male	110	0.8	63	0.5	82	0.4	28	0.1	10	0.1	5	0.1	3	0.1
女性Female	68	0.3	56	0.2	73	0.2	32	0.1	4	*	-	-	1	*
总计Both sexes	178	0.4	119	0.3	155	0.3	60	0.1	14	*	5	*	4	*
<i>有否居留权证明书</i> <i>Whether with Certificate of Entitlement</i>														
有 Yes														
男性Male	2 536	19.0	1 918	14.6	1 802	7.8	1 441	7.6	1 246	7.2	238	5.2	421	10.5
女性Female	2 402	8.8	1 737	6.9	1 706	5.0	1 354	4.8	1 161	4.6	254	3.9	371	6.8
总计Both sexes	4 938	12.2	3 655	9.5	3 508	6.1	2 795	6.0	2 407	5.7	492	4.4	792	8.4

表一：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季单程通行证持有人的人口及社会特征

Table 1: Demographic and Social Characteristics of One-way Permit Holders, 2014 – 2nd Qtr. 2019

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019 第一季 Q1		2019 第二季 Q2	
	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %	数字 Number	百分比 %
没有 No														
男性 Male	10 806	81.0	11 203	85.4	21 197	92.2	17 589	92.4	16 112	92.8	4 323	94.8	3 589	89.5
女性 Female	24 752	91.2	23 480	93.1	32 682	95.0	26 587	95.2	23 812	95.4	6 246	96.1	5 101	93.2
总计 Both sexes	35 558	87.8	34 683	90.5	53 879	93.9	44 176	94.0	39 924	94.3	10 569	95.6	8 690	91.6

注释：(1) 百分比数字显示在该性别总计中所占的百分比。

(2) 由于四舍五入关系，统计表内个别项目的数字加起来可能与总数略有出入。

(3) * 少于0.05%。

(4) - 不适用。

Notes: (1) Percentages are represented in respect of the gender total.

(2) There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.

(3) * Less than 0.05%.

(4) - Not applicable.

表二：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2014 – Q2 2019

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2
受访内地新来港定居人士数目 Number of responded new arrivals from the Mainland							
男性 Male	6 797	7 498	15 003	12 782	11 952	3 230	2 548
女性 Female	16 523	16 340	24 148	20 130	17 881	4 959	3 799
总计 Both sexes	23 320	23 838	39 151	32 912	29 833	8 189	6 347
于同期来港的十一岁及以上单程通行证持有人数目 Number of OWPBs aged 11 and above entering HK in the same period							
男性 Male	10 227	10 452	19 486	16 064	14 600	3 850	3 251
女性 Female	24 250	22 699	31 133	25 181	22 482	5 814	4 821
总计 Both sexes	34 477	33 151	50 619	41 245	37 082	9 664	8 072
回应率 Response rate (%)							
男性 Male	66.5	71.7	77.0	79.6	81.9	83.9	78.4
女性 Female	68.1	72.0	77.6	79.9	79.5	85.3	78.8
总计 Both sexes	67.6	71.9	77.3	79.8	80.5	84.7	78.6
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
在港居住地区 District of Residence in Hong Kong							
中西区 Central & Western							
男性 Male	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.4
女性 Female	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.8
总计 Both sexes	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7
东区 Eastern							
男性 Male	5.1	6.4	6.6	5.3	4.9	5.2	5.1
女性 Female	5.6	5.6	6.2	5.3	4.9	4.6	4.5
总计 Both sexes	5.4	5.9	6.3	5.3	4.9	4.9	4.7
湾仔 Wan Chai							
男性 Male	1.1	0.7	1.0	0.8	0.8	1.1	0.7
女性 Female	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.1	0.9
总计 Both sexes	1.1	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.9	1.1	0.9
南区 Southern							
男性 Male	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.6	1.3
女性 Female	2.1	2.3	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6
总计 Both sexes	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.5
观塘 Kwun Tong							
男性 Male	14.5	15.4	15.1	14.2	14.4	14.0	14.9
女性 Female	12.3	12.6	13.0	12.7	12.4	12.9	12.8
总计 Both sexes	13.0	13.5	13.8	13.3	13.2	13.3	13.6
油尖旺 Yau Tsim Mong							
男性 Male	5.3	5.5	6.3	6.4	6.8	6.6	6.5
女性 Female	4.8	5.3	5.3	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.6
总计 Both sexes	5.0	5.4	5.7	5.6	5.8	5.7	5.9
深水埗 Sham Shui Po							
男性 Male	11.7	11.4	11.3	12.7	14.4	12.9	15.0
女性 Female	9.5	9.1	10.0	9.9	10.2	11.1	11.7
总计 Both sexes	10.2	9.9	10.5	11.0	11.8	11.8	13.0
九龙城 Kowloon City							
男性 Male	7.1	7.1	6.9	6.9	6.7	7.5	6.1
女性 Female	6.1	6.0	6.1	6.6	6.2	6.6	5.9
总计 Both sexes	6.4	6.3	6.4	6.7	6.4	7.0	6.0
黄大仙 Wong Tai Sin							
男性 Male	5.9	6.0	6.3	5.8	6.0	5.0	6.2
女性 Female	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.1	6.5	6.0	6.0
总计 Both sexes	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.0	6.3	5.6	6.1

表二：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2014 – Q2 2019

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
在港居住地区 District of Residence in Hong Kong							
北区 North							
男性 Male	5.8	5.7	4.9	5.7	6.1	6.0	6.2
女性 Female	6.6	6.1	5.7	6.3	6.7	6.5	6.9
总计 Both sexes	6.3	6.0	5.4	6.1	6.4	6.3	6.6
西贡 Sai Kung							
男性 Male	3.4	3.7	4.0	3.6	2.7	2.7	2.1
女性 Female	3.8	3.6	4.3	3.6	3.6	3.4	3.8
总计 Both sexes	3.7	3.6	4.2	3.6	3.2	3.1	3.1
沙田 Sha Tin							
男性 Male	6.6	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.4	6.5	5.9
女性 Female	7.2	7.2	6.9	7.4	7.6	7.6	7.4
总计 Both sexes	7.0	6.9	6.6	6.9	7.1	7.2	6.8
元朗 Yuen Long							
男性 Male	7.0	7.1	6.5	7.2	7.1	8.0	8.0
女性 Female	8.4	9.0	8.4	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.4
总计 Both sexes	8.0	8.4	7.7	8.3	8.3	8.6	8.8
屯门 Tuen Mun							
男性 Male	6.0	5.4	4.9	4.7	5.1	4.5	5.4
女性 Female	7.2	6.6	5.7	6.2	6.6	6.0	5.8
总计 Both sexes	6.8	6.2	5.4	5.6	6.0	5.4	5.7
大埔 Tai Po							
男性 Male	2.6	2.3	2.9	3.3	2.7	3.0	2.7
女性 Female	3.3	3.3	3.6	3.9	3.6	3.3	3.2
总计 Both sexes	3.1	3.0	3.3	3.6	3.2	3.2	3.0
荃湾 Tsuen Wan							
男性 Male	6.9	6.5	6.9	7.4	6.5	7.1	5.5
女性 Female	6.1	5.4	6.1	6.3	6.1	5.9	5.2
总计 Both sexes	6.3	5.8	6.4	6.7	6.2	6.3	5.3
葵青 Kwai Tsing							
男性 Male	6.5	6.3	6.0	5.9	5.5	4.9	5.8
女性 Female	6.4	7.3	6.6	6.3	6.1	6.1	5.4
总计 Both sexes	6.5	7.0	6.3	6.2	5.9	5.6	5.6
离岛 Islands							
男性 Male	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.3
女性 Female	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.6	1.9
总计 Both sexes	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.7

表二：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2014 – Q2 2019

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2
适应困难 Difficulties in adaptation	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
有 Yes							
男性 Male	62.2	56.9	60.6	61.2	59.7	61.0	57.7
女性 Female	64.5	58.5	60.9	60.3	59.9	61.6	57.2
总计 Both sexes	63.8	58.0	60.8	60.7	59.8	61.4	57.4
困难 Difficulties							
语言 Language							
男性 Male	30.4	35.3	34.7	34.6	32.7	34.4	31.1
女性 Female	26.3	28.6	30.7	31.5	30.6	31.4	29.8
总计 Both sexes	27.5	30.7	32.2	32.7	31.5	32.6	30.3
生活习惯 Living habits							
男性 Male	19.1	18.8	17.0	19.8	18.1	16.0	18.7
女性 Female	20.9	20.6	19.3	21.6	21.4	18.3	20.3
总计 Both sexes	20.4	20.0	18.4	20.9	20.1	17.4	19.7
居住环境 Living environment							
男性 Male	51.6	49.9	48.0	50.3	51.0	50.6	51.0
女性 Female	52.3	51.4	50.1	51.6	53.4	52.8	54.9
总计 Both sexes	52.1	50.9	49.3	51.1	52.4	51.9	53.3
教育制度 Education system							
男性 Male	17.3	15.9	19.6	16.1	16.4	16.0	13.3
女性 Female	20.0	19.8	21.8	20.2	20.1	21.0	20.0
总计 Both sexes	19.3	18.6	21.0	18.6	18.6	19.0	17.3
家庭经济 Family finance							
男性 Male	27.0	23.0	24.5	25.3	23.7	25.8	26.3
女性 Female	29.7	27.0	27.1	27.6	28.8	28.6	29.0
总计 Both sexes	28.9	25.7	26.1	26.7	26.8	27.5	27.9
工作 Work							
男性 Male	32.8	29.4	31.4	36.9	37.9	34.9	37.4
女性 Female	36.0	33.2	32.7	35.9	36.0	33.6	35.3
总计 Both sexes	35.1	32.0	32.2	36.3	36.7	34.1	36.1
其他 Others							
男性 Male	0.3	0.3	0.1	*	0.2	0.3	0.3
女性 Female	0.3	0.4	0.1	*	0.3	0.3	0.4
总计 Both sexes	0.3	0.4	0.1	*	0.2	0.3	0.4

表二：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2014 – Q2 2019

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
支援服务 Supporting service							
需要 Needed							
男性 Male	72.0	65.6	70.3	68.7	66.3	68.2	65.4
女性 Female	74.8	68.9	70.3	69.1	67.3	69.2	65.4
总计 Both sexes	74.0	67.9	70.3	68.9	66.9	68.8	65.4
需要的支援服务 Needed Supporting Service							
申请租住公共房屋 Application for Public Housing							
男性 Male	60.0	55.2	52.2	50.4	51.2	54.8	55.5
女性 Female	53.8	51.5	50.5	48.9	49.8	51.8	53.4
总计 Both sexes	55.5	52.6	51.2	49.5	50.3	52.9	54.2
政府经济援助 Government financial assistance							
男性 Male	12.8	10.5	10.8	10.2	10.8	13.2	11.2
女性 Female	12.3	11.0	11.3	11.2	12.6	14.0	12.9
总计 Both sexes	12.4	10.8	11.1	10.8	11.9	13.7	12.2
入学协助 Enrolment in school							
男性 Male	15.6	17.0	20.7	18.7	17.2	18.7	14.3
女性 Female	13.2	14.5	18.4	17.3	16.6	18.6	14.3
总计 Both sexes	13.9	15.3	19.3	17.9	16.8	18.6	14.3
广东话学习班 Cantonese Course							
男性 Male	14.4	16.9	16.0	15.9	17.2	17.1	15.4
女性 Female	14.3	16.4	17.0	17.5	19.1	19.6	17.3
总计 Both sexes	14.3	16.5	16.6	16.9	18.4	18.6	16.6
英语学习班 English Course							
男性 Male	22.7	20.1	18.6	20.0	19.5	21.9	18.8
女性 Female	34.4	34.2	31.4	33.6	34.1	33.8	33.9
总计 Both sexes	31.1	29.9	26.5	28.3	28.3	29.2	27.8
协助找寻工作 Assistance in seeking employment							
男性 Male	35.4	33.7	37.9	44.0	43.0	38.5	43.6
女性 Female	37.1	35.6	37.0	39.5	39.3	36.5	36.3
总计 Both sexes	36.6	35.0	37.4	41.2	40.8	37.2	39.2
职业技能培训 Career training							
男性 Male	31.9	31.0	32.2	40.0	41.1	37.0	38.8
女性 Female	36.1	35.8	35.1	39.1	39.3	36.6	37.1
总计 Both sexes	34.9	34.4	34.0	39.4	40.0	36.7	37.8
医疗 Medical treatment							
男性 Male	9.4	8.3	7.8	9.0	8.9	10.3	10.4
女性 Female	14.1	13.2	11.1	11.9	13.8	13.3	14.4
总计 Both sexes	12.8	11.7	9.8	10.8	11.9	12.1	12.8
家庭服务 Family services							
男性 Male	1.7	1.6	1.5	2.2	2.1	1.8	2.2
女性 Female	3.8	3.4	3.0	3.8	4.0	3.3	4.7
总计 Both sexes	3.2	2.9	2.4	3.2	3.2	2.7	3.7
幼儿托管 Child care services							
男性 Male	2.6	2.6	1.4	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0
女性 Female	8.7	8.4	5.9	6.6	6.9	7.3	8.6
总计 Both sexes	7.0	6.7	4.2	4.8	4.9	5.2	5.9
其他 Others							
男性 Male	0.2	0.4	0.1	*	0.1	*	0.1
女性 Female	0.1	0.3	0.1	*	0.2	0.1	0.2
总计 Both sexes	0.1	0.3	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	0.2

表二：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2014 – Q2 2019

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
在香港就业计划 Employment plan in Hong Kong							
有 Yes							
男性 Male	66.0	62.0	60.9	62.5	65.2	63.2	70.2
女性 Female	62.2	58.3	53.6	55.2	55.7	54.9	56.9
总计 Both sexes	63.3	59.4	56.4	58.0	59.5	58.2	62.2
希望从事的行业类别 Type of aspired industry							
制造业 Manufacturing							
男性 Male	14.8	14.0	18.1	19.8	19.8	19.8	17.8
女性 Female	6.0	5.2	6.5	7.6	8.1	8.4	7.7
总计 Both sexes	8.6	8.0	11.3	12.7	13.2	13.3	12.3
建造业 Construction							
男性 Male	40.5	43.4	55.6	55.7	54.6	50.0	47.9
女性 Female	3.7	4.3	7.0	7.6	8.5	6.6	6.2
总计 Both sexes	14.9	17.1	27.1	27.7	28.7	25.2	25.1
批发、零售、进出口贸易、饮食及酒店业 Wholesale, retail, import/export trades, restaurants & hotels							
男性 Male	40.2	40.3	39.1	41.9	42.4	42.1	41.9
女性 Female	64.4	65.4	66.4	63.6	62.4	60.1	59.2
总计 Both sexes	57.1	57.1	55.1	54.5	53.6	52.4	51.4
运输、仓库及通讯业 Transport, storage & communications							
男性 Male	25.5	23.9	24.1	25.7	24.0	24.3	27.9
女性 Female	4.3	5.4	7.1	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.4
总计 Both sexes	10.7	11.5	14.2	15.3	14.8	14.8	16.7
金融、保险、地产及商用服务业 Financing, insurance, real estate & business services							
男性 Male	10.5	13.3	13.1	14.0	12.7	12.2	13.3
女性 Female	12.0	14.1	16.2	17.2	17.4	18.8	17.0
总计 Both sexes	11.6	13.9	14.9	15.8	15.3	16.0	15.3
社区、社会及个人服务业 Community, social & personal services							
男性 Male	16.4	17.3	22.5	25.5	23.5	24.2	23.9
女性 Female	39.5	40.8	46.0	45.9	45.2	45.4	48.9
总计 Both sexes	32.5	33.1	36.3	37.3	35.6	36.3	37.6
教学及有关的行业 Teaching or related services							
男性 Male	3.7	4.8	5.2	6.3	5.1	6.2	5.4
女性 Female	8.5	9.1	11.1	11.5	11.1	12.4	12.4
总计 Both sexes	7.1	7.7	8.7	9.3	8.4	9.7	9.2
其他 Others							
男性 Male	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.4	1.8	1.4	1.5
女性 Female	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.3	1.3	1.5	2.0
总计 Both sexes	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.4	1.5	1.5	1.7

表二：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2014 – Q2 2019

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2
同住家庭人数¹ Number of Cohabiting Family Members¹	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
1							
男性 Male	2.1	2.6	2.2	2.0	2.1	1.8	3.1
女性 Female	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.9
总计 Both sexes	1.8	2.1	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.6	2.4
2							
男性 Male	16.0	17.6	18.6	20.1	18.7	20.7	22.4
女性 Female	20.0	20.4	20.6	21.4	21.2	21.8	24.4
总计 Both sexes	18.8	19.5	19.8	20.9	20.2	21.4	23.6
3							
男性 Male	29.1	28.3	26.9	28.6	31.8	30.7	32.9
女性 Female	30.6	30.9	26.5	26.8	27.1	26.8	26.6
总计 Both sexes	30.2	30.1	26.7	27.5	29.0	28.3	29.1
4							
男性 Male	25.6	27.8	28.4	27.6	26.2	26.0	24.5
女性 Female	22.1	21.9	24.1	24.6	24.2	23.9	23.6
总计 Both sexes	23.2	23.8	25.8	25.8	25.0	24.7	24.0
5							
男性 Male	14.5	13.5	14.9	13.2	12.7	12.5	10.1
女性 Female	13.7	13.7	15.8	14.9	14.3	14.8	13.7
总计 Both sexes	13.9	13.7	15.5	14.2	13.7	13.9	12.2
6+							
男性 Male	12.7	10.2	9.0	8.5	8.5	8.3	7.0
女性 Female	11.9	11.3	11.4	10.8	11.8	11.2	9.8
总计 Both sexes	12.1	10.8	10.4	9.9	10.4	10.1	8.7
居住状况 Present living condition							
独居 Living alone							
男性 Male	0.9	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.7
女性 Female	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.6	0.4	0.5
总计 Both sexes	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.4	0.6
与家庭成员同住 Living with family member(s)							
男性 Male	81.1	82.3	81.9	83.2	85.0	82.5	83.7
女性 Female	84.2	86.3	88.1	88.3	89.8	88.2	89.4
总计 Both sexes	83.3	85.0	85.7	86.3	87.9	85.9	87.1
自己住其他亲友家中 Living in relatives' places							
男性 Male	1.1	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.5	2.2
女性 Female	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.4
总计 Both sexes	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.7
自己与家庭成员居住在亲友家中 Both you and your family member(s) living in relatives' places							
男性 Male	16.9	15.1	16.0	14.8	12.5	15.7	13.4
女性 Female	14.2	11.9	10.2	10.2	8.5	10.4	8.7
总计 Both sexes	15.0	12.9	12.4	12.0	10.1	12.5	10.6

¹ 同住家庭成员包括受访者及在香港与受访者同住的直系亲属如祖父母、父母、配偶、子女及未婚兄弟姊妹。

¹ Cohabiting family members include the interviewee and his or her immediate family members such as grandparents, parents, spouse, children and unmarried siblings who live with the interviewee.

表二：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2014 – Q2 2019

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2
现居房屋由谁提供 Housing provision	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
自己或家庭成员购买 Purchased by themselves or family member(s)							
男性 Male	10.8	9.9	7.3	6.7	5.8	7.1	6.6
女性 Female	19.1	18.7	15.3	15.7	15.2	15.6	17.0
总计 Both sexes	16.7	16.0	12.2	12.2	11.4	12.3	12.8
自己或家庭成员租住 Rented by themselves or family member(s)							
男性 Male	71.1	72.0	73.9	76.2	78.9	74.4	76.1
女性 Female	65.4	66.9	72.1	72.1	74.0	71.6	71.0
总计 Both sexes	67.1	68.5	72.8	73.7	76.0	72.7	73.0
由雇主提供的 Provided by employer							
男性 Male	0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.7
女性 Female	0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5
总计 Both sexes	0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.6
由亲友提供的 Provided by relative(s)/friend(s)							
男性 Male	18.1	17.9	18.5	17.0	15.0	18.1	16.7
女性 Female	15.5	14.3	12.4	12.0	10.5	12.5	11.5
总计 Both sexes	16.3	15.4	14.8	13.9	12.3	14.7	13.6
房屋类型 Type of housing							
公营租住房屋 Public rental housing							
男性 Male	60.9	57.8	47.9	46.0	45.6	47.3	45.7
女性 Female	54.0	53.4	49.4	48.4	48.0	49.0	48.3
总计 Both sexes	56.0	54.8	48.8	47.4	47.0	48.3	47.3
居屋 Home-ownership scheme flat							
男性 Male	6.3	5.1	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.1
女性 Female	9.9	8.2	6.0	6.4	6.0	6.3	5.8
总计 Both sexes	8.9	7.2	5.2	5.3	5.0	5.2	4.7
中转房屋 Interim housing							
男性 Male	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.9	1.3	2.2
女性 Female	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.9	1.3
总计 Both sexes	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.7	1.1	1.7
私人永久性房屋 Private permanent housing							
男性 Male	25.8	31.5	43.6	44.9	44.8	41.9	42.8
女性 Female	30.0	32.8	39.6	40.4	40.7	38.3	39.1
总计 Both sexes	28.8	32.4	41.1	42.2	42.3	39.7	40.6
其他 Others							
男性 Male	6.9	5.2	4.4	5.1	5.2	5.9	6.2
女性 Female	6.0	5.3	4.7	4.5	4.7	5.5	5.5
总计 Both sexes	6.2	5.3	4.7	4.7	5.0	5.7	5.7

表二：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2014 – Q2 2019

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2
家庭每月收入(港元) Monthly family income (HK\$)	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
<3,000							
男性 Male	24.9	20.4	17.5	15.6	11.9	9.4	10.2
女性 Female	16.2	12.8	10.5	9.4	7.5	6.3	6.5
总计 Both sexes	18.7	15.2	13.2	11.8	9.3	7.5	8.0
3,000–4,999							
男性 Male	8.6	8.4	6.3	4.9	4.0	4.6	5.1
女性 Female	6.2	5.9	5.0	4.4	3.9	5.3	4.2
总计 Both sexes	6.9	6.7	5.5	4.6	3.9	5.0	4.6
5,000–6,999							
男性 Male	8.8	7.6	5.8	5.1	4.3	5.1	3.6
女性 Female	5.6	4.7	4.1	3.1	2.9	3.0	2.5
总计 Both sexes	6.5	5.6	4.8	3.9	3.5	3.8	2.9
7,000–8,999							
男性 Male	19.4	12.5	11.8	10.3	7.3	8.7	6.6
女性 Female	15.2	9.1	7.7	6.6	4.6	6.5	4.8
总计 Both sexes	16.4	10.1	9.3	8.1	5.7	7.4	5.6
9,000–10,999							
男性 Male	16.2	22.6	21.6	22.1	18.8	22.2	21.1
女性 Female	17.9	20.6	19.1	18.1	16.0	17.1	15.8
总计 Both sexes	17.4	21.3	20.1	19.6	17.1	19.1	18.0
11,000–12,999							
男性 Male	7.3	10.5	13.1	14.3	19.2	14.5	16.0
女性 Female	11.5	13.5	13.9	14.3	15.8	12.5	13.0
总计 Both sexes	10.3	12.5	13.6	14.3	17.1	13.2	14.2
13,000–14,999							
男性 Male	3.9	6.3	8.1	10.3	12.6	14.6	14.6
女性 Female	7.6	10.0	10.3	11.7	12.7	13.6	13.6
总计 Both sexes	6.5	8.8	9.5	11.1	12.6	14.0	14.0
15,000+							
男性 Male	10.8	11.8	15.8	17.4	21.9	20.9	22.8
女性 Female	19.9	23.4	29.4	32.4	36.6	35.7	39.6
总计 Both sexes	17.2	19.7	24.0	26.6	30.8	30.0	32.7
家庭月入中位数 (港元) Median monthly family income (HK\$)							
男性 Male	\$7,800	\$9,100	\$9,800	\$10,300	\$11,400	\$11,000	\$11,400
女性 Female	\$9,800	\$10,700	\$11,500	\$12,200	\$12,900	\$12,900	\$13,500
总计 Both sexes	\$9,200	\$10,200	\$10,700	\$11,300	\$12,200	\$12,100	\$12,500

表二：二零一四年至二零一九年第二季内地新来港定居人士服务需求及现况的统计数字
 Table 2: Statistics on Service Needs and Current Situation of New Arrivals from the Mainland, 2014 – Q2 2019

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	全年 Annual	第一季 Q1	第二季 Q2
	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %	百分比 %
主要收入来源 Main source of income							
工资 Wages							
男性 Male	68.3	70.5	73.1	75.5	80.6	82.8	81.0
女性 Female	78.1	79.7	82.5	84.1	86.2	87.3	87.2
总计 Both sexes	75.2	76.8	78.9	80.8	84.0	85.5	84.7
政府援助 Government's assistance							
男性 Male	10.4	9.8	6.3	6.4	6.1	5.9	6.9
女性 Female	7.6	7.1	5.9	5.4	5.1	5.1	5.3
总计 Both sexes	8.5	8.0	6.1	5.8	5.5	5.4	5.9
亲友援助 Relatives' assistance							
男性 Male	11.4	9.3	4.6	5.4	4.2	5.4	5.7
女性 Female	8.4	7.1	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.5	3.6
总计 Both sexes	9.3	7.8	3.6	4.0	3.5	4.2	4.4
其他 Others							
男性 Male	9.9	10.5	15.9	12.8	9.2	5.9	6.4
女性 Female	5.9	6.0	8.7	7.4	5.6	4.1	3.9
总计 Both sexes	7.0	7.4	11.4	9.5	7.0	4.8	4.9

注释：(1) 百分比数字显示在该性别总计中所占的百分比。

(2) 由于四舍五入关系，统计表内个别项目的数字加起来可能与总数略有出入。

(3) 某些分项统计数字由于涉及回应人数较少，在短期内有可能出现较大变动。

(4) * 少于0.05%。

(5) ** 以家庭每月收入划分，细项分类仅代表受访者之性别。

Notes : (1) Percentages are represented in respect of the gender total.

(2) There may be a slight discrepancy between the sum of individual items and the total as shown in the tables owing to rounding.

(3) Some breakdowns of statistics may be subject to larger short-term fluctuations due to the small number of respondents involved.

(4) * Less than 0.05%

(5) ** Categorized by monthly family income and sub-categorized by the gender of the respondents.